

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LIV No 11 C M I POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, K.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Trust Funds Should Be Deposited

In a Savings Account in The Dominion Bank. Such funds are safely protected, and earn interest at highest current rates.

When payments are made, particulars of each transaction may be noted on the cheque issued, which in turn becomes a receipt or voucher when canceled by the bank.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
 Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,248,134
 Total Deposits.....59,256,044
 Total Assets.....83,129,741

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
 Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch.
E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker Branch.
L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

NOTICE OF MEETING!

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the call of the Warden at the Council Chambers in the Court House Napanee, on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10th
 1915, at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned not later than Thursday, March 11th, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,

County Clerk.

Dated Napanee, Feb. 18th, 1915.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Maria Timmons, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914 Section 36, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Maria Timmons, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox & Addington, married woman, deceased, who died on or about the 11th day of October, A. D. 1913, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitors for Joseph Timmons, Administrator of the last will and testament of the said Maria Timmons, deceased, on or before the 15th day of March, A. D. 1915, their claims and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands fully verified, and the nature of the security of any held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 15th day of March, A. D. 1915, the said Administrator may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,

Solicitors for the said Administrator.
 Dated this 9th day of February, 1915. 104

GUNS

Get your Guns, Gramophone, Sewing Machine repaired
 Skates hollow ground, Saws gummed and filed, Horse Clippers sharpened, also all kinds of

BRITAIN FIRM ON FOODSTUFF QUESTION

Britain has formally notified the United States, which is the only country greatly interested in shipping foodstuffs to the Germanic powers, that "it is impossible for one belligerent to depart from rules and precedents and for the other to be bound by them." She practically announces that no foodstuffs will be permitted to enter German ports from neutral countries, because "in any country in which there exists such tremendous organization for war as now obtains in Germany there is no clear division between those whom the Government is responsible for feeding and those whom it is not."

A War of Hunger beginning Thursday supplements that upon the battlefield. In it Germany will attempt to starve Britain, and the Allies in return will seek to starve Germany and Austria. Within the United Kingdom are grown foodstuffs sufficient only to feed the people for about three months of the year. The balance must come in ships from overseas. Germany grows about nine months' food for man, but depends largely on foodstuffs for animals shipped in from abroad. Germany will wage hunger war by trying to sink all British or neutral ships which ply to British ports. She cannot do so by utilizing above-water craft, for she is hopelessly out-classed in that sort of war vessel, and so she proposes to compass her end by the use of submarines and mines. Official reports Wednesday as to the loss of the British ship Dulwich and the French ship Ville de Lille, off the mouth of the Seine, show that German submarines are already scoring in this direction.

The reply of the Allies will be the establishment of a blockade of German coasts by means of above-water and under-water craft, and the cutting off of supplies from neutral European countries unless they agree not to forward them to the Germanic powers.

Wipe Out All Trace of Ships Destroyed

London, Feb. 18.—The Copenhagen correspondent of The London Daily News wires: From Hamburg it is learned that the German submarines which are to engage in the blockade of the English coast have received detailed instructions how to act. These instructions state that the blockade of Britain gives the submarines the right to regard all merchantmen found within the blockaded area for the purpose of conveying anything to Britain as enemy ships engaged in illegal operations. The submarines are to approach the merchantmen, if possible, without being seen and torpedo them immediately.

EMERALD

Emerald hockey team is practicing hard for another game with St. J. Beaubien, is moving into H. Iard's house on the south shore.

Mrs. R. Instant is ill.
 Frederick McMillan is spending a few days in Napanee, before returning to his home in Egauville.

Edward Reid spent Sunday last guest of Miss J. Finnigan.

Miss Ida Reid is visiting in Kings Mrs. F. Henderson, and J. Hen son, spent Sunday with H. B. Bath.

John Filson returned home from Kingston where he had been under the doctor's care.

The many friends of W. P. Mcness are sorry to hear of his ill Mr. and Mrs. J. Brown, Leinster, spending a few days with friends.

BACHELOR'S CORNERS.

The roads are in a bad condition at time of writing owing to the rain on Sunday night.

Drawing wood is the order of day.

Jim Thompson spent Saturday in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Smallwood spent one day last week in London.

Mr. and Mrs. John Deline at J. Brandon's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Smallwood at Chas. Crouse's recently.

John McCann at J. W. Brand Sunday evening.

Mrs. Mary Dafoe spent the week with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Arnold, Forest Mills.

Our school is progressing favorably under the management of Lathbury.

GRETNA.

Messrs. Herb and Fred Mellow, sister, Laura, spent Sunday at T. Mellow's, Sandhurst.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Walmsley, daughters, Marion and Muriel, spent Sunday at Mr. H. Chamber's, Anson.

Mrs. James Clarke returned home on Thursday after a visit with parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Go Chambers.

Mr. Newton Thompson, Bellevue visited relatives here a few days recently.

The Mission Circle held a soiree evening last Wednesday, and the present report a good time. A test and spelling match were the order of the evening.

Miss Katie Gates spent Sunday home.

Mr. Fred and Miss Mata Mel spent a couple of days last week with their aunt, Mrs. J. M. Outwa Dorland.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Joyce spent Sunday and Monday with his sister, Mrs. S. Storrington, Selby.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sherman entertained a number of friends Tuesday evening, and Mr. and Mrs. G. Perry were at home to a number of friends on Thursday evening. An enjoyable evening was spent at both places.

Mrs. Albert Sills who has been visiting her daughter, Miss Jessie

IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

Wire Fence

We are in a position to take your order for Wire Fence at the following prices:—

Wire Fence

We are in a position to take your order for Wire Fence at the following prices:—

- 5 Wire Fence 19c per rod
- 6 Wire Fence 21c per rod
- 7 Wire Fence 23c per rod

Now is the time to order as we cannot guarantee these prices. We DO NOT ask you to pay until delivery of wire.

THESE PRICES ARE FOR CASH ONLY

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.
Phone, 13

CORN FOR—

SEED and FEED

IN CAR LOTS

The very best Flours all guaranteed at the same old low prices.

No order too small or too large to receive our prompt and careful attention.

Frost Fencing and Gates.—Coiled and Baling Wire on hand and guaranteed the best.

I want your Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Wheat, Peas, Rye, Potatoes, Hay and Straw.

Be sure you see me before you buy or sell and profit thereby.

A couple of choice farms for sale.

Also pleasant, cosy rooms and apartments with steam heat, hot and cold water. Electric light and gas for cooking, to rent cheap.

Write or Phone, using Bell or Ernestown Rural Lines.

FRED. A. PERRY,

DUNDAS STREET.

Opposite Campbell House.

Cut flowers, wedding, and funeral floral designs, fresh from Dale estate florists. Delivered to any address at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Solicitors for the said Administrator.

Dated this 9th day of February, 1915. 10d

GUNS

Get your Guns, Gramophone, Sewing Machine repaired Skates hollow ground, Saws gummed and filed, Horse Clippers sharpened, also all kinds of Light Brazing done, Coil Springs made and all kinds light machine work done promptly at

Smith's Bicycle Repair Shop, West of Campbell House

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

SPRING

Will soon be here, but it cannot get here before we are prepared for it as this week we have received a large stock of

New Wall Paper, Paints, Window Shades, Room Mouldings.

and other Housecleaning necessities.

WHY NOT BEGIN EARLY?

By doing so you will have first choice of goods, help is more easily obtained and you will be able to enjoy the early Spring Weather instead of being in the midst of housecleaning work.

GET BUSY. DO IT NOW.

We have the celebrated ECONOMY PAINT. Try it.

Paul's Bookstore



Eyes Right!

This Command is often given these war times.

What is more important is to have your eyes right at all times, and it is the business of our Optical Department to make them so.

Consult H. E. Smith about your eyes, have them scientifically tested. The latest appliances for making examinations.

Smith's Jewelry Store

London, Feb. 18.—The Copenhagen correspondent of The London Daily News wires: From Hamburg it is learned that the German submarines which are to engage in the blockade of the English coast have received detailed instructions how to act. These instructions state that the blockade of Britain gives the submarines the right to regard all merchantmen found within the blockaded area for the purpose of conveying anything to Britain as enemy ships engaged in illegal operations. The submarines are to approach the merchantmen, if possible, without being seen and torpedo them immediately without the slightest examination regarding their nationality or in any way concerning themselves as to the fate of the crew.

Neutral vessels which break a blockade have no rights at all, according to international law, and it is understood the desire is that the crews of the torpedoed ships shall perish, so there may be left no evidence regarding the fate of the ships. The German authorities believe the disappearance, with all hands, of many merchantmen will produce a most terrorizing effect.

BELL ROCK.

The snow and good roads have vanished together. The rain Sunday night melted the snow and left the roads quite bare in many places.

The entertainment in the Church here last Friday evening was a grand success. The assistance rendered by the Moscow choir and their friends was highly appreciated by the residents of this place. The position of chairman was ably filled by Mr. E. VanLoven, Moscow.

Mrs. C. D. Yorke spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Trousdale, Verona.

Miss Fern Grant, Verona at S. Grant's.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT NAPANEE-POULTRY SHOW

1915.		RECEIPTS.
Balance on hand from previous statement...	\$ 43 92	
Membership fees.....	102 00	
Entry fees.....	212 25	
Donations, cash and cup, etc	188 50	
Provincial grant.....	50 00	
County Grant (\$30), town grant, (\$35).....	65 00	
Gate receipts.....	75 20	
Ladies tickets.....	71 00	
Advertising in catalogue.....	149 90	
Petty cash.....	15 81	
Total.....	\$ 973 58	
		EXPENSES.
Printing in catalogue.....	\$ 102 00	
Prize money cash.....	291 75	
Special prizes and cups.....	188 50	
Salaries and labor.....	82 45	
Equipment, coops, etc.....	436 87	
Printing and advertising.....	44 89	
Feed and shavings.....	24 10	
Postage and stationery.....	23 21	
Sundries.....	41 08	
Total.....	\$ 934 85	
Balance.....	\$ 38 73	
Donated to Red Cross fund.....	\$ 40 00	
Deficit carried over to 1916...	1 27	

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SATURDAY BARGAINS AT HOOPER'S.

Solid back hair brushes, 25c each, guest room toilet soap, 10c box. These are good values.

Miss Katie Gates spent Sunday home.

Mr. Fred and Miss Mata M spent a couple of days last week their aunt, Mrs. J. M. Outv Dorland.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Joyce Sunday and Monday with his Mrs. S. Storrington, Selby.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sherman entertained a number of friends Tuesday evening, and Mr. and G. Perry were at home to a number of friends on Thursday evening. enjoyable evening was spent at places.

Mrs. Albert Sills who has visiting her daughter, Miss Jess Ottawa, is expected home on day.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Mellow and Mrs. C. Mellow and the Gertie Weese and Mata Mellow Monday evening at Mr. H. Hay Bay.

Mrs. Alkenbrack returned home Saturday, after several weeks' with relatives at Camden.

Mr. Chalmers, Parma, spent day evening at Mr. C. Mellow's.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Hambly visited Tuesday at Mr. M. Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Hambly, of G Dupree's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sills and family visited Tuesday at Mr. Willie lance's, Strathcona.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. English Miss Mabel took dinner Tuesday Mr. George Dupree's.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills dinner at Mr. Manly Jones' on nesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanal visited at Mr. Milford Dupree's day.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sills Maurice spent Wednesday evening Mr. Walter Files.

Rev. and Mrs. Cragg called at George Frisken's on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Burgess, E prise, visited over Sunday at father's, Mr. Jas. Black's.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Card, Mr. Mrs. Merle Sills and Mr. and Milford Dupree spent Wednesday ing at Mr. Garfield Sills.

Mrs. George Frisken spent F in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms tea at Mr. Dean's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norris, t visited Friday at Mr. E. R. Sills.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Dupree, Mr. Mrs. George Dupree and family Mr. and Mrs. G. Sills and son Mr. W. B. Sills' Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Davison, t Mrs. Smith, of Chatham, and Mrs. Sam Bell, of Morven, ed Thursday at Mr. Merle Sills'.

Mrs. George Frisken is ill at sister's, Mrs. Chas. Anderson's, pance.

The death of Mrs. J. H. Smith curred Monday at Mr. E. Smi Deseronto. The funeral service conducted by Rev. C. E. Cragg 1.30 p.m., Wednesday, after which remains were interred in River cemetery.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brandon at Fred Pringle's Sunday.

Mrs. E. R. Sills is spending a days with her mother at Marlba

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree family visited Monday at Mr. Mi Dupree's.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Herrington a large party Friday evening.

Mrs. Frank Vandetogart s Thursday in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Kellar, of Sh Corners, visited Tuesday at Mr Dean's.

Prompt attention given all mail phone orders at Wallace's Red C Drug Store.

Katie Gates spent Sunday at ne.
 fr. Fred and Miss Mata Mellow at a couple of days last week with ir aunt, Mrs. J. M. Outwater, rland.
 fr. and Mrs. W. C. Joyce spent nday and Monday with his sister s. S. Storrington, Selby.
 fr. and Mrs. James Sherman en- tained a number of friends on esday evening, and Mr. and Mrs. Perry were at home to a number friends on Thursday evening. An oyable evening was spent at both ices.
 Mrs. Albert Sills who has been iting her daughter, Miss Jessie, at tawa, is expected home on Tues- y.
 fr. and Mrs. J. Mellow and Mr. d Mrs. C. Mellow and the Misses rtle Weese and Mata Mellow spent yday evening at Mr. H. Sill's, y Bay.
 Mrs. Alkenbrack returned home on turday, after several weeks' visit h relatives at Camden.
 Mr. Chalmers, Parma, spent Sun- y evening at Mr. C. Mellow's.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Hambly and sited Tuesday at Mr. Milford e. and Mrs. Ezra Hambly, of Gretna eepree's.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Sills and fam- visited Tuesday at Mr. Willie Bal- ce's, Strathcona.
 Mr. and Mrs. Robt. English and ss Mabel took dinner Tuesday at e. George Dupree's.
 Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills took nner at Mr. Manly Jones' on Wed- sday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstynne sited at Mr. Milford Dupree's Tues- y.
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 Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Burgess, Enter- ise, visited over Sunday at her ther's, Mr. Jas. Black's.
 Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Card, Mr. and ss. Merle Sills and Mr. and Mrs. Ford Dupree, spent Wednesday even- g at Mr. Garfield Sills'.
 Mrs. George Frisken spent Friday Kingston.
 Mr. and Mrs. Z. A. Grooms took a at Mr. Dean's Sunday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norris, town, sited Friday at Mr. E. R. Sills'.
 Mr. and Mrs. M. Dupree, Mr. and ss. George Dupree and family and e. and Mrs. G. Sills and son at e. W. B. Sills' Friday evening.
 Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Davison, town, ss. Smith, of Chatham, and Mr. d Mrs. Sam Bell, of Morven, visit- Thursday at Mr. Merle Sills'.
 Mrs. George Frisken is ill at her ster's, Mrs. Chas. Anderson's, Na- nee.
 The death of Mrs. J. H. Smith oc- curred Monday at Mr. E. Smith's, aseronto. The funeral service was nducted by Rev. C. E. Cragg at 30 p.m., Wednesday, after which the mains were interred in Riverview metery.
 Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brandon at Mr. ed Pringle's Sunday.
 Mrs. E. R. Sills is spending a few ys with her mother at Marlbank.
 Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and mily visited Monday at Mr. Milford eepree's.
 Mr. and Mrs. Will Herrington gave large party Friday evening.
 Mrs. Frank Vandetogart spent ursday in Kingston.
 Mr. and Mrs. Kellar, of Sharp's rners, visited Tuesday at Mr. Z. an's.

Prompt attention given all mail and one orders at Wallace's Red Cross y Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Henderson entertain- ed the following on Friday last: Mr. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. Orval Ashley.
 Mr. and Mrs. F. Hudson took tea with her sister, Mrs. M. P. Hudson on Sunday evening.
 Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Oliver visited Sunday evening at Jas. Torubull's.
 Mr. Will Dowling has been on the sick list for a few days.
 Rev. and Mrs. Cooke took dinner at Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith's Tuesday.

HAY BAY

Owing to the inclemency of the weather on Sunday evening last, several were detained from attending church at Anderson's.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. T. McCabe at- tended the oyster supper at Selby, on the 10th.
 Mrs. E. M. Huffman is spending this week in Toronto.
 Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Parks and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Huffman spent Sun- day evening at Mr. A. McCabe's.
 A number from here took in the horse races at Nanapanee last week.
 Mr. and Mrs. Blake Huyck, Miss Bella Moore, Miss Iva Perry, Mr. Roy Rombough and Mr. Ross Perry at Mr. W. T. McCabe's on Wednesday even- ing.
 On Sunday afternoon several at- tended the excellent sermon delivered by the Rev. H. Gracey, of Gananoque, in the absence of Rev. A. L. Howard.
 Miss Olive B. McKitterick, of Rich- mond, is visiting her friend, Miss Em- ma J. McCabe.
 A number from here attended the sales in Richmond last week.
 Mr. A. McCabe lost a valuable cow recently.
 Mr. Ross Perry spent Sunday with his cousin, Mr. George Shane, Morven.
 Messrs. Will Sherman and Herbert McCabe attended a party in Deser- onto on Friday evening.
 Mr. and Mrs. Blake McCabe and family spent Sunday at Fred Moore's, Gosport.
 Mr. and Mrs. James White, Parma, spent a short time recently at Mr. Will Reynolds'.
 Mr. and Mrs. E. O. McCabe spent Wednesday at Mr. S. Sill's Conway.
 Mr. and Mrs. B. McCabe, at W. T. McCabe's, on Tuesday evening.
 Mr. Leonard McCabe and wife, Nanapanee, spent Sunday at E. O. Mc- Cabe's.

SPECIAL SATURDAY, FEB. 20th.

10c. Packages of Linen Envelopes for 5c., at Wal- lace's Limited, the Red Cross Drug Store.

NAPANEE RIFLE ASSOCIATION

The following are the average scores made by each squad last week, to- gether with the highest individual score made in each squad:

	Average	High Score
Squad No. 2	22.00 J. Sharp...	29
	J. R. Dafoe...	29
Squad No. 3	26.40 Mr. Corkill...	44
Squad No. 4	26.35 W. C. Smith...	59
Squad No. 5	26.33 S. C. Richardson	49
Squad No. 6	24.50 W. Exley...	34
Squad No. 7	27.50 R. S. Ham...	52
Squad No. 8	31.88 G. H. Akey...	50
Squad No. 9	19.33 F. Rikley...	47
Squad No. 10	25.88 H. Herrington	51
Squad No. 11	31.60 Mr. Day...	42
Squad No. 12	28.08 H. E. Smith...	47
Squad No. 13	33.71 Alpine Wood...	46
Squad No. 15	28.00 A. McGregor...	43
Squad No. 16	31.00 H. Dunlop...	43

Mr. W. C. Smith wins the individual prize and Squad No. 13 wins the average prize.

Next week the shooting will be done with a rest.

Squads next week will shoot on the same nights and at the same hours as this week.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
 Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
 B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
 OFFICE—Centre Street.
 Phone 61.

34

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M. CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice Production. Pupils prepared for all examinations. 9-h

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—situate east of "Curling Rink." Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 51tf

AGENTS—Our New Illustrated Cat- alogue will interest you—it's free. Write HOLLINRAKE SPECIALTY COMPANY, Toronto.

FOR SALE—Need Store, on Durda- Street, also Store House and Fruit Evap- orator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS. SYMINGTON, Owner, Nanapanee, Ont. 42tf

WANTED—A Suitable Boarding Place for Children, in, or near Nanapanee, reasonable rates paid, for further particulars apply to Children's Aid Society, Box 86, Nanapanee, Ontario. 11b

WANTED—To lease for a term of years, a good house in or near Nanapanee, with 1 to 5 acres of land. Some orchard preferred. Apply to Agricultural Office, Nanapanee. 31tf

FOR SALE—Lumber, Joist, Scant- ling—10,000 feet 1 inch lumber, 7,000 2 x 4, 2 x 6, 2 x 8 inch. Scantling 8 to 24 feet long at \$20 per M. 25,000 1 1/2 inch Maple Flooring, dressed, \$40 per M. LUTHER SNIDER, Newburgh Road. 4f

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres, pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture, 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A. BEARD, Nanapanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Desermond. 31tf

FOR SALE

Residence of W. A. Frizzell, New- burgh Road, Nanapanee. For informa- tion apply to W. H. Meagher, Napanee, or write W. A. Frizzell, North Bay. 10-tf

FOR SALE—On the Belleville Road, about five miles from Nanapanee and four miles from Deseronto. Good Blacksmith Shop, good House with two cellars, nine large rooms, good cistern and pump; good drive house with large hay loft, stable for two horses and two cows; new pig pen and hen house, a number of apple-trees, and plum trees. Buildings in state of first-class repair. Good well with new pump. Rural mail. Three quarters of an acre of land. Apply to JAMES SCHEMEHORN, on premises, or Nanapanee R. M. D. No. 6. 6dp

Creamery Meeting!

A Public Meeting will be held in the

Agricultural Meeting Room

—on—

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23rd

at 2 p. m

to discuss questions with regard to establishing a Creamery in Nanapanee. All farmers and others interested are invited to attend.
 Come and bring your friends.



VACCINATE YOUR CATTLE.

Don't take chances on losing your cattle this year when the cost of vaccination is so small. Always a fresh supply of vaccine on hand at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.
 P.S.—See the new injector that never loses a pill.

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale measur- ed in stave wood length. Cut hard wood \$3.00, cut soft wood \$2.50.

We will deliver to any part of the town.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 107

Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Veg- etable Parchment Paper, and keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package
 3 Packages for 25c.

At This Office.

WANTED

A RELIABLE MAN TO SELL HARDY CANADIAN GROWN STOCK IN NAPANEE AND LENNOX CO.

Start now at the best selling time. Send for list of SPRING OFFER- INGS, and terms to agents. Liberal commissions. Handsome free outfit.

STONE & WELLINGTON

(The Fonthill Nurseries.)

(Established 1837.)

TORONTO.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital... ..\$6,000,000
 Capital (Paid up)... ..\$2,500,000
 DIRECTORS.

President, Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.
 M. G.

Vice-President, Capt. Wm. Robinson.
 Jas. H. Ashdown, H. T. Champion,
 A. McTavish Campbell, Sir D. C. Cam- eron, K.C.M.G., W. J. Christie, John Stovel.

General Manager, Robt. Campbell.
 Supt. of Branches, L.M. McCarthy.

A general banking business transact- ed at all branches.

Accounts of individuals, Firms, Cor- porations and Societies carried on most favorable terms.

Special care given to Savings Bank Accounts.

Branches throughout Canada.

R. G. H. TRAVERS,
 Manager Nanapanee Branch.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E C, England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

CAMBRIDGE'S

Bakery and Confectionery Store

Give Our Home-Made Bread a Trial.

We make a SPECIALTY of WHOLE WHEAT BREAD, sales increasing weekly.

Bread made by Electric Machinery, the only Bakery in town equipped with machinery, which insures cleanliness, and uniformity, do you appreciate these qualities? The answer is (Yes)! as we know by our ever increasing trade.

Lunches at all hours.

Oysters best grades.

City Dairy Ice Cream, Assorted Flavours.

W. M. BAMBRIDGE,

'Pone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee.

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs Some plain, all polished. Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee. Will save you travelling expenses and commission. Our patrons have confidence and look on.

V. KOUBER, Napanee

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Since Dec. 26 to date, 150 cases of typhoid fever have developed in Brockville and eight deaths have occurred.

The death took place suddenly yesterday morning of Mrs. Karn, 69, wife of D. W. Karn, the former organ manufacturer of Woodstock.

Carrie Davies, the girl charged with the murder of Charles A. Massey, collapsed yesterday when the charge was read to her in the woman's court in Toronto.

It was rumored yesterday that the Grand Trunk Railway will make Guelph a divisional point, and that a large number of men and their families would move there.

The family of Frank Mallott, residing on Havelock street, Brockville, were overcome by coal gas escaping from a stove yesterday morning. The awakening of Miss Liberty, a sister of the Mrs. Mallott, saved their lives.

There will be no strike of the Yorkshire coal miners, as had been feared. At a conference attended by the mine owners and representatives of the men yesterday the owners conceded the men's demand for an advance in wages until the end of the war.

The German postal authorities have announced that the German wireless system may no longer be used for the transmission of private messages. This interdiction applies even to private messages intended for warships and other vessels at sea.

Charles Driscoll, a soldier, was sentenced to two years in Kingston penitentiary by Magistrate Denison in Toronto yesterday, on a charge of breaking into the premises of the Reliable Cleaning Co., King street, and with stealing a number of feathers, furs and clothing.

THURSDAY.

The London Daily News editorially suggests that Germany is inviting attack from the U. S.

Lt.-Col. Thomas Scott, former collector of customs and member of Parliament, died in Winnipeg yesterday.

If the New Brunswick Legislature supports the city commissioners, married women in St. John, who own property will be granted the vote in municipal elections.

The damage wrought by the storm which began at Colon, Panama, Tuesday, is estimated at nearly \$1,000,000. Over half of the eastern breakwater in course of construction has been destroyed.

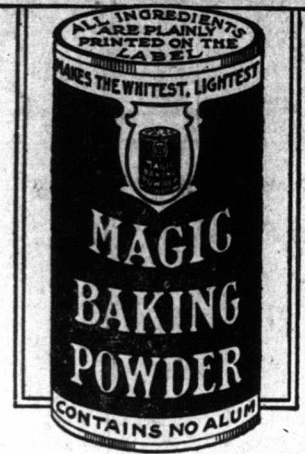
Thirty employees of the Barber, Ellis Co., of Brantford, who struck yesterday because their names were placed on envelope boxes, agreed to the conditions of the firm and returned to work yesterday.

Mrs. C. A. Massey, wife of the late C. A. Massey, who was shot on his own doorstep on Monday night, arrived in Toronto Tuesday, having come from Hartford, Conn., where she had gone on a visit.

Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador to the U.S., yesterday gave W. J. Bryan an official copy of the German Admiralty's memorandum, explanatory of the proclamation establishing a war zone around the British Isles.

The death of Stanley Mansfield, well known as a sprinter and soccer

NO ALUM



collector of inland revenue at St. Thomas, succeeding W. H. Hinks, who has been removed to the London office.

MONDAY.

The Spanish Government has made application to the powers in order to obtain joint action to end what is termed to be a state of anarchy in Mexico.

Three Chinese are dead and three are in the hospital wounded in Vancouver, as a result of a Tong war which broke out early Saturday in the midst of the celebration of Chinese New Year's.

Students of Toronto University in arts and medicine, registered for the session of 1914-15, who enter upon active service, are to be granted their year in full. Medical students in their fifth year will be granted their degrees.

Shipping circles in Havre now consider it practically certain that the British steamer Oriole was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine. There is equal certainty that the London Trader shared the fate of the Oriole.

The White Star Line steamer Arabie arrived in the River Mersey yesterday from New York. The voyage across the Atlantic was uneventful. The British flag was flown throughout the trip. No submarines were sighted.

Paris is still feeling the lack of fuel. There is said to be plenty of English coal, but it comes in great blocks and there is not enough help to break it up at Rouen, the coal port of Paris, so as to make it available for the retail trade.

Hon. Justice J. S. Archibald was sworn in Saturday as chief justice of the superior court in Montreal, in succession to Sir Charles Davidson, and F. S. MacLennan, K.C., was elevated to the vacancy on the bench left open by Justice Archibald's promotion.

TUESDAY.

A despatch from Amsterdam says that the German Government yesterday sent a reply to the American note transmitted by Ambassador Gerard.

Canada's gift ship, the Trenchglove, filled with food and other good things for distressed Belgium, left Plymouth Sunday for Rotterdam, having been delayed by the stress of weather.

Two French airmen flew over Strassburg, on the Rhine, Sunday, but did not drop bombs. This is the first time since the beginning of the war that French aviators have appeared over this Lorraine city.

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WILL STARVE GERMAN

Churchill Announces British Reply to Submarine Outrages.

First Lord of the Admiralty Says Every Ounce of Sea Pressure Will Be Clamped On to Cut Off Germany's Supply of Food — No Alone Can Decide Issue of War He Declares in Commons.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Great Britain has finally decided to clamp on every ounce of sea pressure to choke Germany's food supply in retaliation for German submarine policy. The announcement by Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the Commons yesterday was greeted with loud cheers.

The announcement of the Government's declaration with regard to Germany's food supplies came almost coincidentally with the receipt of telegrams from the United States one saying that Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, had informed the Washington Government that Germany was willing to abandon her submarine policy, provided Great Britain ceased interfering with cargo of foodstuffs, and the other saying that he again had advised neutral shipping to avoid these waters while Germany had declared would become a dangerous military area three days hence.

Mr. Churchill disclosed for the first time the total naval losses as the result of the war. These, he said, were upwards of 5,000 officers and men, majority of them victims of submarines. Germany's naval losses were about the same.

Concerning submarines, Mr. Churchill outlined what Great Britain proposed to do as a counter to the German policy. In view of what he styled "Piracy and murder," Mr. Churchill said it was incumbent on Britain for the first time to apply "the full force" of her naval power. A formal declaration to this effect, he added, would be made forthwith.

Dealing with the blockade plan, he said:

"We have not yet stopped the importation of food into Germany, but the time has come to reconsider this situation. The allied Government will probably make a declaration of action, the effect of which will be to bring the full pressure of the British naval power on Germany.

"The pressure of the navy itself could decide the issue of this war."

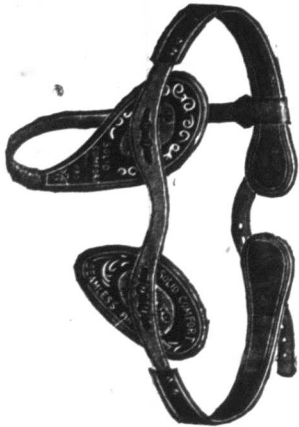
"The task lying before us is both anxious and grave. We are now to be the object of warfare never before practiced by a civilized power. So far we have not attempted to stop the importation of food. We have no prevented neutral ships from trading directly with German ports. We have allowed German exports in neutral ships to pass unchallenged. But the time is near when the enjoyment of these immunities by a state which a matter of deliberate policy has placed herself outside of international obligations must be reconsidered. A further declaration on the part of the allied Governments will be made which will have the effect of applying for the first time the full force of naval pressure on the enemy.

"It must not be supposed that because the attack is extraordinarily good a reply cannot be made. Losses no doubt will be incurred, but I believe no vital injury can be done. Merchant skippers act in the spirit of the captain of the Laertes, and observe certain precautions, losses will be confined within manageable limits

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FRIDAY.

Thirty-one soldiers and one commissioned officer, a lieutenant, were drowned on the Bay of Arzila, Morocco, when a bark with 100 soldiers on board stranded yesterday.

The London Daily Mail's Rotterdam correspondent says he learns that 35 German soldiers were killed in one of the Antwerp forts last Friday by a bomb dropped by British airmen.

The Dutch authorities will make an inquiry into the attempt of the German submarine U-2 to torpedo the steamer Laertes, as it is suggested that the attempt was made inside Dutch territorial waters.

The U. S. State Department was officially advised late yesterday that Gen. Carranza had ordered the Spanish Minister to Mexico to leave the country because of alleged refuge given to Angel De Caso, a Spanish subject.

The demands for coal yesterday in England exceeded any day since the outbreak of the war. As a consequence there was a corresponding increase in freight rate, the rate to Genoa reaching the unprecedented figure of 39 shillings (\$9.75) per ton.

The final reply of the British Government to the note of the U. S. Government bearing on the detention by British authorities of American cargoes destined to neutral European ports was yesterday started by the British Foreign Office on its way to Washington.

Moving picture audiences throughout the province will no longer be thrilled with the stirring scenes of war. An order has been issued by the Ontario Board of Censors to the effect that all such films are prohibited during the continuance of European hostilities.

SATURDAY.

A hurricane, an earthquake and a tidal wave swept No Man's Island of the Samoan group, killing three persons, as reported two days ago.

Five French aviators dropped bombs yesterday on the German military aerodrome at Habsheim, an Alsatian town in the outskirts of Muhlhausen.

Three thousand Villa troops attacking Guadalajara were completely defeated by Carranza troops. The Villa forces lost nearly five hundred in killed and wounded.

The American Embassy was represented in London yesterday at the funeral of Edward Monroe, 106 years old, said to be the oldest veteran of the American Civil War.

Jacob Vogel, former president of the Citizens Bank of Fruitvale, and his wife, were found murdered yesterday in their home in Fruitvale, a suburb of Oakland, Cal.

The British steamer Morocco reached New York yesterday from Aberdeen, Scotland, after a voyage lasting thirty days, during which the steamer struggled for six days in vain to make a single mile over mountainous seas.

Arthur A. Luton, deputy sheriff of St. Thomas, has been appointed by the Dominion Government to deputy

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The death of Dr. Wesley Mills, emeritus professor of physiology in McGill University, was announced yesterday in a special cable received by The Montreal Star from Sir William Osler, of Oxford University.

Phillip Schissler, foreman for the Victoria Harbor Lumber Co., was fatally injured at Victoria Harbor yesterday morning while at work and died shortly afterwards. Mr. Schissler had been in the employ of the Harbor Lumber Co. for over a quarter of a century.

Charles Cleaver was shot and killed by two robbers in the saloon of Con Feely in Chicago. The robbers escaped. In the robbery of Peter Teccetti's saloon, Policeman Martin Hogan interfered and shot and probably fatally wounded Thomas Ford, one of three bandits.

Feud War In Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 16.—Letcher and Beverly White, members of a noted feud family, were killed, Beverly Bailey was mortally wounded and several other persons were injured, in a general battle in the Clay County mountains early yesterday. The fight resulted from a fracas in a gambling house.

Bailey is alleged to have shot both the Whites, who were sons of one of the wealthiest men in that part of Kentucky.

Second Contingent To Leave Soon.

LONDON, Ont., Feb. 16.—Col. Septimus Denison, commander of the 4th Infantry Brigade of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, is in the city for the purpose of inspecting the local troops of the second contingent today. Col. Denison declared that he expected the second overseas force would leave for England any day now. The men of the second contingent he considered very much superior to the rank and file of the first expeditionary force.

Barred From United States.

SARNIA, Feb. 16.—Barred by immigration officials from entry to the United States "Prof." De Pauline, hypnotist and mesmerist, who has been appearing at a local theatre, is unable to get to Port Huron, where he would repeat his performance.

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"It must not be supposed that cause the attack is extraordinary good a reply cannot be made. Loss no doubt will be incurred, but I believe no vital injury can be done. merchant skippers act in the spirit of the captain of the Laertes, and serve certain precautions, losses will be confined within manageable limits even at the outset, when the enemy naturally will make his maximum efforts. Our reply will perhaps be ineffective.

"When war broke out the German army was not more ready for offensive operations than the British fleet was for the national defence. mobilization we were able to man every ship in the navy and many vessels in addition. Scores of arm merchantmen were also provided."

Every ship in the navy which was fit for service, as well as new ships which were being built for foreign Governments and armed merchantmen, had been fully manned.

During the past three months, so Mr. Churchill, 7,981 British merchant vessels traversed the sea in safety.

Referring to Vice-Admiral Jellicoe's command of the sea with his fleet "silent, unsleeping and yet unchallenged," Mr. Churchill said that the Admiralty had moved men at home and abroad, including Belgian and French troops and the wounded the number of 1,000,000, without accident or the loss of a life.

CANADIANS UNDER FIRE.

A Certain Brigade Reported To Now In the Trenches.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The members of the Canadian contingent are now at the front. A certain brigade of the Canadian infantry moved to the positions on the trenches on Saturday night last.

Capt. Harry Coghill, of Stratford, is now in a hospital in France suffering from pleurisy, due to exposure, but his condition is not serious. Capt. Coghill was formerly of Toronto.

Capt. Rev. A. G. Wells (Anglican) and Capt. Father Edward Gordon D. (Roman Catholic) are now attached to No. 2, Canadian Stationary Hospital, at Le Touquet, near Boulogne. Capt. Wells is well known in Manitoba and Western Canada in general and comes from Minnecosa. Father Doe is from Windsor, Ont., and lives at Le Touquet Major Rev. Father Jolicoeur, senior Catholic chaplain, first Canadian overseas force who has been with the unit since January last.

Major Jolicoeur will shortly sail from England homewards for St. Catherine, near Quebec, but may possibly go on active service again with the second or third contingent.

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Feb. 5, Pte. Charles Hudson, at St. Eloi. Next of kin, J. Hudson, 5 Carr Terrace, Guernsey, Channel Island.

Died of wounds, Feb. 7, Pte. Henri E. Waller. Next of kin, J. E. Waller, 173 Cromwell road, London, Eng.

Wounded—Pte. James Ward, admitted to hospital, gunshot in thigh. Next of kin, Mrs. A. Ward, Aylmer road, London, Eng.

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Concerning submarines, Mr. Churchill outlined what Great Britain purposed to do as a counter to the German policy. In view of what he styled "piracy and murder," Mr. Churchill said it was incumbent on Britain the first time to apply "the full effect" of her naval power. A formal declaration to this effect, he added, would be made forthwith.

Dealing with the blockade plans, he said: "We have not yet stopped the importation of food into Germany, but time has come to reconsider the situation. The allied Governments probably make a declaration of war, the effect of which will be to bring the full pressure of the British navy to bear on Germany."

The pressure of the navy itself decided the issue of this war. "The task lying before us is both serious and grave. We are now to be the object of warfare never before witnessed by a civilized power. So far we have not attempted to stop the importation of food. We have not prevented neutral ships from trading freely with German ports. We have allowed German exports in neutral ships to pass unchallenged. But the time is near when the enjoyment of these immunities by a state which as a matter of deliberate policy has placed herself outside of international obligations must be reconsidered. Further declaration on the part of the allied Governments will be made, and it will have the effect of applying for the first time the full force of the pressure on the enemy."

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BUELOW'S MAILED FIST.

Paper Says He Offers Italy Trent or Hard Blows.

ROME, Feb. 16. — (Delayed in transmission.)—The Idea Nazionale, a newspaper published in the interests of the Nationalist party, in its issue of Sunday publishes a forecast of German proposals to Italy, which reads as follows:

"Before the end of February, Prince von Buelow, the German Ambassador to Italy, will present to the Italian Government a concrete proposal for Italian participation in the war on the side of Germany. This consists of the cession by Austria of the Province of Trent and the rectification of the eastern Italian frontier by the addition of a strip of land going as far as the Isonzo river. In addition, Germany will pledge herself to conclude a new treaty with Italy which will afford protection to Italy's Mediterranean interests."

"In exchange, Italy is to take part at once in the war. She will occupy Tunis and help Turkey drive the British from Egypt, which will return under the dominion of the Sultan of Turkey. In addition, the Italian fleet will attack the Anglo-French naval forces in the Mediterranean."

Continuing, The Idea Nazionale says that Prince von Buelow, referring to Trieste, made this statement: "It is impossible to give Trieste to Italy, because this seaport is the lung, not of Austria, but of Germany."

At the conclusion of one of his conversations with the Italian statesmen, Prince von Buelow, according to this newspaper, made use of this phrase: "Either Italy will be friendly toward us, or we will treat her worse than we are treating England."

DASH WAS A SUCCESS.

British Aviators Caused Huge Damage in Belgium.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 16.—The Handelsblad's Sluis correspondent, in a despatch concerning the raid last week of thirty-four British aviators over portions of northern Belgium, says that at Ostend the sheds of the sea railway station were badly damaged and the Hotel Terminus, near the station, was slightly damaged. The De Smet de Nayer bridge suffered heavily, and all communication with the sea station was broken.

At Blankenberghe, the correspondent says, the station and the railway were destroyed. At Zeebrugge, he adds, the central electric works and a factory were destroyed and the bridges there could not be worked, owing to a lack of electricity. A Zeppelin shed with all contents was destroyed, the correspondent adds.

To Bless Submarines.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 16. — Kaiser Wilhelm will give his blessing to German submarines as they take to sea on their mission of "starving out" England. The Kaiser will go to Cuxhaven, the German naval base, on Thursday, Feb. 18, when Von Tirpitz's new policy of raiding British merchant traffic is formally launched, and will urge his under-sea terrors to wipe English merchantmen from the seas.

Detain All Enemies.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16. — Great Britain notified the United States yesterday through the British Embassy here that subjects of her enemies, whether crew or passengers of vessels, entering the principal British colonial ports, will be liable in the fu-

ENEMY IN CERNOWITZ?

Berlin and Vienna Claim Occupation of Bukowina.

London Daily News Correspondent Says Von Hindenburg's Lightning Move in East Prussia Has Resulted in Germans Being Badly Divided—Fierce Artillery Duel Reported at Ypres.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Conflicting reports come from the eastern front. The Germans claim that Prussia and Bukowina are now cleared of the enemy and that Austro-Hungarian forces have entered the capital of Bukowina. On the other hand the Russians, while admitting a retirement to the East Prussian frontier, are apparently satisfied with the trend of operations.

Mr. Frederick Reniet, Petrograd correspondent of The London Daily News, in a special despatch says:

"Since the great German forces brought their last concerted sweeping movement across East Prussia to the borders of Russia the conditions facing them have imposed a radical change in their tactics. The central aim of the operations was very clearly defined up to the point when the Russians succeeded in drawing out from the gap between swift moving columns of the enemy north and south which were beginning to pass beyond them on both flanks. The Germans now find that they have still to fight combinations of Russian columns inside the fringe of Russia and in the bare, thinly populated plains of northeast Poland. The determined fight that the Russians have maintained at an angle between Russia and Poland along the line of Lyck Grajevo where they still hold the ascendancy, has prevented co-ordination of attack by the German army that crossed eastwards on the borders of Poland, and its northern partner which is now held up against the Russian defences on the Nieman."

This arrest of the German combination has led to a noticeable scattering of their operations. Numerous detachments from their southern army have been drawn by the Russians towards the right bank of the Narew, where they are engaged in separate fights on a broad belt of marshy forests, particularly along the Rossage tributary which joins the Narew at Ostrolenka. This enforced dissipation of the enemy is entailed also by the tactics of the Russians in the Suwalki region and further north.

"If Von Hindenburg hoped that his vigorously begun advance was to achieve such complete success that could spare some army corps for the spring campaign against the allies in the west, then the plan has failed. More likely he will have to send substantial reinforcements to link up the broken and scattered lines into which the invading army is now spread in the trackless country along the Narew, and rendered still more difficult by a soaking thaw, it is naturally a barrier to a flank attack in force against the Russian northern communication. With the central campaign in Poland the immediate prospects point to a succession of separate, stubborn battles. Under the cost of trying natural conditions, even when not in contact with the enemy an infantry column with only the barest necessary transportation can cover scarcely six miles a day.

"The Russians are doing well in the Carpathians, and in western Galicia they secured the strong position

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R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S. Physician Surgeon, etc. Late House Surgeon in the Kingston General Hospital Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee

DEROCHE & DEROCHE. H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A. J. H. M. P. Deroche, B. A. Barristers Etc. MONEY TO LOAN Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Town every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

Kingston Business College (Limited) Kingston, Canada. Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects. Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free. H. E. METCALF, Principal.

TO TEST SANITY. Alienist Will Examine Girl Who Slew Charles A. Massey.

TORONTO, Feb. 16. — "We find that Charles A. Massey came to his death on Feb. 8, 1915, as a result of a pistol shot which we, the jury, believe was fired by Carrie Davies, and that the aforesaid Carrie Davies did feloniously and with malice aforethought kill and slay the said Charles A. Massey."

The above was the verdict reached by Chief Coroner Johnson's jury at the morgue last night in the inquiry into the Walmer road tragedy on Feb. 8. Some evidence of the girl's condition and history was submitted, but Dr. Johnson told the jury that it was not for them to consider it. He afterwards said that the girl would be examined by an alienist as to her mental condition. "The Government will see fit to inquire into her mental condition," he declared, "and largely upon the findings of that investigation depends whether Carrie Davies will be tried for murder."

In the girl's statement, read by Inspector Kennedy, she said Massey had made improper advances to her.

must be reconsidered. Further declaration on the part of allied Governments will be made, which will have the effect of applying for the first time the full force of all pressure on the enemy.

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Letellier Gets \$100.

QUEBEC, Feb. 16.—J. B. E. Letellier, one of the Quebec harbor commissioners, claimed \$10,000 from The Montreal Star for an alleged slanderous report. Yesterday Judge Lemieux, in the Superior Court, granted the claimant the sum of \$100 damages.

Laid the Fault on Fate.

A man came before the great bestower and pleaded that he might have a flower for his own. His request was granted. Day by day he sat and watched it tenderly, glorying in its development. He dreamed of nothing else. He worshipped it.

Then it died. He had forgotten to water it.

And the man cursed a blind and prejudiced fate.—Westminster Gazette.

Hadn't Killed Him.

There is a certain young man who used to be notoriously egotistic. Some of his acquaintances were one day speaking of him before an old lady who was not "up" in the slang expressions of the day.

The next time she met him on the street she put out a congratulatory hand.

"Oh, Mr. Smith," she cried, "I am so glad you are better. I heard last week that you had a swelled head."

Bulgaria's Capital.

Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria, might have been Constantinople if the Roman Emperor Constantine had adhered to the preference he felt at one time for it. Several places were thought of as the site for the new Rome before the unrivaled natural advantages of Byzantium obtained the honor—among them Troy and Serdica in Moesia, now known as Sofia.

Flattering.

Very Stout Farmer's Wife (to little rustic, her protege)—Well, Sam, your master and I are going to the cattle show.

Cowboy—Oh, I'm sure I hope you'll take the best prize, 'm—that I do.—London Tit-Bits.

The Two Power Standard.

"England thinks her navy ought to be just twice as large as that of her principal rival."

"My wife likes to regulate her wardrobe along those identical lines."

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

by a soaking thaw, it is naturally a barrier to a flank attack in force against the Russian northern communication. With the central campaign in Poland the immediate prospects point to a succession of separate, stubborn battles. Under the cost of trying natural conditions, even when not in contact with the enemy an infantry column with only the barest necessary transportation can cover scarcely six miles a day.

"The Russians are doing well in the Carpathians, and in western Galicia they secured the strong position of Gorlice with control of the railways. The Germans and Austrians together lost heavily in their efforts to reach the eastern Galicia-Lapthia region. In the Stryl valley the Russians made progress southward across the heights covering the Nunkacz road, and the Germans are now on the defensive under the Koziomoka."

Ypres, long the cockpit of the battle of Flanders, again is the centre of a terrific artillery duel, according to official reports received from Paris and Berlin last night.

Terrific engagements continue on the fields between La Bassée and Bethune, about Soissons, and in the region of Perthes as well as in the Argonne, where the battle around Bagatelle is being waged with renewed fury.

Important actions fought on the hillsides and valleys of the Vosges and in Lorraine are being watched with interest owing to their bearing on the advance against the Rhine line of German fortifications.

German mortars were silenced in the dunes and the invaders' trenches are being fiercely bombarded east of Nieuport.

Financiers Ill-Pleased.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—A neutral observer, who has just completed a journey through Germany and Austria, writing in The Times his impressions of a visit to Berlin, says:

"The open criticism of German diplomacy by all classes seemed to be extraordinary. That the leading financiers were not advised of the war in due time in order to call in loans rankles in their minds. That the country was not informed of the English point of view, or was falsely advised, is felt bitterly."

Alien Suspects Return.

HALIFAX, Feb. 16.—Fourteen "alien suspects" from the first Canadian contingent at Salisbury Plain were marched off the C. P. R. liner Missanable, which docked here from Liverpool Sunday, and imprisoned in the citadel. Each man was handcuffed to a soldier. Some of them are of German or Austrian birth, but there are others of various nationalities suspected of disloyal tendencies.

Sir Adam Not Seriously Ill.

LONDON, Ont., Feb. 16.—Sir Adam Beck is not seriously ill, as reported. He is suffering from a heavy cold, but will leave for Toronto to-day, though he will not be present at the opening of the Legislature.

Fourteen Carat Love.

Into a jewelry store there came a shy, pretty young lady with her engagement ring, which had been bought there and which she would like to have changed.

The ring fitted her exactly, and she was greatly pleased with the noble sentiment of the inscription, "What-e'er betide let love abide," but she did not like its arrangement.

Examination showed that the stolid, unimaginative old engraver had carved in the sentence regardless of the ringmaker's little stamp of quality, and so it read, "What-e'er betide let 14-k. love abide."

Feb. 8. Some evidence of the girl's condition and history was submitted, but Dr. Johnson told the jury that it was not for them to consider it. He afterwards said that the girl would be examined by an alienist as to her mental condition. "The Government will see fit to inquire into her mental condition," he declared, "and largely upon the findings of that investigation depends whether Carrie Davies will be tried for murder."

In the girl's statement, read by Inspector Kennedy, she said Massey had made improper advances to her.

Greek Attache Insulted.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Reuter's Telegram Co. has received the following despatch from its Athens correspondent:

"Difficulties having arisen in regard to the fulfillment of the Porte's promise of satisfaction to Greece for the insult to the naval attache of the Greek legation at Constantinople, M. Ranas, the Greek Minister, felt compelled to leave Constantinople Sunday, leaving the secretary of the legation in charge of the affairs of Greece."

Must Go To Prize Court.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The cargo of foodstuffs intended for the German civil population, which was seized by Great Britain when the American liner Wilhelmina, anchored in Falmouth Harbor, will be disposed of by a prize court, it was announced in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon.

REVERSIBLE SENTENCES.

Read Backward or Forward They Tell Same Story.

Scandalous society and life make gossips frantic. This reads backward. Frantic gossips make life and society scandalous. Apply the same rule to the others given below:

Solomon had vast treasures—silver and gold, things precious. Happy and rich and wise was he. Faithful served he God.

She sits lamenting sadly, often too much alone.

Dear Harry—Devotedly yours remain I. Have you forgotten twenty dollar check? Reply immediately, please, and hand to yours, Grace Darling.

Man is noble and generous often, but sometimes vain and cowardly.

Carefully boiled eggs are good and palatable.

Love is heaven, and heaven is love, youth says. All beware, says age. Trying is poverty and fleeting is love.

Exercise take; excess beware.

Rise early and breathe free air.

Eat slowly; trouble drive away.

Feet warmish keep; blend work with play.

Adieu, darling! Time flies fast; sails are set, boats are ready. Farewell!

Matter and mind are mysteries. Never mind. What is matter? Matter is—never mind. What is mind? Mind is—never matter.

Honesty and truth are good and admirable qualities, as sympathy and love are endearing traits.

Politics and religion avoid arguing in. Here is good and sound advice.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

Boils Biliousness Malaria Constipation

Perhaps this case may be similar to yours

J. Wesley Tilly (Box 673), Selma, Cal., writes:
Gentlemen:—"It gives me much pleasure to be able to send you a testimonial, if by its reaching some sufferer your medicines will do as much for him as they have for me. At the age of fourteen I was troubled a great deal with malaria and biliousness, accompanied with the worst sort of large boils. I was persuaded by my parents, who have always been strong believers in Dr. Pierce's remedies, to try the **Golden Medical Discovery**. I took one bottle and the boils all disappeared, but I did not stop at one bottle, I took three and the malaria all left me and I have had no more boils to this day, thanks to the 'Golden Medical Discovery' for my relief.

"Following an operation for appendicitis two years ago I was troubled very much with constipation and I have been trying Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets and they have rid me of the troublesome gas and have aided me in conquering the whole trouble, thanks again for the 'Pellets' and for the advice I have obtained from The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." Send only 31 cents for this 1000 page book.

Are You Troubled?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

for over forty years has been lending its aid to just such cases as this. In our possession we have thousands of testimonials of like character.

Perhaps you are skeptical, but isn't it worth at least a trial in view of such strong testimony? Isn't it reasonable to suppose that if it has done so much for others it can do as much for you?

Your druggist will supply you in liquid or tablet form, or you can send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box. Address

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TARIFF CHARGES ANNOUNCED BY HON. W. T. WHITE

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—Hon. W. T. White, Minister of finance, delivered his budget speech Thursday afternoon upon a formal motion that the house go in committee of ways and means and the budget debate was therefore adjourned for a week. The outstanding feature of the budget is the taxation of raw materials, heretofore free of duty, and a general increase of all existing tariff duties by an additional 7½ per cent. ad valorem. Where goods come under the British preference the increase is only 5 per cent. All articles heretofore admitted free of duty, except as hereto noted will be taxed 5 and 7½ per cent. ad valorem, according to the country of their origin. Special taxes are also imposed, including a 1 per cent. tax per annum on bank circulation payable quarterly. A 1 per cent. tax is imposed on the net income of trust and loan companies and upon the premium of insurance companies other than life and marine and fraternal benefit.

TAX ON POSTAL MATTER.

Letters, postcards and postal notes will hereafter require an additional one cent war stamp. Postal and express money orders, cheques, bills of exchange and receipts to banks for deposits withdrawn must bear a two-cent stamp, as also must bills of lading. Taxes are also imposed upon sleeping car and chair car tickets and telegraph messages.

The minister estimates that the special taxes will yield an annual income of \$8,000,000 and that the tariff increases will bring in from \$20,000,000 to \$25,000,000. Tea is not taxed at all, and a special stamp duty of twenty-five cents per pint is levied upon champagne.

On the other hand, silks and velvets are among the articles exempt from the flat ad valorem increase.

DUTY ON RAW MATERIALS.

The new tariff establishes two precedents which may in the future prove embarrassing to the friends of the National Policy. In the first place, it compels the manufacturer to pay a duty upon his raw materials and thus puts him at a disadvantage with his foreign competitor. To compensate him for this he gets an additional protection of his finished product, but he has after all the consumer to

paid by the sender.

Five cents on each ticket costing over one and not more than five dollars, and five cents for each additional five dollars or fraction of five dollars on all railway and steamboat tickets to points in Canada, Newfoundland, British West Indies and the United States.

STAMP TAXES.

The following stamp taxes are applied:

Two cents on each cheque, deposit receipt and bill of exchange, express order, post office order and bill of lading; and upon each postal note a stamp tax of one cent.

Each letter or post card mailed in Canada must carry a war tax stamp of one cent.

Upon each package of proprietary or patent medicine and perfumery a stamp of one cent up to ten cents value, and one cent for each additional ten cents.

Non-sparkling wines ten cents a quart.

Champagne and sparkling wines, twenty-five cents a pint.

Sleeping car tickets are taxed ten cents and chair car tickets five cents. Steamboat tickets for points not in Canada, Newfoundland and British West Indies or the United States are taxed 81 on tickets costing not less than \$10 or more than \$30, 82 upon tickets costing more than \$30 and less than \$60, and 85 upon tickets costing more than \$60.

Steamship and railway companies are authorized to add the amount of the tax to the cost of tickets charged their patrons.

NO INCOME TAX.

No income tax is levied, several reasons being assigned therefore. One is that the tax would probably not yield over \$2,000,000, and a large amount of this sum would be used up in the collection. Another is that there always exists provincial and municipal income taxes.

The tariff changes come into effect immediately, and the special taxes (except as above noted) will be brought into effect by order-in-council.

WHERE NOT APPLICABLE.

The items in the tariff schedules to which the flat increase of 7½ per cent. ad valorem (5 per cent. British preferential) do not apply include:

Fish from Newfoundland; animals for the improvement of stock; cocoa and chocolate products; tea; salt for the fisheries; Indian corn except for distillation purposes; wheat; wheat flour; sweetened biscuits; sardines; oysters; seed and breeding; fish and fish eggs for propagating purposes; cigars, tobacco, wine, brandy, Scotch

are making provision for about seven and a half millions or more to be expended in the purchase of seed grain.

FUTURE WAR OUTLAY.

"I have still to deal with the expenditure representing the cost of organizing, training, equipping, transporting and maintaining our forces enlisted for active service in defence of the empire. To-day there are nearly 50,000 troops in active training throughout Canada, their number being increased daily by enlistment. From this body as a permanent nucleus constantly replenished by recruitment, further contingents will be sent forward from time to time as practicable. The estimate of expenditure presented in August was, of course, inadequate to meet the enlarged program, and the special war expenditure during the present fiscal year will probably reach the total amount of appropriation, namely, \$50,000,000.

INCREASE IN DEBT.

"Taking all the foregoing into consideration, the increase of Canada's national debt for the year would probably aggregate \$110,000,000. In this I am, of course, including our expenditure for war.

"In addition to the expenditures to which I have referred, the Dominion has made advances on investment account under statutory authority, and has met its sinking fund obligations as usual, the funds required to be found for these purposes aggregating \$5,000,000. We also provided for the retirement of £1,700,000 of yearly treasury bills, which matured in November last."

NEW TAXES NOT WAR TAXES

The headlines in the daily papers would lead the public to believe that the new taxes being imposed by the Dominion Government are war taxes. They are in no sense war taxes.

Not one cent of moneys collected under the new tariff will go to pay off the interest—to say nothing of the principal—of the war expenditure.

The Government propose to leave this to posterity; presumably because posterity has no vote. The new taxes imposed will not bring in enough to make up the deficit in ordinary expenditure alone, consequently we will continue to borrow and load the country with debt.

How different is the conduct of the British Government, who have imposed taxes enough (and these chiefly on the rich) to pay not only their ordinary expenses, but to pay £40,000,000 a year off their own borrowings, so that the total debt incurred by the war will probably be paid off in the lifetime of people now living.

The headlines calling the new taxes "War taxes" are all wrong and delusive. People paying this additional taxation ought to understand that they are not paying one copper toward the expenditures occasioned by the war.

MR. ROWELL'S SPEECHES BEFORE CANADIAN CLUBS

MARITIME PRESS COMMENTS.

Halifax Chronicle—"It is not a mere compliment to a visitor to say that Mr. Rowell's presentation of the issues involved in the war and above all his masterly exposition on the principles upon which Britain's greatness is founded and through which Imperial unity and strength have de-

COLD ICE CREAM.

The More Fat in the Cream the Longer the Cold Taste Lasts.

An odd application of a very abstract principle of physics is to contend that the cold taste of ice cream. An ice cream manufacturer wishes to have his ice cream taste cold a long time he can do so by making slight changes in the cream mixture. Freezes, the actual temperature of the frozen cream having little to do with it. The scheme has been worked out by chemists of the Iowa State college.

The scientific principle is that specific heats. The specific heat of an article is the intensity of heat need to raise its temperature a given number of degrees or, in effect, the rapidity with which the article saps heat. Water is taken as the standard and scientists know the specific heat of most substances compared with water. These chemists carefully worked out the specific heat of milk, cream and various other dairy products, discovering that pure cream has a low specific heat and that fatty substance do not take up heat so quickly and effectively as does water.

This explains why sherbets and other ices taste so cold when they first reach the mouth, but do not give the cold taste long. They have a high specific heat and quickly take up heat from the mouth, then melt.

With ice cream the more fat there is in the formula the lower the specific heat. Accordingly a very fat cream will not taste disagreeably cold at first but a spoonful of ice cream in the mouth will maintain its cold taste longer. Thus the cold taste can be controlled by the amount of fat used. Saturday Evening Post.

HINDU EGG DANCE.

Curious and Difficult Feat Performed by Gipsy Jugglers.

Of the many wonderful feats performed by Hindu jugglers one of the most remarkable is the egg dance. Usually it is executed by a girl fantastically dressed. She makes use of a willow wheel, around which at equal distances are threads, and at the end of each thread there is a noose he open by a bend.

This wheel the girl places on her head, while she carries a basket of eggs on her arm. When the music strikes up she begins to dance, and the wheel begins to spin around. She then takes an egg from the basket, places it in one of the thread nooses and throws it from her with sufficient force to draw the knot tight. The spin of the wheel keeps the thread stretched with the egg at the end of it.

She then takes another egg from the basket, places it in another noose and repeats this until there is an egg in every noose. Her fantastic costume her perfect motion and all the egg swinging on stretched threads at once present a curious sight.

It requires much art to execute the dance, for one false step would cause the eggs to be dashed together and the dancer to be disgraced.

After dancing for some time with a takes egg swinging round her head she takes them out of the noose one by one, all the time keeping the wheel balanced and in motion, and again places them in the basket on her arm.

After the performance the spectators are allowed to examine the eggs to see that they are real.—London Ideas.

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On the other hand, silks and velvets are among the articles exempt from the flat ad valorem increase.

DUTY ON RAW MATERIALS.

The new tariff establishes two precedents which may in the future prove embarrassing to the friends of the National Policy. In the first place, it compels the manufacturer to pay a duty upon his raw materials and thus puts him at a disadvantage with his foreign competitor. To compensate him for this he gets an additional protection of his finished product, but he has after all the consumer to deal with, whose purchasing is limited. The finance minister's budget speech assumed that imports would not fall off, but at the same time expressed the hope that the new duties would stimulate home manufacturers and give a larger share of the home market to goods made in Canada. The general impression here is that some benefit will accrue to the home manufacturer from the new duties, but that the consequent decrease in imports will result in less revenue than the government anticipates.

NEW DEPARTURE IN METHOD.

The horizontal increase in practically all the tariff duties is a new departure in Canada, altho it has often been advocated and sometimes attempted in other countries. The objection heretofore made to either horizontal increase or reduction in tariff duties has been that the tariff contains so many items that any horizontal increase or decrease in duties is bound to work unforeseen results as to many items. In many cases the precedent may also be invoked hereafter by those who clamor for tariff reduction. They cannot hereafter be combatted with the argument that the tariff provision is a complicated, intricate and delicate operation.

DUTY ON IRON ORE.

Liquors (except wine), tobacco and sugar are exempted from the horizontal increase. Squid and nicotine sulphate, now subject to duty, are placed upon and remain upon a free list. A specific duty instead of the 5 ad valorem duty is levied upon iron ore, the duty being 8 cents per ton (British preferential, 6 cents).

The "special war revenue tax," as it will be known, will include: A tax of one per cent. annually upon the note circulation of banks, to be computed and paid quarterly.

One per cent. on the gross income of trust and loan companies. One per cent. on premiums received in Canada by all insurance and trust associations, except life, fraternal and marine companies, payments to be made quarterly.

CHARGES ARE RETROACTIVE.

The above charges are made retroactive, and apply to all transactions made after January 1, 1915.

One cent on each telegraph or cable message originating in Canada, to be

(except as above noted) will be brought into effect by order-in-council.

WHERE NOT APPLICABLE.

The items in the tariff schedules to which the flat increase of 7½ per cent. ad valorem (5 per cent. British preferential) do not apply include:

Fish from Newfoundland; animals for the improvement of stock; cocoa and chocolate products; tea; salt for the fisheries; Indian corn except for distillation purposes; wheat; wheat flour; sweetened biscuits; squid; oysters; seed and breeding; fish and fish eggs for propagating purposes; sugar; tobacco; wines from South Africa; books, printed; newspapers and magazines; news printing paper; matrix paper; nicotine sulphate; ores of metals; bells for churches; gold and silver coin and gold and silver in ingots, blocks, bars, drops, etc.; typesetting and type-casting machines; newspaper printing presses; mowers, binders, harvesters and reapers; traction ditching machines; surgical and dental instruments; material for ships; binder twine; fish hooks, lines, twines and nets for the fisheries; artificial limbs, artificial teeth, not mounted; articles specified in tariff for schools, hospitals and charitable objects; settlers effects.

The following is Mr. White's budget speech:

"In presenting my statement I shall deal first with the subject of our revenues and expenditures, actual and estimated, for the current fiscal year, which ends on March 31 next. Taking the ten months of the year which have already elapsed, that is to say from April 1, 1914, to January 31, 1915, the Dominion's revenue from all sources has totaled in round figures, \$109,500,000. This compares with \$139,000,000 for the corresponding period of the last fiscal year, a decline of nearly thirty millions.

ESTIMATED REVENUE NEXT YEAR

"Upon the basis of these figures for the ten months' period and having regard to the present action of the revenue-producing services we estimate that the revenue of the Dominion for the fiscal year ending March 31 next computed upon the present basis of duties would amount to \$130,000,000. The figures of the previous year having been \$163,000,000, this year's loss of revenue would reach a total of thirty-three millions.

TOTAL EXPENDITURE.

"For the ten months ended January 31 the current expenditure has reached \$102,000,000 and the capital and special \$37,000,000. These figures in question respectively for the same compare with \$93,000,000 and \$17,000,000, the outlays under the headings period of the previous year.

TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF YEAR.

"For the whole of the present fiscal year we estimate our current expenditure will be \$110,000,000, and our capital and special expenditure \$50,000,000. Summarizing the estimated results we have the out-turn of the year, stated concisely as follows: Current expenditure... \$110,000,000 Capital and special (other than war) expenditure... 50,000,000

Total... \$160,000,000

"Our revenue on the present basis being estimated as I have stated at \$130,000,000, we should have to meet for this year a deficit of ten million dollars on current account plus the entire amount of our capital and special expenditure, a substantial part of which we have in the past been able to defray out of current revenue, a balance only having been provided by borrowing. Included in our ordinary expenditure is an amount of \$2,500,000, which will be required this year for the relief of distress in the drought-stricken districts of Alberta and Saskatchewan. In addition, we

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St. John Telegraph—"If those who heard Mr. N. W. Rowell yesterday before the Canadian Club of this city have their way, they would, no doubt have everybody in New Brunswick listen to the same speech. Perhaps no one who has spoken in this City since the war began brought out so pointedly the duty of every citizen of the Empire in these circumstances. The address of Mr. Rowell is at once an inspiration and a battle-cry. He is now being heard for the first time in the Maritime Provinces and those who had the pleasure of hearing him must all have regretted that he was not speaking in a great hall where thousands could hear him. The Liberals of Ontario have in Mr. Rowell a rapidly rising man and a great leader."

Moncton Transcript, New Brunswick—"Mr. Rowell's speech was a literary treat, a great oratorical effort and breathed a sound spirit of patriotic fervor and views along British democratic constitutional lines."

Moncton Times, New Brunswick—"One of the best addresses yet given under the auspices of the Moncton Canadian Club was delivered by Mr. N. W. Rowell, of Toronto, his subject being 'Democracy vs. Militarism.'"

Small Causes of War.

Nine hundred years ago a dispute between Modena and Bologna over a well bucket began a war which devastated Europe. A Chinese emperor once went to war over the breaking of a teapot; Sweden and Poland flew at each other's throats in 1654 because the King of Sweden discovered that his name in an official dispatch was followed by only two etceteras, while the King of Poland's had three. The spilling of a glass of water over the Marquis de Torey led to war between France and England, and a small boy, by throwing a pebble at the Duc de Guise, led to the massacre of Vassy and the thirty years' war.

Peruvian Sugar.

The enormous production of sugar cane to the acre is one of the surprises of Peru. Where it is grown the land is level and planting is an easy matter. When the cane reaches the height of two feet further attention in regard to cultivation is said to be unnecessary, and in from eighteen to twenty-four months maturity is reached. That the growth is luxurious may be seen from the fact that an average crop of forty tons an acre is obtained, while sixty and even seventy tons is not uncommon. In other sugar growing countries, including Cuba, twenty-five tons per acre are considered a good average, according to sugar experts.

swinging on stretched threads at or present a curious sight.

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After the performance the spectators are allowed to examine the eggs to see that they are real.—London Ideas.

Tale of a Cow.

A poor tiller of the soil had owned for a number of years a valuable cow. Of a sudden he began to find that the beast always stood in a stall with her tail toward the south where the manger was, her head toward the north. He tried various means of making the cow stand in other way, her head to the south or her tail to the north, but no matter how many times he set her prope in her stall she always turned around. Finally there was nothing to do but rebuild the stall to suit the cow.

Somewhat later war came and the poor tiller of the soil had to join a regiment and go and fight for his fatherland. His wife and children reduced to dire poverty, were forced to sell the cow to the butcher, who slaughtered her and sold her meat at famine prices to his fellow townsmen. At the same time, however the mystery of the animal's unaccountable behavior was cleared up. In the body of the cow was found a small compass which the poor man's owner, had lost some months before from his watch chain. Evidently it had fallen among the hay and been eaten.

The Bauer of Austria.

The most interesting of Austrian types and the backbone of the du monarchy is the bauer. In social rank he occupies somewhat the same position as the old English yeoman farming his own land and in many cases enjoying a far more substantial fortune than the nobility. The bauer has a strict social code of his own mixing neither with the laborers on one hand nor the aristocracy on the other, is apparently quite content with his lot and takes pride in his ability to provide almost all the necessities of life from the production of his own land, even, in many cases growing the flax from which his women folk weave all the household clothing.—London Mail.

Worked the Librarian.

Librarian (to borrower)—Can help you in any way?

Borrower—I want to find out what books the following characters are mentioned: Becky Sharp, Cordelia, Smirk, Sir Mulberry Hawk, Enoch Arden, Abraham Adams, John Silver, Mr. Eden, Lalla Book, Dins Morris, Miles Standish, Caleb Balde stone.

Librarian (after much time spent in research)—That completes the list.

Borrower—Thanks. It's for competition in Blake's Weekly, you know.

False Economy.

They tell a story about a country lad who went to a big city and tried for a job on the police force. He passed the physical tests hands down but the written examinations gave him a little trouble. One of the questions was: "A man buys a article for \$12.25 and sells it for \$9.75. Does he gain or lose on this transaction?" After pondering over the question our rural friend finally answered in this way: "He gains 25 cents, but loses on the dollars."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful Marvel Whirling Spray Douche

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

COLD ICE CREAM.

More Fat in the Cream the Longer the Cold Taste Lasts.

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HINDU EGG DANCE.

Stunning and Difficult Feat Performed by Girl Jugglers.

Of the many wonderful feats performed by Hindu jugglers one of the most remarkable is the egg dance. Usually it is executed by a girl fantastically dressed. She makes use of a low wheel, around which at equal distances are threads, and at the end of each thread there is a noose held on by a hand. This wheel the girl places on her head, while she carries a basket of eggs on her arm. When the music begins she begins to dance, and the wheel begins to spin around. She then takes an egg from the basket, places it in one of the thread nooses and draws it from her with sufficient force to draw the knot tight. The spinning of the wheel keeps the thread stretched by the egg at the end of it. She then takes another egg from the basket, places it in another noose and draws this until there is an egg in every noose. Her fantastic costume, perfect motion and all the eggs swinging on stretched threads at once sent a curious sight. It requires much art to execute the dance, for one false step would cause the eggs to be dashed together and the dancer to be disgraced. After dancing for some time with all the eggs swinging round her head she sends them out of the noose one by one, all the time keeping the wheel balanced and in motion, and again places them in the basket on her arm. After the performance the spectators are allowed to examine the eggs to see if they are real.—London Ideas.

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Export business on an immense scale lifted the wheat market today in a hurry. The outcome was a strong close at 4½c to 5½c net advance. Corn gained 2½c to 2½c and oats ¾c to ¾c. Provisions finished unchanged to 15c down.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel....	\$1.60 to \$....
Goose wheat, bushel....	1.50
Buckwheat, bushel....	0.90
Barley, bushel....	0.90
Peas, bushel....	1.95 2.00
Oats, bushel....	0.68 0.70
Rye, bushel....	1.10 1.15

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. sq. (33)	0.35
Butter, creamery, solids....	0.30
Cheese, new, large....	0.18
Cheese, twins....	0.18½
Eggs, new-laid....	0.33
Eggs, cold-storage....	0.29
Eggs, cold storage, select....	0.32
Honey, new, lb....	0.12
Honey, combs, dozen....	2.50

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—Quotations on the Board of Trade are as follows: Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.66½, lake ports; No. 2, \$1.64½; No. 3, \$1.61½; ¾c per bushel more on track. Goderich.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 74c; No. 3 C.W., 71c, track, bay ports; No. 1 feed, 68c; sample oats, 65c to 69c.

Ontario oats—Outside, 63c to 65c.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, per car lot, \$1.50 to \$1.60, outside, according to freight.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, all-rail shipments, Toronto freights, 55½c.

Peas—No. 2, \$2 to \$2.05, car lots, outside, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, \$1.23 to \$1.25.

Barley—Good malting barley, outside, 55c to 57c.

Rolls oats—Car lots, per bag of 90 lbs., \$2.40 to \$2.50; in smaller lots, \$2.65, Windsor to Montreal.

Buckwheat—55c to 57c, car lots, outside.

Milfeed—Car lots, per ton, bran, \$26; shorts, \$28; middlings, \$33 to \$35; good feed flour, \$39 to \$43; mixed cars, \$1 more.

Manitoba flour—First patents, \$8 in jute bags; second patents, \$7.50 in jute bags; strong bakers', \$7.30; in cotton bags, 10c more.

Ontario flour—Winter, 90 per cent. patents, \$6.80 to \$6.85, seaboard, in bulk; \$6.85, bags included, Toronto freights.

Cornmeal—Yellow, 98-lb. sacks, in car lots, \$2.20; in small lots, \$2.50.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 15.—May wheat sold today from \$1.52 to \$1.56½, and July from \$1.54 to \$1.56½. May oats sold from 87c to 88½c, and July from 88½c to 89½c.

The top prices were touched in the first two hours of trading. Wheat opened stronger and first trades in May had a range of 1½c. Opening figures for May were \$1.52 to \$1.53½, and for July \$1.54.

Sharp advances occurred from the opening, and prior to noon May sold at \$1.56½ and July was bid at \$1.56½, showing an advance of 4½c and 2½c respectively.

These advances, however, were not fully maintained. Cash demand was fair for No. 2 northern wheat, and lower grades, with some few offerings coming out. There was a good enquiry for No. 1 northern, with nothing offering. Demand for cash oats of lower grades than No. 2 C.W. was good, with light offerings. Enquiry for cash flax was keen, but there was practically nothing offered.

Closing figures were wheat 3½c to 3½c higher, oats ¾c to 1c up, flax 2½c to 2½c on futures and 7c on cash.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15.—In sympathy with the break in prices in the Winnipeg market on Saturday early cables today were weak, with bids 1½c per quarter lower, but on the renewed strength today late cables came stronger at an advance of 6d to 9d per quarter, and the prices bid for No. 2 northern for May shipment were flat on the market.

The feature of the local market was the stronger feeling in local oats, and prices advanced 1c per bushel, with a fair amount of business doing in car lots. In flour the feeling is firm, but the demand for both domestic and export account is quiet. A fairly active trade continues to be done in millfeed. There is no change in butter, for which demand is fair. Eggs fair. Dressed hogs weaker, 25c per cwt. lower.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 15.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.53½; No. 1 northern, \$1.48½.

"WHAT DOTHT THY GOD REQUIRE OF THEE?"

Standards of Character Which Meet With God's Approval.

The Scope of the Divine Requirement

—The Golden Rule the Merest

Justice—The Value of High Ideal.

—Living Up to Our Ideals—

Failure Due to Imperfection Resulting From Inherited Sin.



PASTOR RUSSELL

New York City, Feb. 7.—Pastor Russell spoke today at the New York City temple, W. 63rd St. near Broadway. His text was "What doth thy God require of thee, but to do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God."—Micah 6:8.

After a number of heart-searching questions suggested by his text, the speaker called attention to the reasonableness of the Divine requirement as stated in his text, and declared that our Creator could not justly or with self-respect ask less than this of His creatures who would enjoy His favor. The interests of all demand that these principles be required of every creature worthy of eternal life. Whoever fails to come up to these conditions would thus evidence his unworthiness of life everlasting. His prolonged existence would merely be a prospering of sin and a menace to the happiness and righteousness of others.

The Pastor then noted the natural division of his text into three parts and discussed these in order. He showed that the requirement of justice in all our dealings commends itself to every rational mind, and includes the whole Law of God. It is but just that we should recognize our Creator first, and render obedience to all His righteous requirements that make for our own happiness and that of others. It is also but right that we should recognize the rights of others, as we would have them recognize our rights.

Begin at Home.

The Golden Rule, he declared, is the barest of justice. Not a hair's breadth less would come within the requirements of his text. He suggested that each one criticize his own words and deeds toward parents, brothers, sisters, husband, wife, and consider whether he treats those who are near and dear to him according to the standards of justice. Do we do toward them as we would have them do toward us? If not, let us—after making a beginning with the Lord, striving to render to Him our homage and obedience—closely scrutinize every word and act of the home life and see to what extent these can be made more nearly just. The majority of people, he feels sure, will be surprised to know how unjust they have been to those who are of the nearest and dearest of fleshly relationships.

The Pastor suggested that each follow the matter up and consider the justice or the injustice of his words and deeds with his neighbors and his daily associates. Then followed a series of searching questions for the purpose of assisting in the self-examination. Do we invariably

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispelled Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.

Piqua, Ohio.—"I would be very ungrateful if I failed to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the



praise it deserves, for I have taken it at different times and it always relieved me when other medicines failed, and when I hear a woman complain I always recommend it. Last winter I was attacked

with a severe case of organic weakness. I had backache, pains in my hips and over my kidneys, headache, dizziness, lassitude, had no energy, limbs ached and I was always tired. I was hardly able to do my housework. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on one other occasion, and it had helped me so I took it again and it has built me up, until now I feel like a new woman. You have my hearty consent to use my name and testimonial in any way and I hope it will benefit suffering women."—Mrs. ORPHA TURNER, 431 S. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

BEING A DICTATOR.

A Case of Quick Thought and Speedy Action in Latin America.

Half a dozen men in the lobby of a New York hotel were discussing the frequency of revolutions and assassinations in Mexico and other Latin American countries. A short, dumpy little Englishman, who had a cold, gray eye, told this:

In a country which we will call Dumala there was a president whom we will call Harera. He had made it the custom, by official proclamation, for the guard of honor, which consisted of sons of prominent families of his country, to present arms whenever he emerged from the presidential palace. While the men and officers presented arms, the standard bearer raised the great flag and exclaimed:

"Viva Harera!"

People who wanted Harera put out of business bribed the standard bearer and six members of the guard of honor to assassinate him. The plan was that, when he came out of the palace the standard bearer was to hold up the flag, shout "Viva Dumala!" and throw the heavy banner over the president. While he was knocked down and blinded by the folds of the flag, the six traitors were to shoot at him. At the appointed time Harera came

resent a curious sight.
It requires much art to execute the dance, for one false step would cause the eggs to be dashed together and the dancer to be disgraced.

After dancing for some time with all the eggs swinging round her head she takes them out of the noose one by one, all the time keeping the wheel balanced and in motion, and again places them in the basket on her arm.

After the performance the spectators are allowed to examine the eggs to see if they are real.—London Ideas.

Tale of a Cow.

A poor tiller of the soil had owned for a number of years a valuable cow. Of a sudden he began to find that the beast always stood in her stall with her tail toward the south. Here the manger was, her head toward the north. He tried various means of making the cow stand the other way, her head to the south and her tail to the north, but no matter how many times he set her properly in her stall she always turned round. Finally there was nothing to do but rebuild the stall to suit the cow.

Somewhat later war came and the poor tiller of the soil had to join his regiment and go and fight for the fatherland. His wife and children reduced to dire poverty, were forced to sell the cow to the butcher, who slaughtered her and sold her meat at famine prices to his fellow townsmen. At the same time, however, the mystery of the animal's unaccountable behavior was cleared up. The body of the cow was found small compass which the poor man, her owner, had lost some months before from his watch chain. Evidently it had fallen among the hay and been eaten.

The Bauer of Austria.

The most interesting of Austrian peas and the backbone of the dual monarchy is the bauer. In social rank he occupies somewhat the same position as the old English yeoman, farming his own land and in many cases enjoying a far more substantial estate than the nobility. The bauer is a strict social code of his own, mixing neither with the laborers on his land nor the aristocracy on the other, is apparently quite content with his lot and takes pride in his ability to provide almost all the necessities of life from the productions of his own land, even, in many cases, growing the flax from which his women folk weave all the household things.—London Mail.

Worked the Librarian.

Librarian (to borrower)—Can I help you in any way?
Borrower—I want to find out if at books the following characters are mentioned: Becky Sharp, Corilla, Smike, Sir Mulberry Hawk, John Arden, Abraham Adams, John Ver, Mr. Eden, Lalla Bookh, Dinah Morris, Miles Standish, Caleb Balderne.
Librarian (after much time spent in research)—That completes the list.
Borrower—Thanks. It's for a competition in Blake's Weekly, you know.

False Economy.

They tell a story about a countryman who went to a big city and tried to get a job on the police force. He passed the physical tests hands down, but the written examinations gave him a little trouble. One of the questions was: "A man buys an apple for \$12.25 and sells it for 75¢. Does he gain or lose on the transaction?" After pondering over the question our rural friend finally answered in this way: "He gains on cents, but loses on the dollars."

lower, but on the renewed strength to-day late cables came stronger at an advance of 6d to 9d per quarter, and the price bid for No. 2 northern for May shipment were flat on the market. The feature of the local market was the stronger feeling in local oats, and prices advanced 1c per bushel, with a fair amount of business doing in car lots. In flour the feeling is firm, but the demand for both domestic and export account is quiet. A fairly active trade continues to be done in millfeed. There is no change in butter, for which demand is fair. Eggs fair. Dressed hogs weaker, 25c per cwt. lower.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 15.—Wheat.—No. 1 hard, \$1.53½; No. 1 northern, \$1.48½ to \$1.52½; No. 2 do., \$1.45½ to \$1.50½; May, \$1.49½.
Corn.—No. 3 yellow, 73½c to 73¾c.
Oats.—No. 3 white, 57½c to 57¾c.
Flour—Fancy patents, \$7.40; first clears, \$6.55; second clears, \$5.
Bran—Unchanged.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Feb. 15.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 2921 cattle, 415 hogs, 412 sheep and lambs and 152 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers sold at \$7 to \$7.25, and one or two lots, at \$7.40 and one at \$7.50; good, \$6.75 to \$7; medium, \$6.25 to \$6.50; common, \$5.50 to \$6; choice cows, \$5 to \$6.25; good, \$5.75 to \$6; medium, \$5 to \$5.25; bulls, \$5 to \$6.25.

Stockers and Feeders.

Feeders, 700 to 800 lbs., sold at \$6 to \$6.40; medium feeders, \$5.75 to \$6; stockers, \$5 to \$5.75.

Milkers and Springers.

A moderate supply, not many of which were of choice quality, were on sale. Values were steady at last week's quotations ranging from \$60 to \$100 each.

Veal Calves.

The market was steady for veal calves at last week's values. Choice veals sold at \$10 to \$11.50; good, \$9.50 to \$9.50; medium, \$7 to \$8; common, \$5.50 to \$6; rough eastern calves, \$4.50 to \$5.25.

Sheep and Lambs.

Choice light lambs sold at \$8.75 to \$9, and a few extra light weights, \$9.25 to \$9.35; heavy lambs and culls, \$7.50 to \$8.50; light sheep, \$5.75 to \$6.25; heavy sheep, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Hogs.

Selects, fed and watered, sold at \$7.60.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, owing to the unseasonable weather and large supplies, a weak feeling developed and prices showed a decline of 25c per 100 pounds for all grades. Full loads of choice steers were offered at \$7.50 and a few picked lots sold at \$7.75 per 100 pounds.—There was some demand from packers for canning stock and sales of bulls were made at \$4.25 to \$4.50, and cows at \$3.75 to \$4 per cwt.

The strength which has characterized the market for lambs for the past two or three weeks still continues to be the main feature of the situation, and prices today scored a further advance of 50c per cwt., which is attributed to the limited supply coming forward. Sales of Ontario stock were made at \$8.75 to \$9 and Quebec at \$8.25 to \$8.50 per cwt.

A weak feeling developed in the market for hogs and prices declined 20c per cwt.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 22,000; market, weak; beefs, \$5.35 to \$5.50; cows and heifers, \$3.20 to \$7.65; calves, \$7 to \$10.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 54,000; market, lower; light, \$6.60 to \$6.90; mixed, \$6.55 to \$6.85; heavy, \$6.45 to \$6.80; rough, \$6.40 to \$6.55; pigs, \$5.50 to \$6.85; bulk of sales, \$6.70 to \$6.80.

Sheep—Receipts, 10,000; market, firm; native, \$6.25 to \$7.10; yearlings, \$7.35 to \$7.85; lambs, native, \$7.15 to \$8.65.

Watch Cry ails.

A few factories in Europe make all the watch crystals used in the world. These comprise five in Lorraine, two in France, two in Switzerland, one in Alsace and one in Bohemia. The annual output is about \$800,000 gross. Hand labor is employed to a great extent in making the crystals, and the wages paid are very small.

Shiloh
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

arm, the standard bearer raised the great flag and exclaimed:
"Viva Harera!"
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The traitors, seeing him helpless on the ground, fired at his head under the banner. That was where the plot went wrong.

Simple Justice—Nothing More.

Should any one begin to see that what God requires of us is much beyond what the majority have been rendering, and should declare that it would be impossible to live fully up to that standard, the Pastor would agree with him. As St. Paul says, "We cannot do the things that we would." The Scriptures again agree and declare, "There is none righteous, no, not one. All have sinned and come short of the glory of God."

He then showed that because we are unable to live up to even our own conceptions and standards of justice we are not to abandon those standards. On the contrary, to ignore our best ideals of justice would be to permit the downward tendencies of our depraved natures to carry us further and further from God and the standards of character which He approves. We should do nothing less than our very best to live up to our own ideals and to raise those ideals as nearly as possible to the Divine standard.

The Pastor then discussed at length the Divine attribute of Justice, and explained how God has arranged that through the death of His Son He can justly offer life to the human family condemned in Adam. He declared that possibly God could have arranged some other way of dealing with sin and sinners, but the fact that He adopted this method assures us that no other would have been so wise, so just. No other method would have so fully demonstrated God's Wisdom, Justice, Love and Power. In the death of Jesus as man's Ransom-price God has provided for the satisfaction of Divine Justice as respects mankind.

Then followed a discussion of the remaining two divisions of the text. The Pastor showed that God extends mercy only to those who are willing to be merciful toward those who trespass against them, their ideals and interests; and that the requirement of humility assures us of the security of the Divine Empire against all treason in the future.

Tobacco In Ontario.

Ontario cultivates 15,000 acres of tobacco.

Where to Sing.

"I will sing something restful to you, dear," said a lady to her morose husband. "Shall I sing 'Far, Far Away?'"

"I wish you would," was the bitter reply. "It would save the trouble of apologizing to the neighbors."

Never Touched Him.

Landlady (to new boarder, crushingly)—Mr. Newcome, that is the cream and not the milk you are pouring on your oatmeal. It was intended for the coffee.

Mr. N.—Oh, never mind, Mrs. Balkins. I like it just as well.

arms, the standard bearer raised the great flag and exclaimed:

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As Harera went down under the weight of the falling flag, he had the presence of mind to lie flat on his back and hold one of his arms straight up from him, thus supporting the flag and giving the impression that his fist was his head. The only wound he received was one bullet through his hand.

The traitors, having figured that six of them shooting at him would be sure to kill him, did not have extra cartridges. When he stood up and threw off the flag their companions arrested them.

"You must have your hand dressed," suggested one of the officers, seeing the blood flowing from the president's wound.

"I'll do that," said Harera, "as soon as these traitors have been executed."

He had them lined up in front of the palace and gave the word that resulted in their death from a volley by their companions. After that he went into the palace and had his wound dressed, all of which indicates that the gentle art of being president in Latin America calls for quick thought and speedy action.—Popular Magazine.

SPEECH AND THE CHIN.

Maybe at One Time the Tongue Proved Mightier Than the Teeth.

In man the chin seems to project more and more as he progresses toward his modern civilized condition. This must imply that immediately the huge lower canines degenerated the part took on some other function of vital importance to the race and that the need has increased with his intellectual and social advancement.

My theory, then, is that the chin is essentially a part of the mechanism of articulate speech.

It is tempting to theorize a little further and to suggest that the human chin perhaps bears testimony to a prehistoric change from carnal weapons to others which, if not exactly spiritual, were such as appealed to the part of us where spiritual forces work, for apparently long ago before the pen proved mightier than the sword the tongue proved mightier than the teeth.

If one could only prove this one might show that even before the glacial epoch parliamentary institutions (using the terms in its widest sense) began to take the place of lethal weapons in settling disagreements and that the substitution of arbitration for war is not merely a doctrine of latter day moralists, but is a part of the ordered march of cosmic progress as inevitable as the other evolutionary changes which have brought us up from among the brutes.—Dr. Louis Robinson in North American Review.

February Furniture Sale!

By watching for bargains that some manufacturers are offering at this dull season we are able to sell

Many articles this month below reg. wholesale prices

Do these Prices interest you :

A Mahogany Dresser, swell top drawer, large mirror, rubbed and polished.....
.....**for \$13.50**

A Bnffett in golden oak, large mirror, one draw lined for cutlery. Regular \$30.00
.....**for \$23.50**

The beautiful Mohogany Bed and Dresser shown in the window with jacobean and cane trimming, reduced from \$76.00 for the set..**\$60.00**

A Princess Dresser Dresser in golden oak or Mohogany. Reg. \$21.00..**for \$17.50**

Also special values in many other lines during the month. If you intend furnishing this spring now is your opportunity to save money.

M. B. JUDSON, - Napanee

RED CROSS LECTURE

Mrs. Grant Needham, of Toronto, Delivers an Able and Instructive Address.

On Saturday afternoon last the local branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society held an open meeting in the Town Hall with the idea of giving our citizens a better understanding of the work which is being done by the Society. The President, Mrs. A. W. Grange occupied the chair. After a brief introductory address Mrs. Needham, of Toronto, was introduced to the audience and for about one hour and a quarter gave facts which should make everyone hearing them want to do all in their power to aid in the work.

Reviewing briefly a few facts with regard to the terrible struggle in Europe and the events which led up to it the lecturer showed how much need there is for Red Cross work. She told of the conditions which exist in the armies of the allies and, with that charity which premeates all the endeavors of this remarkable organization, she spoke feelingly of the work of our enemies.

One of the most interesting sections of the address was that which dealt with the history of the Society, its development during recent years and the efficiency of the present organization. The manner in which every requirement is studied by practical people and the immediate adaptation of new methods and systems to meet these new requirements was a revelation to the audience. This, more than any other feature, shows that the work of the Red Cross Societies throughout the world must be directed by master minds—minds that are alert and working all the time with practical as well as humane interest.

The Canadian branch of the Society and its grand work during the present conflict were carefully dealt with by Mrs. Needham. The establishment of Canadian Hospitals, equipped with everything that science has devised to relieve suffering, hospitals established in England and France where the wounded are cared for by expert nurses, and in these institutions mainly Canadian nurses, hospitals even on the battlefields where friend and foe are cared for in true Christian spirit, show those at home that our Red Cross is producing wonderful results. But in order to keep this work up money is required. Money to purchase the necessary articles which cannot be made at home, money for wounded and sick soldiers, money to buy equipment—motor ambulances, travelling kitchens and their accessories—and money to pay running expenses. The Canadian people have shown a magnificent spirit in the work they have been doing but they must increase their giving as the needs of the soldiers increase. This war is growing more vicious every day, hundreds of thousands of sick and wounded are in need of aid at the present time and the numbers are being added to by thousands daily. As Mrs. Needham stated, we who are at home enjoying every comfort, without a single personal discomfort caused by the war, enjoying liberties bought for us by the blood of Britain's best sons, should do everything in our power to help relieve the terrible suffering of our day. Your reporter had the privilege of travelling to Toronto last week with a Lieutenant of the British Army who was in the retreat from Mons. His company was one of those delegated to hold the enemy in check while the army made that greatest manoeuvre ever successfully carried out by any army, and of the whole company of 120 only ten lived to tell the story. He had been wounded and was on four weeks sick leave. The poor fellows wound was healed but the

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



THE BELGIANS.

Appreciative acknowledgement has been received this week from Mr. H. Prud'homme, for further cases of clothing sent from this committee for the relief of the Belgians. Assistance for these unfortunate victims of the war is very gratefully received, therefore, if anyone has money, clothing, canned foods, or condensed milk for the starving babes and young children, kindly send to the above Committee-room, from whence all will be forwarded.

NEWS FROM OUR WARRIORS.

Each week the recipients are acknowledged parcels duly received from the Committee. Our members are urged to write to our soldier-boys, so far from home and friends, and send them an encouraging word. The Government are doing their part towards encouraging this correspondence. Particulars as to addresses will gladly be furnished as desired.

Our workers will have noticed in the daily press that more warm things are required for our soldiers in Northern France. No more need be said.

The Committee beg to extend their very sincere thanks to Mrs. George Shorey, of Switzerville, and her friends, also to Mrs. Jas. S. Brandon of Morven and friends for the splendid amount of work they have all accomplished for us.

We also received this week from Bath, woollen comforts as follows: 1 muffler, Mrs. Peter Weese; 1 muffler Mrs. Fred Lawrence; 1 pair of socks from Mrs. G. M. Loyst, for which we ask these kind friends to accept our thanks.

Our work meetings on Thursday afternoons are as much sought as ever, and the results most satisfactory. The Committee-room is open as well on Saturday afternoons from 2 to 5.30 o'clock.

We are so sure that "Rexall Buchu and Juniper" kidney pills will help you that we sell them under a positive guarantee to cheerfully hand you back your money if they do not. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

W. C. T. U. ITEMS.

Colonel W. E. Hodgins, in charge of the London, Ont., training camp, declares that whiskey and military training cannot mix.

The December issue of "Search Light", Alberta, contains a cartoon which is an arrest of thought with a vengeance. On one side is a dear little boy, on the other a bottle wrapped around with a huge serpent, between are these words, "Who will you vote for in 1915."

QUICK! A LAWYER!

Here, what is this news that comes from Russia anyway. Booze absolutely banished overnight from a country with a population of 150 million people.

SLANG IS HARDY.

Some Supposedly Modern Phrases / Really Centuries Old.

Much of the current slang supposed to be modern is not new. For instance, "kid" (child) goes back as at least as Massinger's "Old La" (1599).

"I am old, you say. Yes; parli old, kids, and you mark me we Kidnap (to nab a kid) was certain not a new word to De Foe or Buny."

"To skip out" is accounted slang, in Wycliff's translation of the Bible we read, "Whanne barnabas and p herden this, thei skipten out."

In "Ralph Roister Doister," the English comedy, about the middle the sixteenth century, an actor says "Nay dame, I will fire thee out of house," which certainly has a modern ring.

Goldsmith in "The Good Natu Man" (1768) says, "If the man cor from the Cornish borough you m do him," and this will require no gl for the modern reader.

"Not in it" is found in Shakespeare's "Winter's Tale." "They have a dai which the wenches say is a gallim fry of gambols because they are in it."

"Cut it out" goes back as far as Sheridan's "Critic" (1779), "The farmers have cut it out."

The optimistic brakeman who both legs cut off by a train and when a bystander tried to console it by saying he ought to be thankful wasn't killed outright, replied, "I'm kicking," was only using a Biblical expression. "Wherefore kick ye at sacrifice?"—Edward A. Allen in 1800.

SAWING GRANITE ROCKS.

Steel Wires and Sand and Water for the Apparatus Used.

Stone is still sawed by hand, even great cities, where the latest appliances of the mechanical art are to be found. Yet the mechanical sawing of rock at least sixteen centuries old and recent years has reached a stage of perfection.

The idea of using a metal cord as a mixture of sand and water for sawing stone was patented by Eugene Chevallier in France in 1854. His apparatus, with scarcely any change, was used not long ago in cutting a treu through the Pont Neuf, in Paris.

The principle upon which the mechanical stone saw works is described by Victor Raynourd in La Science la Vie as follows:

An endless rope composed of the steel wires twisted together is set in motion and draws with it a gritty granular substance, pressing it hard upon the stone that is to be sawed. The mordant substance is mixed with water. The stream of water renders the movement easy and prevents the heating of the cable. The ends of the cable are joined by splining.

The hardest rocks, such as porphyry, are now sawed more easily than softer, such as marble, but not so rapidly. Marble is sawed at the rate nearly nine inches an hour, granite from six to seven inches an hour.

Can't Be Cut Off With a Shilling.

French parents (or, at all events those with more than 2 shillings to dispose of by will) are precluded from the gratification of cutting a mutino child off with a shilling. A reserve

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

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Arrive Toronto 7:30 a.m.
Leave Napanee 3:25 a.m.
Arrive Ottawa 7:40 a.m.
(Central Station.)

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(Daily except Sunday)

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Arrive Toronto 9:15 p.m.
Leave Napanee 2:50 p.m.
Arrive Ottawa 7:05 p.m.
(Central station.)

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All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental
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matter how bad the damage to your
conveyance, we can soon put it right
for you in a way that will last and
give you complete satisfaction. We
put into our work energy, experience,
and the very best materials, yet we
are very moderate in our charges for
all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM
At Normile's Garage.

man's best sons, should go everything
in our power to help relieve the
terrible suffering of our day. Your
reporter had the privilege of travel-
ling to Toronto last week with a
Lieutenant of the British Army who
was in the retreat from Mons. His
company was one of those delegated
to hold the enemy in check while the
army made that greatest manoeuvre
ever successfully carried out by any
army, and of the whole company of
120 only ten lived to tell the story.
He had been wounded and was on
four weeks sick leave. The poor
fellows wound was healed but the
terrible experience had affected his
mind and for many minutes during
our conversation his mind was a
blank. He has done his duty and
this sad case is but one of thousands.
They are fighting that we may have
our homes and live in a country of
liberty. Surely we should make some
real sacrifice to help relieve their
sufferings.

The whole address was premeated
with the Christian spirit and made
all feel that Mrs. Needham is giving
her best in a work which all must
heartily approve. She brought a re-
markable plea to all Canadians to a
close by quoting that sentiment so
ably expressed by Abraham Lincoln
when his country was suffering as no
one who has not witnessed the
horrors of war can appreciate—"Let
us strive to finish the work we are
in, to bind up the nation's wounds,
to care for him who shall have borne
the battle and for his widow and his
orphan, to do all which may achieve
and cherish a just and lasting peace
among ourselves and with all na-
tions."

A vote of thanks to the lecturer
was moved by Mr. Warner, seconded
by Rev. Mr. Coleman and unanimously
carried by the audience. The
meeting closed with "God Save the
King."

COW'S INDIVIDUALITY.

It is still possible to find dairymen
who never dig deeper than the sur-
face knowledge of the whole herd giv-
ing so much milk, counting simply
the total weight sent to the factory
one day, or per month, or again
simply the average yield per cow for
the factory season.

A plain fact that cannot be im-
pressed too strongly is that cows
have individuality; people have per-
sonality. What makes two cows yield
quite different weights of milk and
fat when all conditions are practi-
cally equal? Even supposing a cow's
interior economy were made visible
and luminous, has any man the re-
quisite knowledge to fathom all the
mysteries of milk-manufacture?

We do know this, the yield of milk
and its percentage of fat are apt to
vary from day to day most strange-
ly. The first half of the milk drawn
may not contain more than half as
much fat as the latter half; the cow
may have some slight sickness; some
of her delicate nervous functions may
be deranged temporarily; extremes of
weather, undue exposure, excitement,
may all influence the yield of milk
and the test. Hence it is clear that
the sensible way to judge a cow's
performance is not by any one test
or weight, but rather on her total
yield for the season. A cold, matter-
of-fact "average" does not give
necessary information, cows have in-
dividuality, which is worth studying
so that they may repay their owners
for intelligent handling. If you are
not already testing each cow you own
write the dairy division, Ottawa, for
forms for recording milk yields and
feed.

of the London, Ont., training camp,
declares that whiskey and military
training cannot mix.

The December issue of "Search
Light", Alberta, contains a cartoon
which is an arrest of thought with a
vengeance. On one side is a dear
little boy, on the other a bottle
wrapped around with a huge serpent,
between are these words, "Who will
you vote for in 1915."

QUICK! A LAWYER!

Here, what is this news that comes
from Russia anyway. Booze absolute-
ly banished overnight from a country
with a population of 150 million people
and comprising one-sixth of the
earth's habitable surface!

Call the roll there quick! Eminent
Counsel present? Is due process of
law in the courtroom? Personal
liberty hanging around anywhere?
Any of the Technicality Family about
Where the Injunction Brothers, Tem-
porary and permanent? Help, Cer-
tiorari!—Kansas City Star.

Press Supt.

For the Children

Hoop Rolling Popular
In the Cool Fall Days.



Copyright by American Press Association.

With the advent of the season of
falling leaves with a suggestion of
frost in the air, hoop rolling and roller
skating are the sports most in vogue
among children of the cities. In the
country there are much more enjoy-
able ways of amusement. Take nut-
ting, for example. City children sel-
dom have a chance to roam the au-
tumn woods in search of hickory nuts,
shagbarks, chestnuts and other choice
tree products that nature so plentifully
provides in many parts of the coun-
try. So lacking these delightful exp-
editions to the woods, city children
must be content with the parks and
sidewalks for exercise and amusement.
The little girl in the picture is Miss
Mary Holland, daughter of Mrs. F.
Raymond Holland of New York and
Connecticut. Very obligingly this lit-
tle girl posed for the camera man.

ends of the cable are joined by splicing.

The hardest rocks, such as porphyry
are now sawed more easily than t
softer, such as marble, but not so re-
sily. Marble is sawed at the rate
nearly nine inches an hour, granite
from six to seven inches an hour.

Can't Be Cut Off With a Shilling.

French parents (or, at all even
those with more than 2 shillings
dispose of by will) are precluded from
the gratification of cutting a mutino
child off with a shilling. A reserve
established by law which no testat
can bequeath away from his offspring.
A Frenchman with one child can dis-
pose of half his property according
his pleasure; the other half must i-
evitably pass to the child. Those wi-
two children can dispose of only on
third of their property, those wi-
three children of one-fourth, and so
according to the size of the family.
Stern parents occasionally seek
evade the law by subterfuge, but th-
disposal of property in France is hed-
ed round with so many restriction-
that family black sheep are rare
mulcted of their legal inheritances.
London Mail.

Victor Hugo.

Victor Hugo was born in Besancon
France, in 1802. He was the son of
colonel in the French army and recei-
ed a classical education. After the re-
olution of 1830 his plays "Marion
Lorme" and "The King Amuses Him-
self" were performed at the Theat-
Francaise. He was created by Lou-
Philippe a peer of France, with th-
title of viscount, but he arose abo-
this honor in being the author of "L-
Miserables." He opposed Napoleon II
and was banished from France, but r-
turned on the fall of the empire. F-
died in Paris in 1885 and was buried
the Pantheon.

HOLDING THE BREATH.

Simple Heart Test Used In Adminis-
tering Anaesthetics.

Dr. W. A. Schtange describes in th-
Roussky Vrach an easy test which
has devised to determine whether a
patient who has been told that he mu-
undergo surgical treatment is in co-
dition to survive the administration
an anaesthetic. If the patient is unab-
le to hold his breath for twenty sec-
onds the indications are that his heart
so weak that he could not be subject-
ed to the strain likely to be imposed
the anaesthetic.

General anaesthesia is particular
dangerous to persons suffering from
myocardial changes, a condition whic-
does not permit of ready recognitio-
For this reason the simple test su-
gested by Dr. W. A. Schtange will
welcome by the anaesthetist if exten-
ed experience should verify the doctor
assertions.

The test is based on the fact that
healthy person can suspend breathin-
from thirty to forty seconds. This, th-
author states, depends not on the lu-
capacity, but on the vigor of the hea-
muscle. In persons with weak hea-
the time is shortened to twenty
even ten seconds. The patient, seat-
in a chair, is told to take a moderate
deep inspiration and with the mou-
closed to hold his breath as long as
can. The shorter the time the patien-
can suspend breathing the greater th-
danger of an anaesthetic, the latter b-
ing contraindicated if the time is le-
than twenty seconds.—New York Med-
cal Journal.

SLANG IS HARDY.

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PATRIOTISM AND PRODUCTION

The farmers who attended the Agricultural Conference in Napanee, Feb. 10th, heard one of the best talks in Agriculture that has been given in this part for a long time. Mr. John Fixter, Assistant Agriculturist of the Conservation Commission gave a splendid address on Farm Management with relation to crops. Mr. Fixter dwelt upon the value of paying more attention to the little matters in management and showed where a great saving and profit can be obtained by using better seed, better cultivating and paying more attention to the less important operations to farm practise. Comparatively few farmers put sufficient value upon good seed; too many cut a little on the green side to save the straw for feeding purposes. There is a loss both ways. By the time the seed is fully formed the straw has but little feeding value and the extra few days makes a tremendous difference to the seed grain. Grain for seeding should be allowed to ripen well before it is cut and straw for food can only be recommended in very small quantities for young stock and steers and then only in conjunction with silage.

SEED GRAIN.

There are far too many varieties of seed grain in this market to-day. Forty farmers in one locality may be growing thirty different varieties of seed. There is no need for so many different kinds and when all is considered the following four varieties are found to meet all the varying conditions of this province: Banner, Siberian, Ligowo and for very early ripening Daubney. The Banner is far the best all round oats that we have. It would pay every farmer to plant a few bushels beside his crop next year just to compare them together.

Ontario has gone back on Spring Wheat during the last few years, but now is the time for farmers to sow an acre or two so that less will have to be imported from the West and more sent across the ocean. Try Marquis or Red Fife; the former has given the best results to Canada, is a cross-bred originated by Dr. Saunders of Ottawa and is well adapted to our conditions. The best Parley for Ontario without doubt is the O. A. C. No. 21. It has become well climatized in the province and makes the best returns.

Corn is the most profitable crop that the farmer can invest in to increase his production, especially corn for silage. Have one silo for every 50 acres of farm. There are no special advantages of either wood or cement but if built of the latter should be well cured before the silage is put in. A great deal of bad silage is caused by putting into a green building. The best silo corn for Ontario is Winconsin No. 7. If farmers have no silos they should grow plenty of flint corn, which will produce a good quantity of fodder and grain. "Longfellow" is the best for this use.

Take more care in cleaning the grain for seed. Don't be afraid to run the seed through two or three times and be sure that all the weed seeds are removed. Be sure and treat for smut, 25c worth of Formalin will do 25 bushels of grain. Spread the grain on a clean floor and sprinkle thoroughly with formalin, one pint, 10 gallons of water. Shovel well in order that all the seed comes in contact with the solution. Shovel till it is well dried and do not put back in the same bags unless they have been treated also. This will save you

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At 9 o'clock, Friday Morning

Nearly one thousand pieces of Canadian-made GRANITEWARE will be on rush sale, consisting of large Dish Pans, No. 26 and 28 Preserve Kettles, Lipped Sauce Pans, Straight and Covered Kettles, Pudding Pans, Milk Basins, Chambers, Jelly Pans, Pie Plates, etc., ranging in price from 25c to 50c

Your Choice Friday Morning 15c Each

On Saturday Morning

we will start a February WHITEWEAR WEEK in a splendid array, and at special prices. We invite every lady whether interested or not to visit our store during this sale. We are sure you will find it very interesting to handle the new goods on display. The prices at which we have marked the new goods are indeed "Money Saving" to those who take advantage of them. In fact many lines are offered at astonishing bargains—in Corset Covers, White Underskirts, Night Gowns,—also Colored Underskirts in Sateen, Satin with accordean pleated flounces. Children's Dresses, Ladies' House Dresses, Dust Caps, etc.

A Sale at McIntosh Bros. means Satisfactory Bargains

'Phone 228 McIntosh Bros. Napanee

a strong beef trade with England or other European countries unless the home stock becomes depleted or the two great sources of supply, Australia and the Argentine fail and allow the Canadian meats to be placed on the British markets at a profit. There is, though a market nearer home that should claim the attention of the Canadian stock feeder. The United States meat supply has failed greatly in the last ten years, their population has increased 24 per cent while cattle have decreased 30 per cent. At the present time there is little likelihood that the Argentine and Australia will be able to meet the United States demand and that country will then have to look to Canada for its supply. That market is now developing and should prove the opportunity of the Canadian farmer.

SHEEP—Canada has shown a gradual falling off in sheep for some years. A hasty glance shows that the highest prices for years are being realized, that there is a rise in the home consumption and increased importations to meet the demands and the absence of an export trade. Added to that the famine in Australia, the world's meat market, is a strong beef trade with England or other European countries unless the home stock becomes depleted or the two great sources of supply, Australia and the Argentine fail and allow the Canadian meats to be placed on the British markets at a profit. There is, though a market nearer home that should claim the attention of the Canadian stock feeder. The United States meat supply has failed greatly in the last ten years, their population has increased 24 per cent while cattle have decreased 30 per cent. At the present time there is little likelihood that the Argentine and Australia will be able to meet the United States demand and that country will then have to look to Canada for its supply. That market is now developing and should prove the opportunity of the Canadian farmer.

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It'll Be Cut Off With a Shilling. Each parent (or, at all events, each with more than 2 shillings to spare) will be precluded from gratification of cutting a mutinous child off with a shilling. A reserve is established by law which no testator bequeaths away from his offspring. Each man with one child can dispose of half his property according to pleasure; the other half must inevitably pass to the child. Those with children can dispose of only one-fourth of their property, those with children of one-fourth, and so on, according to the size of the family. Parents occasionally seek to evade the law by subterfuge, but the sale of property in France is hedged round with so many restrictions that family black sheep are rarely tested of their legal inheritances.—*on Mail.*

Victor Hugo. Victor Hugo was born in Besancon, France, in 1802. He was the son of a general in the French army and received a classical education. After the revolution of 1830 his plays "Marion de Lorraine" and "The King Amuses Himself" were performed at the Theatre Francaise. He was created by Louis Philippe a peer of France, with the rank of viscount, but he arose above honor in being the author of "Les Miserables." He opposed Napoleon III. and was banished from France, but returned on the fall of the empire. He died in Paris in 1885 and was buried in the Pantheon.

HOLDING THE BREATH.

The Heart Test Used In Administering Anaesthetics.

W. A. Schtange describes in the New York Medical Review an easy test which he devised to determine whether a patient who has been told that he must undergo surgical treatment is in condition to survive the administration of an anaesthetic. If the patient is unable to hold his breath for twenty seconds indications are that his heart is weak and that he could not be subjected to a strain likely to be imposed by an anaesthetic.

General anaesthesia is particularly dangerous to persons suffering from arterial changes, a condition which not permit of ready recognition. This reason the simple test suggested by Dr. W. A. Schtange will be employed by the anaesthetist if experience should verify the doctor's indications.

The test is based on the fact that a healthy person can suspend breathing for thirty to forty seconds. This, the doctor states, depends not on the lung capacity, but on the vigor of the heart. In persons with weak hearts the time is shortened to twenty or ten seconds. The patient, seated in a chair, is told to take a moderately deep inspiration and with the mouth closed to hold his breath as long as he can. The shorter the time the patient can suspend breathing the greater the risk of an anaesthetic, the latter being contraindicated if the time is less than twenty seconds.—*New York Medical Journal.*

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Get on the land as soon as workable in the spring. Go over it early and open the water furrows and let the water off. If this is not done the high land will dry out completely while we are waiting till the low places are ready and so render half the fields useless. Don't try to work while sticky, it will only puddle it and make it useless.

The majority of old meadows have been in sod much too long to be productive. Three years under normal circumstances is quite long enough and then they should be plowed up. The time to plow sod is right after the harvest and then keep it stirred at intervals till late fall. To sow rape in summer plowed sod is a good plan to produce pasture for steers and young cattle.

There is a big value in mixed grains, both for pasture and grain. A good pasture mixture is as follows: 2 bushels oats, 1 bushel barley and 1 bushel peas or vetch per acre, or if the soil is poor sow 5 bushels per acre and put the cattle on when a foot high. It is a good plan to sow this at two or three different dates so that it will last longer and come on when the back pasture is dried up. Another good mixture for either hay or grain is 1½ bushels Daubeny Oats, ½ bushel goose wheat, ½ bushel barley.

In conclusion Mr. Fixter referred to the use and care of manure on the farm. The loss at the present time amounts to 40 or 50 per cent annually through heating and allowing the water to run off. The best way to handle it is to haul it straight out into the land in the winter time and not pile it at all.

In summing up the secret of increased production is contained in the following points: Using better seed; giving the land better cultivation; plowing up old pastures and meadows and sowing corn and mixed grain.

Mr. C. F. Mallory, B.S.A., spoke upon the subject from the live stock side of the question bringing out the importance of the Canadian Farmer's position at this present time. The present size of the British army requires the daily consumption of 7500 beef cattle, 7000 canners, 5000 hogs, and the milk from 200,000 cows. This opens a big market in live stock which must not be overlooked by the Canadian farmer. Canada has resources and the Empire is in need of them. The cattle and live stock population in the Dominion has not increased in proportion to the human population nor does the country maintain nearly the amount of stock that it is capable of doing and in spite of this it is deplorable to think there is a tendency now to sell off the live stock from the farms in order to realize on the high prices of grain. Farmers must be more careful and look farther ahead, because if they stop to think, they will see that as soon as the war is over the bottom will drop right out of the market, and Canada will feel the loss of Live Stock and turn the grain into money. As regards markets as yet it does not seem that there is probability of

and Australia will be able to meet the United States demand and that country will then have to look to Canada for its supply. That market is now developing and should prove the opportunity of the Canadian farmer.

SHEEP—Canada has shown a gradual falling off in sheep for some years. A hasty glance shows that the highest prices for years are being realized, that there is a rise in the home consumption and increased importations to meet the demands and the absence of an export trade. Added to that the famine in Australia, the world's wool supply has cut down the production in that country to 33 per cent. The heavy army demand for wool is raising the price for that product. We never had in Canada a more assured outlook for the sheep industry than at the present time.

HOGS—There is every indication that the hog has reached its lowest level and will steadily gain from now until by September they will be a big price again. The European market is very promising. Danish and

whole there seems every argument in favor of increased production. Our local markets and also the foreign markets indicate a shortage in the world's meats and Canada's position in the world to-day is such that she should assume her responsibilities and extend her home and foreign trade. The increased acreage in the grain will secure the supply of fodder and feed for this purpose. To utilize this increase feed without waste and to the greatest possible advantage is an obligation that rests with every farmer. The capacities and resources of this country must this year be taxed to the utmost to meet and assure the Empire's needs. No great industry is suffering less, is feeling less, the burden of war, than is agriculture and a shortsighted ungenerous policy on the part of the Canadian farmer may be regarded as a reflection on his citizenship and upon the faith and Patriotism of our rural people towards the duty of this Dominion and the future of the Empire.



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WON'T SHRINK WOOLLENS

Something different!

LUX is the very essence of the finest soap, in flakes. Its use adds to the life of woollens, flannels, filmy laces and all dainty fabrics.

LUX

dissolves readily in hot water and breaks into a foamy, cream-like lather which cannot injure the finest garments or the smoothest hands. It coaxes rather than forces the dirt out of clothes and adds a new note of refinement to wash-day work.

LUX softens the hardest water—makes the bath a luxury and the shampoo a delight. Sold everywhere at 10 cents.

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Shingles, all Grades

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So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.
See that your Watch keeps time.

We do personally all most expert repairing and guarantee satisfaction absolutely. 50 years continuous experience at the bench.

A watch is perfectly dry in 18 months and should be overhauled.

Try us if you are not now a customer

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store

Quality Counts.

NEED COAL?

Get it from

STEVENS

Finest Quality

Weight Guaranteed

Phone 104

GOOD SEED CAMPAIGN.

In connection with the Patriotism and Production campaign, Mr. G. B. Curran of the Agriculture Office, Napanee, has inaugurated a GOOD SEED CAMPAIGN. Arrangements have already been made with the Canadian Seed Growers Association to supply "Registered Seed" at cost. Each bag of this seed is registered and has the government guarantee that it is sound plump seed of high germinating powers and free from noxious weeds. This seed sells for \$1.25 per bushel. Selected seed grown from Registered seed can be bought for \$1.00 per bushel from the seed growers. Already large orders for this seed have been sent in to Mr. L. H. Newman, Secretary Canadian Seed Growers, Ottawa, and as the supply of good seed is very scarce farmers should make application early.

LIST OF SEED GROWERS.

Every farmer in the country who has good seed for sale is invited to write Mr. Curran, stating the exact number of bushels on hand, and the price, and send a sample. If the farmer cannot call a special envelope will be sent to forward a sample of Oats, Barley, Red clover, Alsike alfalfa, or timothy seed. Each sample will be examined for weed seeds and disease and the sample marked, and the buyer can examine each sample. All sales must be made direct between the seller and buyer; the samples only being kept at the Agricultural Office for reference. This list of farmers having first class seed for sale will be published in pamphlet form, and the list sent on application to G. B. Curran, Agricultural Office, Napanee.

OBITUARY

The death of Herman H. Parrott, of Camden East, on the 10th of this month, removes from this community a man who will be much missed. Mr. Parrott was born and lived on the old homestead, near Switzerville, until fifteen years ago when he moved with his father and mother to Camden East in order to be near his only sister, Mrs. L. H. Stover. Since his removal he was engaged in handling stock through this section. He was a close and careful buyer, but his straightforwardness soon won for him the confidence and esteem of the whole community. He was a member of the Methodist Church and a regular attendant at its services. He was also a strong temperance man, who always gave his vote to abolish the bar, and his personal influence to impress the young men he came in contact with never to form the habit of drink. Herman, as he was called by his friends, was a quiet unassuming

A LETTER FROM SALISBURY PLAIN

January 28th, 1915.

Lark Hill,
Salisbury Plains,
England,

Dear Dad—Just a few lines from me for a while. We are going to France either Monday or Tuesday, I don't know which, but it is one of those days. I expect that there will be a review before we go, but I hope not. I don't like the reviews, there is too much standing to attention and that is very hard on a fellow.

Well Dad, I guess I'm off the machine gun section now. I've gone through the complete course, even to shooting, and say, you should have seen what that gun did to the target, just tore it to pieces. The first day we were just blowing off ammunition so as to get used to holding the gun while it was in action. I shot off pretty close to a hundred rounds and it tore a hole in the target big enough to put your fist through.

I will be on the reserve section now. I may be on it later on, but for the present I am right with my own section.

Well Dad, I suppose it will please you to know that I've taken my first step from the ranks. I was made Lance Corporal of our section yesterday, (the 27th.) Not too bad for a fellow who has never even been away to a camp before? The L. C., that was here is in the hospital now and is reduced in the ranks.

There were about 50 of the mis-fits transferred either to the base company or the 17th Battalion to-day.

I just had to stop and go up and draw the trenching tools from the stores. They are rather a queer looking thing, a small shovel on one end and a wide pick blade on the other. Altogether they are about 16 in. long then the handle is about 18 in. long. It fits on the back of the pack.

My kit is all packed and so is my kit bag, so we can go as fast as anyone likes now, I'm ready.

Well Dad, last post will sound in a very few minutes so I must get my bed down.

Hoping that this finds you all well and with love and best wishes to all, I am

Your Son,
Wilbur Vandervoort.

Royal Family Fired on By Austrian Airmen

Cettinje, Montenegro, Feb. 15, via London, 12.15 p.m.—The members of the royal family of Montenegro were subjected yesterday in their residence at Rieka to machine gun fire from two Austrian aeroplanes.

Rieka is a village near Lake Scutari, where the royal family passed the winter. King Nicholas, the queen and the princesses watched the aerial raiders from their palace windows. Several of the bullets fired from the aeroplanes fell near them.

There are many good worm powders and syrups on the market, yet nothing as effective, yet harmless to the children as "Rexall Worm Syrup." Sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

TREASON OF THE REAL TRAITORS.

More despicable, and much more dangerous than the "alien enemy"

Maxwell

New 1915 Model

\$925

17 New Features

We have, right here, the car for which you have waited.

It holds the road perfectly at 50 miles an hour. It carries five grown people comfortably. It has left hand drive with center control—selective sliding gear transmission. It has a Sims high tension magneto. It rides as easily as an \$5000 car— $\frac{1}{2}$ elliptic spring on rear.

It has a famous make of anti-skid rear tires and the same size tires 30x3 $\frac{1}{2}$ inch all around. It is fully equipped—top, windshield and speedometer, etc.

This "Wonder Car" is the 1915 model of the Maxwell—price \$925.

With Electric Starter and Electric Lights only \$70 extra



C. A. WISEMAN,
AGENT

John Street, Napanee

French Charge on Skis Into German Trenches

Geneva, Feb. 14, via Paris, 15.—What is said to be the first onet charge on skis during the sent war was made yesterday in Vosges Mountains, near Col. du homme. Forty Alpine Chasseurs two officers were cut off by the mans and were ordered to surrender. They refused and charged down snow-covered slope on their skis to the German trenches, where a rible struggle took place before French soldiers were overcome.

Second Contingent to
Leave for England
Any Day N

Finest Quality

Weight Guaranteed

Phone 104

Office opposite Campbell House



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective January 25th, 1915.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points: Connection at TRENTON for PICTON: 4.25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: * 2.50 a.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 7.45 a.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTON and other intermediate points: 12.05 noon; 4.25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 2.50 p.m.; * 3.25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: * 2.50 a.m. 10.30 a.m., 12.05 noon, 4.50 p.m., ** 6.35 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2.50 p.m., * 3.25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11.20 a.m., 2.50 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11.20 a.m.

From DESERONTO: * 3.25 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 2.50 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: * 2.50 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 10.30 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4.25 p.m., * 2.50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

* Daily. ** Daily except Monday.

AGATEWARE SALE—Made in Canada. Agateware—See our window for line of agateware. For this one lot you will get the best bargains you ever seen for quality; better prices than any departmental store offered, or 7 cent store. Watch the window! See the bargains. Prices will remain until sold out. No half dozen lots to any one person. At **BOYLE & SON.**



For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

in order to be near his only sister, Mrs. L. H. Stover. Since his removal he was engaged in handling stock through this section. He was a close and careful buyer, but his straightforwardness soon won for him the confidence and esteem of the whole community. He was a member of the Methodist Church and a regular attendant at its services. He was also a strong temperance man, who always gave his vote to abolish the bar, and his personal influence to impress the young men he came in contact with never to form the habit of drink. Herman, as he was called by his friends, was a quiet unassuming man, but fondness of humor and pleasant helpfulness made him a great favorite with his friends both old and young.

He devoted nearly all his life to the loving care of his father, and mother, who lived to be a great age; his father being both deaf and blind for years and very helpless. To some sons that would have been a great burden and care, but not so to Herman. It seemed to him a pleasure to look after his dear old parents and minister to their wants, answering every whim and notion, and doing everything in his power to make them as comfortable and happy as possible. In fact his life in this respect furnished one of the most beautiful illustrations of devotion we have ever witnessed.

He was confined to his bed about three months: During his illness he never murmured, but seemed perfectly resigned to God's will. He sent for a number of his old associates and asked them to meet him in Heaven. For the last six weeks he was unable to speak. All the care and attention willing hands and loving hearts could give him was of no avail. He leaves to mourn his loss an only sister, Mrs. L. H. Stover, Camden East, whom he loved very dearly, and three brothers, Emerson, of Saskatoon; Byron of Blackie, Alberta, and Arthur, on the old homestead.

The funeral services, which were held in the Methodist Church, Camden East, were very largely attended evidencing the esteem in which he was held by the whole community.

Points on Palmistry.

Smooth, conical fingers are a sign of talkativeness and a merry disposition. Strong, knotted fingers show prudence and capacity.

A palm too slim, narrow and feeble indicates instinct without capacity.

If the palm is too large the person is coarse and animal-like.

If the outer joint of the fingers forms a knot the person has well arranged ideas.

The individual who has knots at the middle joints of the fingers always has a place for everything and everything in its place.

Intellect belongs to knotted fingers; grace to smooth ones.

The person whose fingers are smooth and pointed is guided wholly by inspiration and never has a reason for what he does.

Large hands mean a close attention to minute detail.

Broad nails show the owner to be retiring and gentle.

"Mollie was trying to keep her preserving efforts a secret?"

"Yes, I noticed they were sly attempts."—Baltimore American.

The bachelor's a foolish mutt.
Alone he spends his days;
He tries to mend his garments, but
He will not mend his ways.
—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Don't be persuaded in buying "something just as good," because there is nothing just as good as our new electric louse powder, 25c per lb. at Wallace's Drug Store, sole agents.

raiders from their palace windows. Several of the bullets fired from the aeroplanes fell near them.

There are many good worm powders and syrups on the market, yet nothing as effective, yet harmless to the children as "Rexall Worm Syrup." Sold in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

TREASON OF THE REAL TRAITORS.

More despicable, and much more dangerous than the "alien enemy" who slips past the police and crosses the border into the United States is the Real Traitor who hangs out the flag and sings "God Save the King" in a loud voice, but whose mills turn out light-weight cloth, or whose factories produce shoddy shoes, or whose excess profits on government orders are taken from the war-taxes paid by the common people, whose daily bread the war has imperilled. That type of traitor waxed fat in Britain during the South African war. This time he is given short shrift. But in Canada his ilk is said, by those high in authority in government circles, to thrive mightily. Members of parliament will manifest real patriotism. Government and opposition alike, if they keep the party truce on political trifles, but vie one with the other in the merciless exposure and ruthless punishment of this worst and meanest of all traitors.—Toronto Globe.

By-law No. 955

A By-law authorizing the Trimming and Removing of Trees.

Passed the 15th day of February, 1915.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the town of Napanee enacts as follows:—

1. That the Superintendent of streets or such other officer of the Corporation of the town of Napanee as the Streets Committee of the Council of the said town of Napanee may appoint is hereby authorized as follows:—

(a) To trim or cause to be trimmed all trees on private property in the town of Napanee, the branches of which extend over a highway in the said town of Napanee.

(b) To cut down or remove or cause to be cut down or removed all decayed trees.

(c) To remove or transplant or cause to be removed or transplanted any tree planted or growing in any highway, square, lane or other public communication, after 48 hours notice in writing to the occupant of the land opposite to which the tree is planted or growing, but no live tree, unless within 30 feet of another tree, shall be removed without the consent of such occupant.

2. The notice mentioned in clause "c" may be given by leaving it with a grown-up resident upon the land, or if the land is unoccupied by posting it in a conspicuous place on the land.

3. All other by-laws heretofore passed by the Municipal Council of the town of Napanee inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

4. This by-law shall come into force and take effect upon its passing.

A. ALEXANDER, W. A. GRANGE,
Mayor. Clerk.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Powder Laxative.

two officers were cut off by the Germans and were ordered to surrender. They refused and charged down the snow-covered slope on their skis to the German trenches, where a fierce struggle took place before the French soldiers were overcome.

Second Contingent to Leave for England Any Day!

London, Ont., Feb. 15.—Col. Denis Denison, commander of the Infantry Brigade of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, is in the city for the purpose of inspecting local troops of the second contingent to-morrow morning. Col. Denison declared that he expected the overseas force would leave for land any day now. The men of the second contingent he considered much superior to the rank and file of the first expeditionary force.

Zeppelins Fell a Prey To British Aerial Force

Amsterdam, Feb. 16.—(1.10) The Jandelsblad's Sluis correspondent in a despatch concerning the last week of thirty-four British bombers over portions of northern Germany, says that at Ostend the Zeppelins of the sea railway station were damaged and the Hotel Tern near the station, was slightly damaged. The De Smet de Nayer Zeppelin shed was destroyed, and all communication with the sea station was cut off.

At Blankenberghe, the correspondent says, the station and the railway were destroyed. At Zeebrugge, adds, the central electric works, a factory were destroyed and bridges there could not be working owing to a lack of electricity. Zeppelin shed with all contents destroyed, the correspondent adds.

Rubber Hidden in Bales of Cotton

New York, Feb. 15.—The X-ray examinations of cotton cargoes of going British ships, which have been conducted by representatives of the British Government for several months, as a means of preventing shipment of contraband of war, have revealed to-day that bales of cotton waste consigned aboard the V. Star liner Cretic contained rubber. The Cretic is due to sail to-morrow for Mediterranean ports. The signee was given by officials of the line as a firm in Genoa, Italy. The consignor, they said, was A. B. I. man of this city.

The rubber was in the form of sheets and easily concealed. Each of the 178 bales in the consignment contained about four pounds. The consignment was refused shipment when the contraband was discovered, it is said, at the Crete pier.

Officials of the White Star Line said that the office of the United States district attorney had been notified with the name of the signee and consignor.

YOU NEED NOT COME TO TOWN

Just phone, send with a neighbor or drop us a card and we will have your orders carefully filled and sent to you by return mail, with the guarantee, if not satisfied, money back. Wallace's, Limited, Red Cross Drug Store.

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New 1915 Model
\$925
17 New Features

We have, right here, the car for which you have waited.

It holds the road perfectly at 50 miles an hour. It carries five grown people comfortably. It has left hand drive with center control—selective sliding gear transmission. It has a Sims high tension magneto. It rides as easily as any \$5000 car — ½ elliptic springs on rear.

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C. A. WISEMAN,
AGENT
John Street, Napanee

French Charge on Skis Into German Trenches

enève, Feb. 14, via Paris, Feb. 15.—What is said to be the first bayonet charge on skis during the present war was made yesterday in the Vosges Mountains, near Col. du Bonhomme. Forty Alpine Chasseurs with officers were cut off by the Germans and were ordered to surrender. They refused and charged down the snow-covered slope on their skis into the German trenches, where a terrible struggle took place before the French soldiers were overcome.

cond Contingent to
Leave for England
Any Day Now

Ottawa Prepares for Aeroplane Raid

OTTAWA Feb. 14.—Sir Robert Borden, the prime minister, received a telegram from Brockville, Ont., Sunday night, stating that three aeroplanes had passed over Brockville at 10 p. m., flying in the direction of Ottawa. The aeroplanes came from New York State, over the St. Lawrence River.

The news spread quickly among the members of parliament, and a number of them made their way to the roof of the main building to watch for the reported visitors.

At 11.15 o'clock orders were issued to darken the parliament buildings. Every light on the grounds was extinguished and every curtain drawn.

Orders have also been given by Col. Sherwood to darken Rideau Hall, the official residence of the governors-general of Canada, and the royal mint.

The Duke of Connaught had gone to Winnipeg to inspect the troops of the garrison there, but the Duchess of Connaught and Princess Patricia are at Government House. The royal mint here is a branch of the royal mint at London, England. In it is minted the gold coinage of the Dominion as well as a portion of the British gold coinage, chiefly sovereigns.

This is the first time since the royal mint was opened here that it has been in darkness. It has always been kept brilliantly illuminated.

THREE OR FOUR EXPECTED.

Col. Perry Sherwood, chief of Dominion police, said that he had had a telephone message from the chief of police at Brockville, who informed him that three or four aeroplanes had crossed the St. Lawrence from New York State, and had passed over Brockville, traveling in a northeasterly direction, presumably towards Ottawa.

He said that one of the aeroplanes while crossing the St. Lawrence had dropped some fire balls or light balls. He was not sure what they were exactly. However he understood that they fell in the river.

SHARPSHOOTERS READY.

Sharpshooters were told off to various points of vantage on Parliament hill. All picked shots of the Dominion police are fully armed.

The greatest excitement prevailed and the premier and cabinet ministers were informed from time to time as to the situation.

Notices were sent out to Smith's Falls, Perth, Kemptville, Merrickville and other towns in eastern Ontario to keep a sharp lookout and report at once if any of the aeroplanes were seen. Later communication with Brockville says that the aeroplanes passed over Morristown N. Y. on their way over the St. Lawrence.

A few months ago an order was issued by the government and notices posted that any aeroplanes flying over Canadian territory without authority would be dealt with as enemies.

BROCKVILLE'S STORY OF THE AIR CRAFT.

Brockville, Feb. 14.—Four aeroplanes passed over this city at 9.15 Sunday night and sped in the direction of Ottawa. The city was wildly excited by the sight of the aircraft, which seemed to burst into sight almost right overhead. The first machine was flying very rapidly and very high. Very little could be seen, but the unmistakable sounds of the whirling motor made the presence of the aircraft known. Five minutes later the second machine could be heard. In crossing the river three fire balls were dropped. They were dropped at one minute intervals. In dropping they left a streak of light from where

airmen their direction.

A few minutes later another machine passed over the east end of the city. In another interval a machine came over the other end of the city.

HIGH UP; FLYING TO NORTHEAST

Constables Storey, Thompson and Glacier all saw the machines or heard them. They saw the lights, and immediately reported to Chief of Police Burke. The Chief said to the Globe:

"I immediately telephoned the Mayor," he said, "and afterwards called up the Mayor of Ottawa. We also got in touch with Premier Borden. The machines were very high up, and we know nothing of where they came from. They came directly over the river, and departed in a northeast direction, which is the direct way to Ottawa. They all followed practically the same course. Mayor Donaldson also saw them, as did scores of other people. It was not long after churches were out, and there were still many people on the street."

"Will you have the lights put out in the town?" asked the Globe.

"No, I think not yet," said the Chief.

"Why?"

"I do not think there is any necessity, so far as Brockville is concerned."

HEARD AT GANANOQUE.

"Have you received any word from any surrounding towns?"

"Yes, the Mayor had a telephone message from Gananoque about 9.30 which stated that two machines passed over that town. They could not be seen, although they were heard distinctly."

The Chief told The Globe that a lookout would be kept for more machines, or for a return of any of those which had passed through.

HAD A SEARCHLIGHT.

Mayor Donaldson said: "The three supposed aeroplanes passed north flying over our town and were sighted by many of our citizens. The last machine had powerful searchlights."

FIRE BALLOONS CAUSE OF AEROPLANE SCARE

BROCKVILLE, Ont., Feb. 15.—There were no airship raids on Brockville last night as was generally supposed. Investigation today shows that the aerial craft were nothing more or less than fire balloons sent up from Morristown, a small place across the river from here, as the result of a well-planned practical joke for scare purposes to commemorate the century of peace celebration. The balloons had magnesium attachments to make a flash light and this led the people to connect them with aeroplanes. The remains of the balloons were found to day strewn on ice of the river St. Lawrence dividing Brockville from Morristown.

Get your oysters and haddies at FRANK H. PERRY'S.

Armies Total 14,500,000

Hillair Belloc, a prominent European military expert, estimates that the warring nations of Europe have 14,500,000 men in the field divided as follows: Germany, 5,000,000; Austria, 3,000,000; France, 3,000,000; England and Belgium, 500,000; Russia and Servia, 3,000,000. This indicates that the Germanic Allies have opposed 6,500,000 men with 8,000,000 during the "first phase" of the great struggle. Belloc estimates the Germans have lost 400,000 by death and that 310,000 have been taken prisoners. A total of 1,825,000 are reported as permanently out of action. The Germans have 4,000,000 men available for the next six months.

Huffman's Goitre Cure will cure thick neck when all else fails, not a remedy used externally which only tends to harden the enlargement, but used internally, removing all traces of the disease. Treatment only costs about 25c a week. For full information apply at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee, sole agents.

COMING TO NAPANEE

THE DORENWARD CO. OF TORONTO, LIMITED, Canada's foremost hair-goods establishment will display and demonstrate a sample stock of the latest hair-goods fashions for ladies, and toupees and wigs for bald men, at



The Paisley House, on

Friday, February, 26th, 1915

FOR LADIES:—DORENWARD'S TRANSFORMATION by overcoming every defect of your own hair will assist you to appear at your best, always. Switches, Braids, Pompadours, Wavelets, etc. of the finest quality hair and unsurpassed workmanship. You are invited to inspect these goods.

GENTLEMEN! ARE YOU BALD?

A DORENWARD ART HAIR TOUTEE will make you appear years younger and will prove a benefit to your health and comfort.

Indetectable, Featherweight, Hygienic

Have a Demonstration of what it will do for you.

two officers were cut off by the Germans and were ordered to surrender. They refused and charged down the snow-covered slope on their skis into the German trenches, where a terrible struggle took place before the French soldiers were overcome.

Second Contingent to Leave for England Any Day Now

London, Ont., Feb. 15.—Col. Septimus Denison, commander of the 4th Infantry Brigade of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, is in the city for the purpose of inspecting the real troops of the second contingent tomorrow morning. Col. Denison declared that he expected the second overseas force would leave for England any day now. The men of the second contingent he considered very much superior to the rank and file of his first expeditionary force.

Zeppelins Fell a Prey To British Aerial Raid

Amsterdam, Feb. 16.—(1.10 a.m.)—The Jandelsblad's Sluis correspondent in a despatch concerning the raid last week of thirty-four British aviators over portions of northern Belgium, says that at Ostend the sheds of the sea railway station were badly damaged and the Hotel Terminus, near the station, was slightly damaged. The De Smet de Nayer bridge suffered heavily, and all communication with the sea station was broken.

At Blankenberghe, the correspondent says, the station and the railway were destroyed. At Zeebrugge, the docks, the central electric works and the factory were destroyed and the ridges there could not be worked owing to a lack of electricity. A Zeppelin shed with all contents was destroyed, the correspondent adds.

Rubber Hidden in Bales of Cotton

New York, Feb. 15.—The X-ray examinations of cotton cargoes of outgoing British ships, which have been conducted by representatives of the British Government for several months, as a means of preventing shipment of contraband of war, revealed to-day that bales of cotton consigned aboard the White Star liner Cretic contained rubber. The Cretic is due to sail to-morrow for Mediterranean ports. The consignee was given by officials of the line as a firm in Genoa, Italy. The consignor, they said, was A. B. Newman of this city.

The rubber was in the form of sheets and easily concealed. Each of the 178 bales in the consignment contained about four pounds. The entire consignment was refused shipment when the contraband was discovered, it is said, at the Cretic's pier.

Officials of the White Star line said that the office of the United States district attorney had been furnished with the name of the consignee and consignor.

YOU NEED NOT COME TO TOWN.

Just phone, send with a neighbor, or drop us a card and we will see that your orders are carefully filled and sent to you by return mail, with the guarantee, if not satisfied your money back. Wallace's, Limited, the Red Cross Drug Store.

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best, always. Switches, Braids, Pompadours, Wavelets, etc. of the finest quality hair and unsurpassed workmanship. You are invited to inspect these goods.

GENTLEMEN! ARE YOU BALD?

A DORENWEND ART HAIR TOUPEE will make you appear years younger and will prove a benefit to your health and comfort.

Indetectable, Featherweight, Hygenic

Have a Demonstration of what it will do for you.



Prof. Dorenwend

will be here in person.



The great pianist's fingers, trained for a lifetime, cannot wend their marvelous way through the technicalities of Chopin more surely than can you. Nor can he interpret musical masterpieces with any more sympathy than can you, with the aid of "Meister-Touch"—most human of all—in the

Deu Scale Williams Player Piano

This wonderful instrument provides the technique that otherwise would take years to master. It gives free range to your desire to play and interpret the world's masterpieces of music. It sets your musical heart free from your untrained fingers.

Through the "Meister-Touch" you can give a rendering not only perfect in technique but sympathetic in expression and truly characteristic of your innermost musical sense.

We will make you a generous allowance in exchange for your present piano.

Sold by C. A. WISEMAN, Napanee, Ont.

J. A. HUNTER, Tamworth, Ont.

Write for catalogue.
We sell direct where not represented.

Makers—The Williams Piano Co., Limited, Oshawa, Canada.

LUCILLE LOVE

THE GIRL of MYSTERY

BY THE
"MASTER PEN"

Copyright, 1914. All moving picture rights reserved by the Universal Film Manufacturing Company, which is now exhibiting this production in leading theaters. Infringements will be vigorously prosecuted.



It was not curiosity merely that made her place her head outside the window. She heard the mocking voice of Loubeque, but dimly. Still it was his voice and surcharged with menace. But how could she gain an entrance, how see what was transpiring?

She quietly stepped to the fire escape. Two high and wide ledges separated her from the fire escape outside the spy's suit. She dared not look down, dared not think, dared do nothing save heave a sigh of relief when she found herself safe once more outside the spy's window. It had been easy after all. She peeked within the room, strangling a little expression of rage and shame as Thompson's threat came to her ears. Breathlessly she watched the men struggling upon the floor, unable to understand the hurried retreat of both from the room. She opened the window and slipped inside, her bosom heaving tumultuously at this opportunity to search the man's suit.

The door slapped open just as she was exploring the drawer of the table. She felt herself seized by the wrists, uttered a cry of protest and dismay and pleading, only to look into strange,

She let herself easily in by the door, the smashed lock of the raiding party never having been replaced. Swiftly she rushed through the familiar rooms. In the desk drawer of the spy she found a medium sized automatic, the silencer still fastened on it. The front door bell clanged.

The last act in the play was about to be begun. Ensign Howell was at the door, unless the spy had detected her trick in tampering with the message of the carrier pigeon.

Her right hand, which had been clasping the revolver concealed beneath her coat, unclasped, and a sigh of obvious relief came from her lips as she opened the door to greet a young ensign in uniform. "She did not quite know what she would have done had it been Loubeque.

"Ensign Howell?" she murmured, flushing prettily at the admiration and astonishment on the officer's face at being greeted by such a vision. "I am very sorry," she murmured hurriedly, as he started to enter, "but Mr. Loubeque was obliged to leave hurriedly. He left word that he would surely be at any place convenient after 8:45."

"Any place convenient?" The officer's tones were more of surprise than vexation.

"That is," she hesitated, "where it would be convenient for a cutter or boat of some sort to take him to the Terror. That matter is of such importance he does not care—that is—"

The young man straightened himself, his face wearing an expression of wounded dignity. Lucille heaved a sigh of relief.

"That is quite Mr. Loubeque's privilege," he snapped. "I shall write the address on a card where the cutter will lie so there can be no further mistake."

Lucille accepted the card negligently, holding her eyes averted that he might not read the ecstasy that fairly flooded them. She watched his ruler straight back as it disappeared down the street, then clasped the card feverishly to her breast. The first move had been made and she had more than taken the honors. High hope beat in her heart because of the little victory. She snapped her teeth tightly shut. Yes, the papers would be taken aboard the Terror, but not by Hugo Loubeque. Neither would there be any affidavit with them from the arch spy. She was ready for anything now.

Laggard time for once flew while she waited the long interval that was to elapse before the arrival of the spy. Lucille found once more the tunnel

open, batless, wild, dishevelled. An automobile stood before the door. He directed it wildly toward the tunnel entrance, arriving there barely in time to see Lucille step inside another motorcar and dart forward like a living thing.

Helpless, hopeless, yet fighting on with bulldog ferocity, Loubeque continued the chase. Times he would lose her, only to pick the car up again in the most unexpected place. Then, for a full five minutes, along the water front, she disappeared.

A husky, irate chauffeur stepped before his driver and slammed open the door.

"Hey, youse," he brawled angrily, "whatta yuh mean chasin' a loidy like Int?"

Loubeque did not answer. Instead he put a question, snapping it in a tone of authority that made even the man cringe.

"Where did she go?"

The driver passed him a grimy card. The international spy turned it over in his hand, reading the address upon it and marking that it was not a block away. On the obverse side he read Ensign Howell's name. The chauffeur was pointing out upon the harbor. Loubeque looked, marked the slim figure of Lucille standing upright in the briskly manned cutter approaching the big ship. He turned away.

His shoulders seemed to have slumped in the half hour, his face to have undergone a chiseling process by the sculptor Suffering, but a smile crossed his face.

Once in the cutter, Lucille for the first time heaved a huge sigh of relief as she glanced back toward the shore and saw Hugo Loubeque jump from the car in which he had been pursuing her and glance hurriedly up and down the harbor front.

She clambered over the sides of the waiting government vessel, being met at the deck by the captain himself. His eyebrows rose in surprise as he regarded the slender slip of a girl facing him, her eyes wet with tears.

"Ensign Howell informed me that Mr. Loubeque"—he began, when she interrupted.

"The papers are here, captain. I have them. They are safe now."

For a moment he studied her meditatively. She felt an icy chill running up and down her spine. Would he turn back and force her to return the papers? At the very suggestion her face flexed in every muscle, while her eyes met his coldly and steadily, a purpose in their depths which even the officer turned away from, convinced that all was well.

And now that she was safe, the nervous reaction came upon her. In her own tiny cabin, safe finally from the man she had last seen upon the shore, it seemed the very air was fraught with terrors, horrible fears reaching toward her, gibbering at her with threats of perils greater even than those she had come through already. A light tapping on the door brought her to her feet, heartily ashamed of the false terrors she had allowed to unnerve her. She opened the door, and Ensign Howell entered.

Lucille regarded him coldly, in far different manner from the coquettish young woman who had put him off at the house of Loubeque.

"Miss—Miss"—he stammered, "why did you send me away from the appointment? The captain wishes to speak with you, and when you tell him the truth it will appear as though I"—

"You need have no fear," she an-



"I am Lucille Love, daughter of General Love."

frantic search through the packed little, dry sob broke from her lips. She recovered herself with an eff shaking her head as though to drive away the mists of faintness which the crowning misfortune, had delivered her. The diary of Hugo Loubeque was not among the papers she had covered.

The captain nodded toward his sign, who, with a glance of sympathy toward the stricken girl, scooped the papers and laid them before commanding officer.

Lucille turned and slowly left room. Her eyes were fastened dire ahead but she walked as one whose journeys in slumber, unseeing, numbed. And her lips repeated c and over again:

"Too cruel! Cruel! Cruel!"

CHAPTER XXIV.

Exit Hugo Loubeque.

SERGEANT DALY, plain cloth man of the San Francisco police department, showed scarcely a sign of interest as he assigned to the mysterious case at St. Francis.

Swiftly he took in the salient detail of the house detective, the discovery of a man's dead body in the suit of a young woman who had registered there under the name of Lucille Love. Then he went immediately to the room and examined the corpse.

Thompson had not been touched. lay as he had been when Hugo Loubeque looked back at him from the doorway, his body twisted a bit from struggle with the spy, his right hand tightly clenching the revolver in his mouth. Daly bent over him, uttering a little ejaculation of surprise which whetted the curiosity of the man instantly. After a long interval rose to his feet, holding a soiled label in his hand.

"Frank Thompson," he smiled an



She Opened the Window and Slipped



She Opened the Window and Slipped Inside.

brutal faces, the faces of house detectives and not the sardonically friendly one of Loubeque.

"Nipped in the act!" grated one of them, as he dragged her toward the door. "The cabaret dame too!"

Protesting, weeping, hysterical, Lucille was dragged to the elevator and bundled into a cab. Unable to think, to reason, she only realized the full extent of her calamity when the green globe before the grim police station loomed before her eyes.

She might have been unconscious, so little was she actually aware of what was transpiring. Acute, yet merely subconsciously so, she knew she defended herself stoutly against the charge of being a hotel sneak thief. She feverishly cited the obvious ridiculousness of Hugo Loubeque's making such a charge against her. The sergeant was frankly puzzled.

Obviously this girl was not a thief. The brilliant idea struck him of summoning the jeweler from whom she claimed to have received the money. Also the failure to produce Loubeque argued heavily against the house detective's case.

And all the while Lucille paced up and down the floor, white faced, miserable, her lips moving as she muttered:

"Five-thirty this afternoon—Ensign Howell calls for the papers. Five-thirty—5:30—I must be there—must be—must—must!"

And the station house clock grinned wide derision at her, its hands pointing ironically toward the hour of 4.

CHAPTER XXIII.

An Ensign Feels His Dignity Offended.

IT lacked but fifteen minutes to 5 before she found herself upon the street with the jeweler who had rushed to her assistance and, after a short conference with the officers and detectives, had arranged her release, personally agreeing to produce her when desired.

"If you know Loubeque has the papers," he demanded, "why don't you call on a policeman to protect you and to rescue them?"

Lucille smiled faintly at his commonplace advice, realizing the absolute impossibility of impressing anyone with the power of her enemy. And she must hurry to the mysterious house where Ensign Howell was to call at 5:30, even as she thanked her friend, bidding him goodbye at the door of her motorcar.

Hurriedly she searched the streets for the mysterious residence of Hugo Loubeque. She had ten minutes leeway before the ensign was due to call, ample opportunity if she had not forgotten any details of the message. The house was vacant, just as she had thought it would be, for Loubeque would never trust himself for a long time to the place that had once been raided. It would suffice for this short bit of business—that was all.

back as it disappeared down the street, then clasped the card feverishly to her breast. The first move had been made, and she had more than taken the honors. High hope beat in her heart because of the little victory. She snapped her teeth tightly shut. Yes, the papers would be taken aboard the Terror, but not by Hugo Loubeque. Neither would there be any affidavit with them from the arch spy. She was ready for anything now.

Laggard time for once flew while she waited the long interval that was to elapse before the arrival of the spy. Lucille found once more the tunnel through which she had been led, found mysterious passages and explored them, studied out the position she would be in when she completed her work with the enemy who was to come.

A step sounded overhead, slow, measured, methodical. She pressed close against the switchboard to the house of mystery, the emanation of the mysteries. Her fingers trembled slightly. The feet moved up the stairs. She waited, fingers outstretched toward a little ivory button. The cool surface kissed the finger pad, the pad upon which depended the honor of father and sweetheart, which spelled home, life, love to her.

Hugo Loubeque moved slowly to his private office on the second floor. He shivered slightly as he went up the stairs. Ghosts were in the house, ghost memories that he was about to slay finally and forever.

He seated himself at his desk to wait, wandering off in a day dream of pleasanter memories. Lucille—how her very presence here had made the place bearable. He took the precious packet of stolen papers from his pocket.

The sweet he had longed for was his now and yet it was not sweet.

He slapped his fist heavily upon the table, cursing himself for a fool that such thoughts should oppress him.

What ailed the ensign that he did not come? It was past the time appointed. That was most unusual. He strode nervously up and down the floor. Suddenly the floor gave way violently beneath him, flashed down with lightning speed, bringing up upon the basement floor with such violence that everything in the room was overturned, while he himself lay half stunned against the table.

He staggered away, finding himself so weak and dazed he was obliged to clutch the table edge to keep from toppling over. Something cool and soft brushed against his hand, then the softness grew as iron and his fingers were loosened from their clutch. He staggered back, back against the basement wall. He heard Lucille's voice uttering a little cry of delight. His hands encountered the light switch, instinctively pressing. The room was a flood of yellow light, in the center of which, slowly retreating toward the tunnel exit from the house, revolver pointed steadily at him, with eyes sighting behind the revolver that were harder even than the glint of metal, stood Lucille Love, the precious packet of papers in her hand.

Slowly, without a word, she disappeared from view, departed as abruptly, as unexpectedly as she had appeared, making use of the spy's ingenuity to turn it against him in this, his greatest hour. For a moment he could not think or do anything; then he darted toward the tunnel, staggering back as a white hot iron seared his brow even as an orange spurt of flame leaped out the darkness at him.

He could not charge that way. He dashed to the stairs, rushing into the

house, those she had come through already. A light tapping on the door brought her to her feet, heartily ashamed of the false terrors she had allowed to unnerve her. She opened the door, and Ensign Howell entered.

Lucille regarded him coldly, in far different manner from the coquettish young woman who had put him off at the house of Loubeque.

"Miss—Miss"—he stammered, "why did you send me away from the appointment? The captain wishes to speak with you, and when you tell him the truth it will appear as though I"—

"You need have no fear," she answered quietly. "Will you kindly conduct me to the captain? I will explain everything."

The captain of the Terror regarded her steadily as she was brought before him. Seated at his desk, in the very throne of his authority, Lucille felt him a very much more formidable being than when she met him on the deck. This man was her enemy, would

be her enemy until the question of possession of the papers had been thoroughly thrashed out.

"Your name, please?" queried the commander shortly.

Lucille felt a thrill of pride running through her.

"My name, sir," she said quite simply, "is Lucille Love—daughter of General Sumpter Love, United States army."

The commander held out his hand.

"I am in receipt of orders from Washington," he said quietly, "to meet Hugo Loubeque, who would turn over to me certain papers and orders which he received from General Love while in command at Manila, and which he sold"—

"It's a lie!" Lucille's voice rang against the sides of the cabin with vibrant force.

"Yes, a lie," she repeated, quieting the fury which was racking her. "My father did receive the papers. There was a military ball in progress at the time. He gave them to his aid, Lieutenant Gibson, my fiancée, to put in the safe. That night they were stolen by a servant in the employ of Hugo Loubeque; stolen, I tell you, not sold."

The commander nodded coldly.

"Your contention is a matter for the court of inquiry to thresh out. I am

under orders to receive the packet of papers and take them to that court, together with the affidavit of Hugo Loubeque that they were sold to him. If they are in your possession, I will take them; if not, I shall be forced to turn back and find Mr. Loubeque."

"The papers are in my possession, sir. They belong to me until I can turn them over to my father, to whom they were sent. What he will do with them is a matter for the court of inquiry to decide."

"That is quite impossible," the man snapped sharply. "In the first place, your story is quite incredible—Lucille Love was drowned when the Empress took fire."

"Lucille Love is here, sir. Lucille Love was aboard the Empress, flew there with Mr. Harley, the government aviator, because she knew from a message she cut in on upon the telephone that Hugo Loubeque was aboard the Empress and that he had the papers. Ever since, through jungle, desert, land and water, I have followed him. I have seen the spy's diary. It is here with the papers—always. That will show his hatred for my father. That will explain. That will prove my story."

Even as the captain nodded, rising to his feet to eagerly watch the girl's

under the name of Lucille Love, he went immediately to the room examined the corpse.

Thompson had not been touched. Lay as he had been when Hugo I beque looked back at him from the way, his body twisted a bit from struggle with the spy, his right hand tightly clinching the revolver in month. Daly bent over him, uttered a little ejaculation of surprise, whetted the curiosity of the man instantly. After a long interval rose to his feet, holding a soiled label in his hand.

"Frank Thompson," he smiled quietly. "Here is the name of the man who made the suit he wears. I wonder how he ever came to go to Manila?"

"Manila?" Frankly curious was manager.

"Yes—Manila. No wonder that he hasn't been active in the states the last couple of years. Wonder we ever pulled Chicago Tom that far from State street."

"Then he was a crook?"

"It's my turn to ask questions," sergeant interrupted sharply. "say this suit was assigned to Lu Love?"

"A young woman who was arrested yesterday, sergeant, when she caught in Mr. Loubeque's suit, came here with Mr. Loubeque and registered her. Her first night she created a sensation by paying of the cabaret to allow her to do in her place. Yesterday a call came the office from Loubeque's suit the hotel sneak thief was in his apartment. When the detectives arrived the place was vacant, but the young woman caught on the fire escape and arrested in the custody of Mr. Rothe the big jeweler. It is a case of suit sergeant?"

Daly shook his head.

"Suicide! I should rather guess. Look at the man's gums. The gun forced into his mouth and the gum badly bruised in the doing of it. We can find this Lucille Love or Loubeque?"

Before the manager could answer telephone bell tinkled. He turned the detective excitedly, his hand pointed over the phone mouthpiece.

"A Lieutenant Gibson calling on I Love," he explained.

"Tell him to wait."

Richard Gibson was little inclined to cross examination when first the men approached him. Shamed of unreasoning jealousy of the girl loved, he had fought the battle with himself, coming to the conclusion that there must be a reasonable explanation for her conduct. Sergeant I regarded him steadily a moment, told him the reason for his wish to know everything. Gibson whirled to the manager, his face livid with fists clinched.

"And you had her arrested—you her?" Daly held the arm that about to strike, soothing him with quieting words.

Gibson flung upon his heel and the hotel, black hatred, suspicion, a thousand and one emotions in heart. At the jeweler's his tale to the proprietor to almost have a stroke of apoplexy.

"A murdered man in her suit was she was in the station house!" gasped. "Then she won't"—He flew in the depths of his emotion. "Then the necklace I sold must have been stolen!" he finally cried, his flashing vindictively.

"Sold—this necklace sold—who bought it?"

"A Hugo Loubeque—never heard millionaire by such a name, but he



am Lucille Love, daughter of General Love."

ntic search through the packet, a tie, dry sob broke from her lips. She recovered herself with an effort, aking her head as though to drive ay the mists of faintness which this, e crowning misfortune, had delivered r. The diary of Hugo Loubeque is not among the papers she had recovered.

The captain nodded toward his en- n, who, with a glance of sympathy ward the stricken girl, scooped up e papers and laid them before his manding officer.

Lucille turned and slowly left the m. Her eyes were fastened directly ead but she walked as one who rneys in slumber, unseeing, be- mbled. And her lips repeated over d over again:

"Too cruel! Cruel! Cruel!"

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the two hundred thousand to buy it, and I let it go."

"Hugo Loubeque?" Gibson grasped the amazed man by the shoulders and fairly shook answers from him.

Dick Gibson rushed from the establishment finally, an idea in his head which he cursed himself for not having thought of before—the house where he had last seen Lucille. Might not, was not, this mysterious Loubeque the one whose hand he had seen dragging her from the window?

Breathlessly he darted up to the door and, finding the lock still unrepai- red, dashed inside and up the stairs.

Suddenly he stopped, halted abruptly. He could hear no sound, yet was positive some one was close to him, that he was being watched.

"You wished to see me, sir?"

Silent and suave, his great, brooding eyes holding a light of melancholy and sorrow such as the young officer had never witnessed before, appearing as if by magic and now facing him, was Hugo Loubeque.

"Loubeque"—he stammered.

The international spy bowed gravely, his eyes still fastened upon the young man before him.

And as his eyes sought the carpet, away from the magnetic power of the man, all the rage returned to the young officer. This man was the one who had taken his sweetheart. His eyes roved the room, lighting upon a pair of broadsword crossed upon the wall. He caught the smile on the spy's face when he looked again at him and knew his thoughts had been read.

"What have you done with Lucille Love?" he cried.

"Miss Love," murmured Loubeque, his voice taking on a sighing note that fairly tortured the listener's ears—"Miss Love is on a warship bound for Washington, I believe."

"You know a man was murdered in her suit—that she was arrested as a 'sneak thief'?"

(To be Continued.)

Read "Lucille Love"

the Thrilling Serial Story now running in THE EXPRESS.

Then See the Story in Pictures at Wonderland

Next Series of Pictures shown on Tuesday evening next.

Australian Wells.

Until the settlers in the rolling downs in western Queensland found out that they could get water by means of artesian wells they were seriously thinking of giving up their farms and ranches on account of many successive years of drought. Now there are several hundred such wells in Queensland, from which the settlers get an unfailing supply of water. The deepest well, which is at Bimernah, has a depth of 5,045 feet. The shallowest well, at Manfred Downs, has a depth of ten feet. The well at Charleville is 1,371 feet deep and produces 3,000,000 gallons a day, the largest flow in the state. The daily flow from all the artesian wells of Queensland is estimated at over half a billion gallons.

'Children Cry for Fletcher's

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LOOKING AT A PHOTOGRAPH.

Better Effects Are Obtained When Only One Eye Is Used.

Photographs should be looked at with only one eye to appear best, says F. W. Marlow in an article on "How to Look at a Photograph" in the Photo Era.

"Most photographs, particularly small ones of landscapes, street scenes and interiors, fail to produce their full effect or to be estimated at their true value because they are not looked at in the most effective way," the author says. "Take as an example a print resulting from a camera with a five inch focus lens. Such a print is usually looked at with both eyes open and held at a distance of twelve inches or more. Now a camera is essentially a one eyed instrument, or, at any rate, it views the object to be reproduced from a single point, the optical center of the lens. The object must be looked at, therefore, with one eye only and from a point corresponding as nearly as possible to the optical center of the lens if its characteristics as it is to be reproduced in the camera are to be appreciated.

"Let it be remembered that when a print is looked at with both eyes open binocular vision emphasizes the flatness of the card, and this tends to off-

JAPAN'S DARING WHALERS.

They Risk Drowning to Escape the Infuriated Animal's Tail.

Many of the Japanese whalers are most expert and daring men. After a whale has been cornered, harpooned and is slowly giving out from exhaustion the nimble expert of the whaling crew must prove his mettle.

The skilled Jap, after jumping upon the animal's back and cutting two gashes in the head, one on each side, through which a rope must be run and tied, cannot always perform his work in one trial. Often the animal makes a deep dive. But the little Jap must hold fast to his quarry and dive also, trusting to his fates that his own air supply in his lungs will last as long as the whale's.

The Jap is safer from being drowned than from being crushed by the infuriated animal's tail. If the little Jap let go it usually means death, so he hangs on to the diving quarry. Frequently these whalers lose their lives from drowning, but the members of their crew look upon this misfortune with something of a fatalistic regard.

But the main business in hand is the capture of the whale. As the fight progresses and the maddened, frightened animal grows weaker and finally

injured the corpse. Thompson had not been touched. He is as he had been when Hugo Loubeque looked back at him from the doorway, his body twisted a bit from the struggle with the spy, his right hand tightly clinching the revolver in his mouth. Daly bent over him, uttering a little ejaculation of surprise which betted the curiosity of the manager instantly. After a long interval he rose to his feet, holding a soiled linen sheet in his hand.

"Frank Thompson," he smiled quietly. "Here is the name of the tailor who made the suit he wears. I wonder how he ever came to go to Manila." "Manila?" Frankly curious was the manager.

"Yes—Manila. No wonder that crook isn't been active in the states for the last couple of years. Wonder what-her pulled Chicago Tom that far away from State street."

"Then he was a crook?" "It's my turn to ask questions," the sergeant interrupted sharply. "You say this suit was assigned to Lucille Love?"

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Daly shook his head. "Suicide! I should rather guess not. Look at the man's gums. The gun was read into his mouth and the gums badly bruised in the doing of it. Where in I find this Lucille Love or Loubeque?"

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"Tell him to wait." Richard Gibson was little inclined for close examination when first the two men approached him. Shamed of his reasoning jealousy of the girl he loved, he had fought the battle out with himself, coming to the conclusion at there must be a reasonable explanation for her conduct. Sergeant Daly regarded him steadily a moment, then told him the reason for his wishing to know everything. Gibson whirled upon the manager, his face livid with rage, and clinched.

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There With the Answer.

In a public school one afternoon the teacher was instructing a class in physiology, and finally, in order to test the memory of the youngsters, she closed the book and began to ask questions.

"Willie," said she, addressing a bright faced boy near the head of the class, "can you give me a familiar example of the human body as it adapts itself to changed conditions?"

"Sure!" was the confident rejoinder. "My uncle Jake gained fifty pounds in less than one year, and his skin never cracked."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Buffalo's Hump.

The hump of the buffalo is not a mass of fat, as some people suppose, but is formed by neural spines in length fully double those of domestic cattle, and by the huge muscles which lie alongside and fill up the angle between these neural spines and the ribs.

Hair Dressing.

Little Julia's mother had just returned from a visit to the hairdresser with her hair all fluffy.

"Oh, mamma," cried Julia, "who fricasseed your hair?"—Chicago News.

Careful Man.

"Shall I pump up the tires, sir?" "Wait until we get into the country, Jacques. I heard a doctor say that the air around here is very impure."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Only a Trifling Delay.

Figg—Did you succeed in persuading your wife when she gets angry to count ten before she speaks? Fogg—Yes, but she's a very rapid counter.—Boston Transcript.

Make your life your monument.—Ben Jonson.

Germany's Uhlans.

The uhlan hussar was borrowed from the Polish military system. Uhlans means simply lancer. Hussar is a word that comes from the language of the Hungarians, meaning twenty. It commemorates the time when every group of twenty men in the kingdom was required to furnish one cavalryman. So it means the representative of twenty men. The word dates from the time of Matthias Corvinus, when in national Hungarian levies every twenty men had to furnish one fully equipped horseman, who, in accordance with the fact, was called "hussar."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Place Names In England.

England can boast that no other country possesses so many Scriptural place names as it does. The name of Jericho occurs six times on the ordinance maps, Paradise five times and Nineveh, Mount Zion, Mount Ararat and Mount Ephraim three times each. In Bedfordshire there is a Calvary wood and in Dorsetshire a Jordan hill.

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"Let it be remembered that when a print is looked at with both eyes open binocular vision emphasizes the flatness of the card, and this tends to offset the illusion of greater or less distance produced by the light and shade and perspective of the print. By using one eye the impression of flatness is greatly diminished. If at the same time the eye be placed at the right distance everything is seen under its natural angle or perspective, and the picture unfolds itself, the different objects receding to their proper relative distances, making details very obvious which may be unnoticed if looked at in the ordinary way.

"As a sort of corollary to the above use one eye alone to decide whether a landscape or other scene is worth taking. If with one eye the scene looks flat it will not make a satisfactory photograph."

The Jap is safer from being drowned than from being crushed by the infuriated animal's tail. If the little Jap let go it usually means death, so he hangs on to the diving quarry. Frequently these whalemens lose their lives from drowning, but the members of their crew look upon this misfortune with something of a fatalistic regard.

But the main business in hand is the capture of the whale. As the fight progresses and the maddened, frightened animal grows weaker and finally is dying the boat crews row closer to the body and pray for the ease of the departing spirit. Members of the crew will call out the words "Joraku, Joraku, Joraku!" and on the third day after the animal has been hauled ashore a service is held and prayers offered for the animal's future contentment in spirit.

As soon as the animal has been towed to the shore line he is cut up, the Japs making huge excavations and penetrating inside the animal's body as though entering a mine shaft or gallery and eventually making their exit, all covered with blood. It is a gruesome sight, but is looked upon purely as a matter of course among the Jap whalemens.—Exchange.

The Reliable Match

Match it with any other match and you will see that the quality of the DOMINION is unmatched.....



The Dominion Match Co., Limited, Deseronto, Ont.

W. S. MORDEN, President. C. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Modernize your Kitchen

One by one the bugbears of housekeeping are being put to rout through the instrumentality of gas. The modern kitchen—which means the all-gas kitchen—is now a recognized part of the up-to-date home. The all-gas kitchen lightens labor. It means a clean, wholesome, sanitary kitchen, as there is no coal dust or ashes to be spread around, and it becomes a real pleasure to work in it. Every housewife desires to cook and heat water in the most economical way, in the quickest, most dependable way, with the least possible work.

The All-Gas way is the solution to the problem.

The hot weather is here now and if you want a cool, comfortable kitchen this summer come and select your Gas Range and Water Heater now. We have ranges at all prices.

**The Napanee Gas Company,
Limited.
NAPANEE.**



"No more Dyspepsia for Us!"

There isn't a member of the family need suffer from indigestion, sick headaches, biliousness, fermented stomach, etc., if he or she will take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cleanse the stomach and bowels and stimulate the liver to healthy activity and tone up the whole system. Take one at night and you're RIGHT in the morning.

All druggists, 25c, or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto. 16

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

Scientific Farming

THE APPLE ROOT BORER.

How This Enemy of Apple Orchards May Be Controlled.

(Prepared by United States department of agriculture.)

An enemy of apple orchards which must be controlled by protecting the trunk of the tree from the egg rather than by killing the insect is the "apple root borer." The adult borer is a tiny slender beetle which has a metallic purplish or coppery luster. This beetle lays its eggs in the late spring and glues them tightly to the bark of the trunk a few inches above the ground. The eggs are usually deposited one by one, though occasionally in pairs. They are usually attached to a smooth surface, but are sometimes inserted in a crack or beneath a scale of bark.

When the larva hatches it leaves the egg from the underside and enters directly into the bark, thrusting its castings backward into the discarded shell and so filling it that it retains its normal size and shape. The abandoned shell often adheres to the bark for a year or longer.

The work of the insect is obscure, there being no chips or castings thrown to the surface, as is the case with the common round headed apple tree borer. The egg, which is placed rather conspicuously on the bark of the trunk, and the exit hole in the bark through which the adult escapes from the wood are the only external marks made by the insect on the tree. In addition to the injury resulting from the damaged



COMMUNITY CENTERS.

The outgrowth of diversified farming in Wisconsin has been the development of the breeding industry both with plants and animals, says H. L. Russell, dean of the College of Agriculture, University of Wisconsin. Wisconsin has long been noted for its pure bred flocks and herds, but her farmers have not been content with merely individual effort. Long have they realized that in community or collective action much greater profit could be made than by separate effort. The organization of community centers has now gone so far that nearly every county is organized for collective effort. Several regions are so dominantly given over to one breed and type that their fame is now nation wide and their profits correspondingly enhanced. What has been done with live stock has also been repeated with pedigree grains until the state is generally recognized as the greatest pure bred seed producing state in the Union. Quantity is always a prominent feature in output, but it is of far more importance to emphasize quality than quantity because of the increased returns. The momentum which this movement has already gained in the state makes easier future expansion if the quality brand is safeguarded.

FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE.

European Scientists Have Been Hunting the Germ.

For years European scientists have hunted the germ of foot and mouth disease, but only one of them claims to have discovered it, and he has not been able to demonstrate his contention, says the Country Gentleman. Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute, in New York city, has now joined in the hunt. He went to Chicago soon after the outbreak was discovered among the cattle at the national dairy show. Dr. Flexner is able to do this work through an appropriation recently made by the Rockefeller foundation.

The preservation of the valuable animals at the dairy show in the face of numerous cases of the disease in a number of the herds has brought out

Making the Little Farm Pay

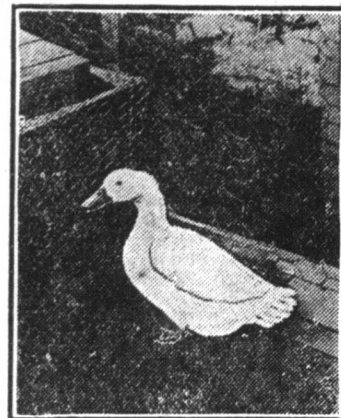
By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Duck farms are becoming numerous in the middle west. This kind of a poultry enterprise is easily started and pays well. Ducks are hardy fowls and grow into money fast, returning a big profit on the investment and labor.

The general aim is to meet the steady demand for poultry in the large cities, and to do this ducks are supplied at all ages from six weeks to six months and at weights varying from two to eight pounds. It is one of the best features of this industry that prices have constantly advanced and that the market never has been oversupplied.

Experts have shown that general purpose ducks, preferably the Peking breed, can be placed on the market at a total cost of 5 cents a pound where breeders are able to raise the feed and have good facilities for shipping. Those who do not have the best facilities for raising poultry will have to reckon the cost of production at something like 7 cents a pound, but even this outside figure leaves a large margin of profit. The retail price averages 25 cents a pound for young roasting ducks and 20 cents for matured stock.

It is claimed that ducks are more uniformly healthy than almost any other domestic fowl, that the percent-



A PEKING DUCK.

age of loss is light, that the market prices are steady and that the product grows into dollars fast.

It is a knowledge of these facts in connection with a generally high level of prices for farm commodities that is causing the duck farms to spring up in all directions. Many of the new poultry plants are quite extensive, and perhaps the development at present is much greater with ducks than with any other class of poultry, although there is material progress also with chickens and geese.

It can be truthfully said that no class of poultry will prove safer or more profitable than ducks in the hands of amateurs or farmers whose experience along this line is limited. Many beginners with poultry enterprises fail completely or at best barely save their investment. Others clean up money fast and build up a permanent, successful trade. The reason for this difference is rather hard to define. Intelligent care and perseverance have

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Colored handkerchiefs should be soaked in cold water for short time before they are washed. This will prevent the color from running or fading.

If the piano keys are washed with a soft flannel dipped in a alcohol they will retain their color and not grow yellow as they do when washed with water.

To prevent pictures from slipping and hanging uneven hang them first with their face to the wall and then twist around so that the wires cross. This will prevent them from slipping.

To wash painted plaster wall add two parts of warm water one part milk, soaping cloth as usual. After cleansing rinse with clear water and dry quickly.

A flannel cloth dipped in cantharidin oil will remove white blister spots from a polished table that come from overheated dishes. Unless spots have eaten in too deep this will work.

CHOOSING WALL PAPER

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The treatment of the walls necessarily plays an important part in the correct arrangement of any room and often the means of bringing order of apparently hopeless decorative chaos.

If the ceiling is very low the walls must be treated in such a way that the ceiling appears higher than it really is. In such cases the use of a paper having a very pronounced vertical stripe will be helpful if no frieze be used the paper extends to the ceiling.

A plain surfaced paper sometimes has the same effect, while the use of a very deep frieze or the use of the same paper upon the ceiling and a frieze perhaps unusual depth has the effect of making even a room with a high ceiling appear lower because it emphasizes the horizontal rather than the vertical dimension.

KNITTING BAGS.

Dainty Affairs Into Which the Ball Needles May Be Slipped.

The smart woman is always anxious in the matter of bags or similar accessories to the costume. Unfortunately tempting looking bags are so common and manufacturers bring out such great variety of these that one must not only be vigilant, but prosperous keep up with the styles.

Nowadays, too, there are bags for every occasion. There is the ever-





DAMAGE CAUSED BY BORER IN THE APPLE ROOT BY BURNING

roots, the exit holes in the bark admit more or less water, which frequently induces decay of the heart wood.

The apple root borer probably occurs throughout the greater part of the eastern United States and has been found as far west as Michigan. In portions of the Appalachian region it does considerable damage to young fruit trees.

When fruit is setting in the spring such paints, washes, sticky substances or mechanical devices as are used to prevent the round headed apple tree borer furnish equal protection against other insects. The eggs may also be prevented from being placed on the bark by temporary wrappers of paper or burlap or any other material that will entirely cover the lower two feet of the trunk for a period of four or five weeks following the blooming season.

Treatment with sticky adhesives or heavy paints that are not injurious to trees will answer the same purpose. The insects' concealed method of feeding does not permit the use of the "digging out" process, which is effectively used by fruit growers against a number of fruit tree borers.

The borer also is to be feared because it develops freely in the common service tree. It has also been found on wild thorn and chokeberry. The nearness of woods where these trees flourish may be regarded as a possible source of danger to an apple orchard.

To Wash a Greasy Bottle.

To wash a bottle or a glass that has contained oil use very hot coffee grounds. If the glass be badly incrustated wash it with a mixture of bichromate of potash and sulphuric acid in equal parts, being careful not to get a drop of this upon the fingers, as it is a powerful caustic. Then wash in several waters.

A Moving Reason.

Grannie—Why should I take an other chair, Gerald? Don't you think I'm comfortable here?

Gerald—Yes, gran'ma, but I'm afraid my little kitten isn't. She's there too.—London Opinion.

An Optimist.

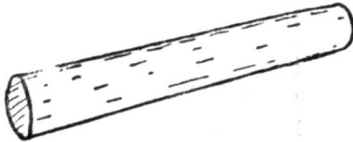
"Pa, what is an optimist?"
"An optimist, my son, is the man who makes himself believe it will not rain to-morrow because he doesn't possess an umbrella."

Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller institute, in New York city, has now joined in the hunt. He went to Chicago soon after the outbreak was discovered among the cattle at the national dairy show. Dr. Flexner is able to do this work through an appropriation recently made by the Rockefeller foundation.

The preservation of the valuable animals at the dairy show in the face of numerous cases of the disease in a number of the herds has brought out a variety of opinions concerning the effect of the disease in producing immunity. Some authorities assert that cattle are rendered immune for a time after recovery, while others assert that an animal on the road to recovery may become reinfected. It has also been stated that cattle could be immunized by the use of attenuated serum, but that the effect on the animal would be such as to make it unprofitable for a considerable period.

Repairing Roller Bearing Boxes.

Recently I had trouble with a roller bearing disk, says a writer in the Iowa Homestead. The rollers and spindles had become so worn that there was room left for the rollers to lock. This made the disks slide. So instead of purchasing four new complete boxes



which would have cost me \$8, I bought a twenty foot piece of round shaft steel, seven-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, for 45 cents. This was cut into lengths corresponding to the old five-sixteenth inch rollers. These larger rollers took up all the wear, and I have practically a new disk for 45 cents and four hours' work.

Wouldn't Hear the Game.

An exceptionally voluble golfer was vainly endeavoring to move a ball with his driver. Pausing in his efforts, he espied, watching him, a small girl, holding by the hand a still smaller boy. Immediately visions of flying golf balls flashed across his mind. "You ought not to bring your little brother here," he cautioned the girl. "Oh, it's all right, sir," came the reply. "He's stone deaf."—Exchange.

Handy Fire Killer.

A siphon of soda water is an excellent fire extinguisher, as the carbonic acid gas in the soda water helps to stifle the flames. The siphon can be tilted, and the fluid will carry to a considerable height, such as the top of a blazing curtain.

Safely Over It.

"Yes; I have a nice little home in the suburbs."
"Raise chickens, do you?"
"No; I passed that stage two years ago."—Pittsburgh Post.

Usury.

Artist—I've spent a dollar car fare totting that sketch around town, yet you only offer me \$2. Art Editor—Well, that's 100 per cent on your money, isn't it?—Life.

Good Cook.

"Have you a good cook, Mrs. Jake?"
"The cook's good enough, but her cooking is awful."—Baltimore American.

there is material progress also with chickens and geese.

It can be truthfully said that no class of poultry will prove safer or more profitable than ducks in the hands of amateurs or farmers whose experience along this line is limited. Many beginners with poultry enterprises fail completely or at best barely save their investment. Others clean up money fast and build up a permanent, successful trade. The reason for this difference is rather hard to define. Intelligent care and perseverance have much to do with success in poultry as well as in other lines of business. Only once in a while is success or failure a matter of luck.

The first move in getting ready for a duck farm should be to set apart an acre or two of ground for a pasture and on which a variety of vegetables as well as grass and clover can be grown. Another early move must be to provide a clean, snug building or a series of small buildings, in which the flocks may be housed safely and comfortably. The birds at all ages need to be shut in tight at night from intruders of all kinds, and vermin must not be allowed to get a hold on the premises. A third step is the selection of stock that is known to be large and vigorous. Nothing is to be left to chance, but every detail must be carefully managed, and then there is a certainty of success, for the fowls are hardy and their food requirements simple and cheap.

A plant should not be started with less than an acre. This is sufficient to handle 500 ducks, and if more are desired a little more land should be used for range and pasture. Swimming ponds are not essential and, in fact, may be considered a detriment, but it is best to have troughs and keep them supplied with fresh water for drinking and splashing. As ducks feed largely on green material, calling for very little grain, their feeding is not expensive considering their rapid growth into marketable poultry. The main food required outside of pasture is a soft ration of mill stuffs, such as middlings. When it comes to fattening time they can be forced by adding ground corn to the diet. This grain is only needed once a day. The mash should be given twice a day, and there needs to be a supply of green food such as clover, cabbage, etc., at all times, but this can be of the most inexpensive sort.

Housekeepers may look with satisfaction on this new move to increase the supply of wholesome poultry. Duck meat at 20 cents a pound is not considered an extravagance, and it compares favorably with beef. This class of poultry might easily be raised in such quantities that it would sell for 10 cents a pound, and breeders owning a few acres of land for range and the production of feed would find the business profitable at much lower prices than those now prevailing.

Deep Doings.

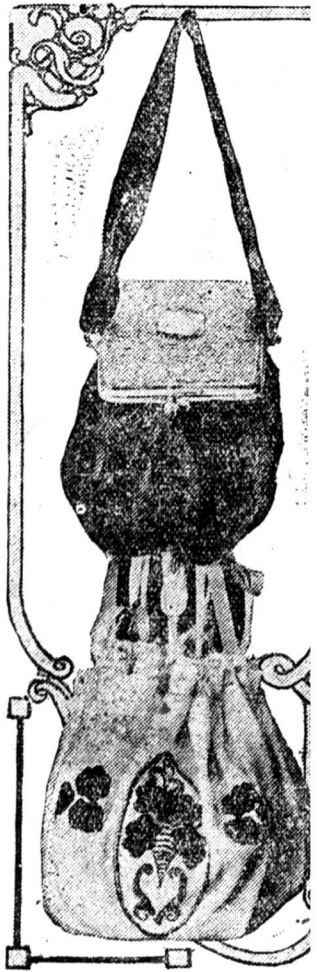
"What's ailing Mr. Trout?"
"He suffers from sunstroke."
"Go on! Whoever heard of a fish with a sunstroke?"
"Well, you see, it was a sunfish that bumped into him."—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

Stubborn labor conquers everything.—Virgil.

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

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Nowadays, too, there are bag every occasion. There is the eve



VANITY AND KNITTING BAGS.

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Pictured here is a model furnished with the beauty helps that the modern woman likes to have constantly hand. The top of the bag is of silk with a mirror set inside. Carried in satin there is a pendent jewel give a touch of color below.

Now that every one is knitting the war sufferers, woman must have fancy bags in which to carry materials for the work. The knitted bag illustrated is a circular affair natural colored linen drawn up at top by pink baby ribbon and finished with narrow val lace. It is embroidered in rose color and green.

Young Skeptic.

"Oh, dear me, I told my little there wasn't any Santa Claus."
"Well?"
"And now she won't believe Satan."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Where Ignorance is Bliss.

"All men are fools," exclaimed a pessimist.
"True," agreed the optimist. "I they are not reminded so often of if they remain single."—Puck.

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THE IDEAL DINNER

Foods Should Be Selected With Regard to Nutritive Values.

ECONOMY IN MENU MAKING.

At This Time It Is Especially Useful to Know How to Serve Inexpensive Foods to the Best Advantage—Many Useful Substitutes For Meat.

Prepared by the United States department of agriculture.

Dinner, the heaviest meal of the day, usually has a meat or fish dish as its principal item, with vegetables and bread and butter and perhaps a relish, such as jelly, to accompany it and a sweet dessert to "top off with." If the rest of her dinner is lighter or simpler than usual a good manager often finds it worth while to let a soup precede the meat. This adds to the attractiveness of the meal and need not mean much extra work. Unless it is a thick broth or is made with milk, the soup has little nutritive value, but it is usually relished, especially in cold weather, and is often an economical way of using up leftovers. The serving of a little soup as an appetizer for the first course of dinner is a common custom in homes where somewhat elaborate meals are the rule.

Piecing Out the Meat Course.

A way of piecing out a very simple meat course is to make the vegetables especially attractive and more nutritious, perhaps serving escalloped potatoes, which have milk and butter added, or macaroni and cheese instead of plain boiled potatoes, or, if the family is fond of such things, providing some kind of simple vegetable or fruit salad, perhaps as a separate course. On the other hand, if some expensive cut, such as beefsteak, is the main feature of the meal the other parts of the dinner may be made simpler than usual and the total expenditure kept not far from the average, or an expensive meal on one day may be followed by a judicious use of leftovers the next day.

In parts of the country where good fresh fish is available it makes an excellent substitute for meat, for sea food has a similar nutritive value, usually costs less and is quite worthy of more frequent use than is common. Dried, pickled and smoked meat and fish also have their uses to vary the diet and can often be used for economical dishes. Cheese, eggs, beans and similar legumes and nuts are other foodstuffs which may be used for the preparation of dishes to replace meat if one wishes to do so.

The Vegetable Course.

In choosing the vegetables for a meal it is worth while to remember that potatoes, both white and sweet, the staple carbohydrate vegetables, contain much larger proportions of nutrients than most vegetables. They resemble cooked macaroni, rice and hominy in food value, and these can be used to take their place when convenience or the wish for variety makes this desirable. It would be better judgment not to serve several of this group at the same meal, not because, as it is sometimes stated in popular literature, the body is harmed by receiving sev-

the highly flavored root vegetables, such as parsnips and turnips, should be used in combination with the more nutritious kinds, not only for the sake of their flavor, but also for furnishing the body with valuable chemical substances, especially mineral elements.

Dried beans, peas, cowpeas and lentils contain a good deal of nitrogenous material as well as starch and can be used with economy to lessen the amount of meat. Thus the old custom of serving baked beans, peas and bacon and similar dishes as the heavy dish of a meal is justified on the ground of nutritive value.

Serving the Desserts.

The custom of finishing dinner with a sweet dessert is almost universal in this country and is, on the whole, a reasonable one. Badly cooked pastries and puddings very often cause digestive disturbance, but the simpler kinds properly made are wholesome and are fairly nutritious, and fruits, fresh, dried or cooked, and nuts are always in order and easy to serve. The desserts that require much time and labor to prepare are usually not worth while for ordinary family use, though suitable enough for special occasions. On days when the housework is especially heavy it may be good management to substitute fresh fruits or preserves with cakes or cookies for a "made" dessert. If the rest of the meal is light a nutritious dessert is in order, and milk, eggs, butter and sugar are ingredients which contribute materially to the food value of such dishes.

Combining Winter Fruits.

Remove the center leaves of small heads of lettuce so as to make a cup. Into this put shredded celery or apple or both with finely shredded red pepper and a few white grapes cut in halves and seeded. This should be mixed and garnished with a smooth French dressing to which has been added walnut meats chopped to a pulp.

Nest Eggs For Jam Pots.

When a large glass jar of jam or preserves is opened and it is but the housekeeper's desire to use it all at once she is often in a quandary to know how to dispose of what is left when the first few spoonfuls have been removed. The best method yet suggested is this:

Let the housekeeper have a small stock of china nest eggs, which can be bought for about a cent apiece. When she removes part of the contents of a jar let her drop into it enough of the china eggs to raise the contents to the top again; then replace the cover. Of course the china eggs should be dipped into boiling water first in order that they may not introduce the germs of decay.—New York World.

The Farmer Must Be Trained.

Today the advanced tiller of the soil must come up to his calling as fully equipped for service as the lawyer, the editor, the doctor, the captain of industry, for the curious fact has developed that the calling in which the unlettered and untrained man was once supposed to have as good a chance as the educated one is now the calling in which wide and varied knowledge is as imperative as in almost any other known among men.—W. S. Harwood.

All Answered.

"Well, Jean, are you content about your examination?"

"Yes, grandpa; I answered all the

MIRACULOUS CURE OF ASTHMA

Suffered Terribly for 15 Years Until He Tried "Fruit-a-lives"



D. A. WHITE, Esq.

21 WALLACE AVE., TORONTO,

Dec. 22nd. 1913.

"Having been a great sufferer from Asthma for a period of fifteen years (sometimes having to sit up at night for weeks at a time) I began the use of "Fruit-a-lives". These wonderful tablets relieved me of Indigestion, and through the continued use of same, I am no longer distressed with that terrible disease, Asthma, thanks to "Fruit-a-lives" which are worth their weight in gold to anyone suffering as I did. I would heartily recommend them to all sufferers from Asthma, which I believe is caused or aggravated by Indigestion".

D. A. WHITE

For Asthma, for Hay Fever, for any trouble caused by excessive nervousness due to Impure Blood, faulty Digestion or Constipation, take "Fruit-a-lives"

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

WINTER GARDENING.

Rhubarb, asparagus, sea kale and French endive are easily forced under the greenhouse bench. They may also be grown successfully in house cellars provided with furnaces.

Rhubarb gives the best results when forced if the roots are first frozen for a few days before they are planted. This serves as a rest period and causes a more vigorous growth of stem.

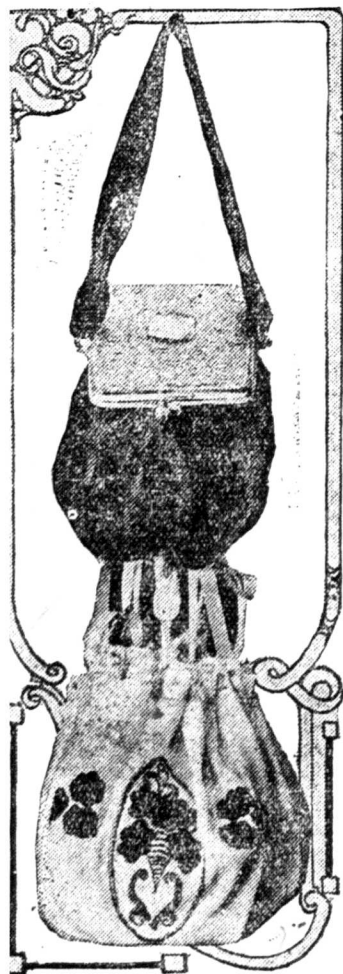
French endive (also known as witloof) is not very well known in our markets, but it is a most delicious salad plant and should be more largely grown. Roots may be purchased for trial this winter if you do not have your own.

Keep the root crops—beets, carrots, turnips, etc.—moist. This is easily accomplished by covering with moist sand or soil. A cool cellar is satisfactory for the storage of all root crops.

There never was a time when gardeners were more justified in saving any wood ashes that may be produced about the premises. Their content of both lime and potash is beneficial to the garden crops.

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"Yes, grandpa; I answered all the questions."

"And how did you answer them?"

"I answered that I didn't know."—Paris Rire.

A Hot One.

He—Girls are queer creatures; they marry the first fool who asks them, as a rule. I suppose you'd do the same, wouldn't you? She—Suppose you ask me and find out.—Boston Transcript.

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If very strong, early plants are desired they must not be crowded in the cold frame after they have been reset from the hotbed or greenhouse. Cabbage plants should stand about one and one-fourth inches apart. Tomato plants two inches apart the first transplanting and four the second. Lettuce should have about two inches each way in order to develop the strongest plants.—National Stockman and Farmer.

PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION

Complete Your Plans Now

The important thing now is to complete at once your plan for the year's work—for increased production. By planning well in advance, each month's operations can be carried through more effectively when the time comes. Delays later on, through neglect of this, will mean loss to you and to the Empire.

Use the Best Seed

This year, for the sake of the Empire, farmers should be exceptionally careful in the selection of seed. Cheap seed is often the dearest. If every Canadian farmer would use only the best varieties, and sow on properly cultivated soil, the grain output of Canadian farms would be doubled. Deal only with reliable seedsmen. Write at once to Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, and to your Provincial Agricultural Department for information as to the best varieties of seed to be used in your particular locality, and use no others.

ATTEND YOUR CONFERENCE

Clean Your Seed

All grain intended for seed should be thoroughly cleaned and selected to retain only the strong kernels. You can reap only what you sow. It does not pay to sow weeds. Clean seed means larger crops and helps to keep the land clean. When you have your seed grain ready, put it through the cleaner once more.

Test Your Seed

Test your seed for vitality, too. Seed is not always as good as it looks. For example, oats, quite normal in appearance and weight, may be so badly damaged by frost that their value for seed is completely destroyed. If you have any doubt as to the quality of your seed a sample may be sent free to the seed laboratory at Ottawa, or Calgary, for test. But in most cases this simple test will prove sufficient:—

Take a saucer and two pieces of blotting paper. Place seed between blotting papers. Keep moist and in a warm place. In a few days, you will be able to see whether the vitality is there. Neglect to test your seed may mean the loss of crop.

The Farm Labour Problem

The Government suggests the forming of an active committee in every town and city, composed of town and country men and women. This committee would find out the sort of help the farmers of their locality need, and get a list of the unemployed in their town or city, who are suitable for farm labour. With this information, the committee would be in a good position to get the right man for the right place.

Councils, both rural and urban, Boards of Trade and other organizations could advantageously finance such work. Every unemployed man in the town or city who is placed on the farm becomes immediately a producer, instead of a mere consumer and a civic expense.

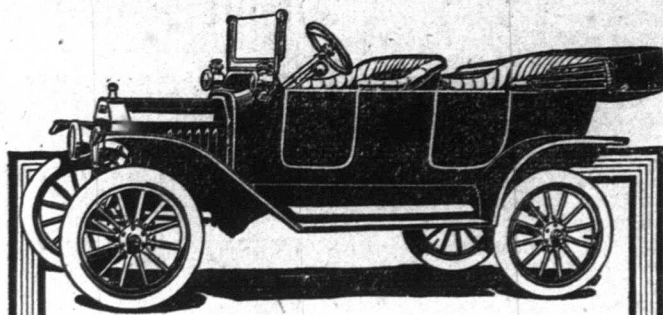
Increase Your Live Stock

Breeding stock are today Canada's most valuable asset. The one outstanding feature of the world's farming is that there will soon be a great shortage of meat supplies. Save your breeding stock. Plan to increase your live stock. Europe and the United States as well as Canada will pay higher prices for beef, mutton and bacon in the very near future. Do not sacrifice now. Remember that live stock is the only basis for prosperous agriculture. You are farming not speculating.

Canadian
Department of
Agriculture,
Ottawa, Canada

No Postage Required.
Publications Branch, Canadian Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa.
Please send me Bulletins relating to Seed.

Name.....
P.O. Address.....
County..... Prov.....



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$590

Prices of other Ford Cars are: Two-passenger Runabout \$540, Two-passenger Coupelet \$850, Five-passenger Sedan \$1150. All cars fully equipped, including electric headlights. Prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. Buyers of all Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1st, 1914, and August 1st, 1915. All Ford cars are on exhibition at

W. J. NORMILE'S
SHOW ROOMS, - NAPANEE



**Fresh Oysters,
Finnan Haddies,
Filletts and Smelts**

—Also—

Best Quality Coal Oil

—AT—

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 180.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3-11

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Mrs. Stephens, Picton, who is blind, has knit nineteen mufflers for the Red Cross Society.

Buffet, regular \$30.00, for \$22.55 at
JUDSON'S FURNITURE STORE.

10-a

The Alladin lamp supplies can be procured at Wallace's Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

The High County Constable was "seeing things" about 5 a.m., last Saturday morning.

Last week Mr. Reuben Shipman received settlement of the damages awarded him in the collision of his schooner Winnie Wing and the Phin Bros.' mud scow in the river in 1913.

Messrs. Grass and Birrell have secured the east store in the Miller Block on Dundas street, and will put in a cracking mill. The motors and machinery have been purchased and will be installed soon.

Kingston is holding a Military Carnival for four days, Feb. 22nd, 23rd, 24th, and 25th. Single fares will be given on all railways so that all friends of the soldier boys may have an opportunity of visiting them at Kingston before they leave for England.

The subjects in Grace Church on Sunday are as follows: a.m., "Every man in his place," p.m., "Opportunity and Urgency." Was Thomas A. Edison right when he said, "that the difference in men lay largely in their ability to seize the opportunity when it came." The evening sermon is special to young people.

The pancake social, in St. Mary Magdalene's Sunday School on Tuesday evening was a great success. The pancakes were delicious. Great praise should be given to those who mixed and baked them. Try it again teachers of the Sunday School and we assure you the place will be packed.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

9.30 a.m.—Class Meeting.

10.30 a.m.—Morning Worship. Subject, "Every man in his place," or "The secret of success in Church life." Will every member make an effort to be present.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7 p.m.—Evening service. Subject, "Opportunity and Urgency." A special sermon to young people. Song service 10 minutes to 7.

Monday, 8 p.m.—The Rev. H. B. Kenny will give his popular lecture on "The old and the new Woman."

Wednesday—Commencing on Wednesday and continuing for two weeks, special evangelistic services will be held in this Church. The meetings will be in charge of the pastor, assisted by the officials and members. Keep March 17th in reserve.

FARMERS:

Read Madole's prices on Wire Fence on page 1.

USE VANLUVEN'S COAL.

Because it is economical and burns satisfactorily under all weather conditions, is easily regulated to minimum or maximum heat.

At Home.

The ladies of the W.C.T.U., will be "At Home" to the general public at the home of Mrs. Geo. Baughan, Adelphi street, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 23rd, from 8 to 10. A good program has been provided. Gentlemen specially invited. Silver collection.

LADIES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The report for the rifle shooting is as follows:

Feb. 11th.

Squad No. 1—Highest score, Mrs H. E. Boyle 57, average 33.

Squad No. 3—Highest score, Mrs. E. I. Boyle 47, Mrs. (Dr.) Campbell 47, average 22.

Feb. 16th.

Squad No. 2—Highest score, Miss Allingham, 47, average 31.

Squad No. 4—Highest score, Miss Chinneck 49, average 29.

TRINITY CHURCH NOTES.

The anniversary services will be held on March 7th. The Church has been very fortunate in being able to secure the services of Rev. W. H. Hincks, L.L.B., D.D., of Toronto. Mr. Hincks is recognized as the most popular Methodist Minister in the city of Toronto. On Sunday evening next Rev. E. W. Stapleford, B.A., one of the leading ministers of the British Columbia Conference will speak on "Great Britain and the War." Mr. Stapleford was in London when war was declared against Germany. Be sure and hear Mr. Stapleford.

BATH RED CROSS SOCIETY.

A branch of the Red Cross Society has been organized in Bath, and enthusiastic interest is evidenced by the ladies of Bath and vicinity, for already there are enrolled twenty-four members and many more are expected. There is room and work for all, and all are welcome. The meetings are held in the library every Thursday afternoon at two o'clock. On Friday evening, Feb. 19th, W. S. Herrington, K.C., will give, in aid of this branch, a lecture on Belgium and the European War with lime light views.

Ladies and Gentlemen.

If your hair is thin, faded or dis-

Overcoats

—and—

Winter Suits

**Tailored to hold
Their Shape**

Best of Trimmings

Thoroughly Shrunk

**Care in the Making—
that's the Secret.**

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister
10.30 a.m.—The Rev. Ja. Gan will preach.

11.45—Sunday School and B Class.

7 p.m.—Rev. Jas. Gandier. Gandier is well and favorably known in Canada.

THE "AT HOME."

Under the auspices of the W.M. of Grace Church, will be held 1 afternoon, (Friday) at the residence of Mrs. G. W. Gibbard from three six. Cake and candy for sale. mission 15 cents.

SPECIAL SERVICES.

Commencing on Wednesday evening of next week, Feb. 24th, and continuing for two weeks, special evangelistic services will be held in Grace Church. These services will be charge of the pastor, assisted by officers and members. The meetings will commence every night at 15 minutes to 8, and will close about 9 p.m. Special music, bright service. Everyone welcome.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 21st.

Services at S. Mary Magdal Church:

10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

7 p.m.—Evening prayer.

Sermons on the Sunday evening Lent on "The Great Things of Life" Daily services at 8.30 a.m., (except Wednesdays) 5 p.m.

Wednesday, Feb. 24th, 7.30 p.m. Preacher, Rev. Canon Beamish, rector of St. Thomas' Church, Belleville.

J. H. H. COLEMAN, Vicar

CREDIT SALE.

On Friday, February 26th, 1915, one o'clock sharp, on lot 23, concession of Richmond, one north of Napanee, we will offer sale the following farm stock implements: 14 good young cows yearling calves, 4 brood sows, shoats, 4 geese, 5 turkeys, and about 50 hens, 1 manure spreader, 1 drill, 1 steel roller, Frost & Co. binder, 1 disc harrow, 1 mowing

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Mrs. Stephens, Picton, who is blind, has knit nineteen mufflers for the Red Cross Society.

Anyone thinking of buying a motorcycle would do well to see us before buying. **BOYLE & SON.**

Miss Kathleen S. Kennedy, Tamworth, was invested with the Holy Habit in the Hotel Dieu Chapel, Kingston, on Tuesday morning.

Mr. Foster is planning to re-model Wonderland, putting in side exits and making a larger seating capacity. The plans have been sent to Toronto for approval.

The Ore Chimney Company, Kalar, Ont., has just received a monstrous plant in the shape of a stamp mill for its Northbrook mine. The cost is somewhere in the neighborhood of \$49,000.

The sum of \$3,000 will be paid to Mrs. Josie Savage, of Kingston, by the Grand Trunk Railway Company, for the death of her husband, Arthur Savage, who was killed last December at a railway crossing at Kingston Mills.

Herbert S. Pringle, B.A., Barrister-at-Law and Solicitor, formerly with the firm of Tait, Brandon and Hall, has opened an office for the practice of his profession in Suite 608, B.C., Permanent Loan Building, corner of Douglas and Johnson Streets, Victoria, B.C. Mr. Pringle is a former Napanee boy.

A fresh supply of Nature's Remedy Tablets at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited. Call and get a sample. No coupon required.



NEW FALL SUITS
 —AT—
\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds, New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.
 Napanee Ont.

man in his place," p.m., "Opportunity and Urgency." Was Thomas A. Edison right when he said, "that the difference in men lay largely in their ability to seize the opportunity when it came." The evening sermon is special to young people.

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The Napanee hockey team have arranged to play a game with the Deseronto Mohawk team at Belleville, on Monday evening. A reduced fare has been arranged going on the 4.10 train only. Fare 90 cents. Tickets to be purchased at J. L. Boyes. Outside officials will have charge of the game.

Mr. Isaac Amey, turnkey of the gaol, who had been ill for some months of Bright's disease, passed away on Friday last. Deceased was 64 years of age and leaves besides his widow, four children, one son, George, in Chicago, and three daughters, Mrs. B. Leaming, Belleville, and Misses Estella and Edna at home. The funeral took place on Monday afternoon, the Oddfellows attending in a large body.

One of the oldest residents of north Fredericksburgh died on Saturday evening last, after only a few days illness, in the person of John Cummings, aged ninety years, eight months and thirteen days. Deceased leaves besides his aged widow, who is eighty-seven years of age, three sons, William E., and Wesley, North Fredericksburgh and Chas. in the west. He died at the residence of his son, Wm. E. Cummings, where, with his aged wife, he has been tenderly cared for by his son. The funeral took place Monday afternoon to Morven cemetery vault.

ARE YOU A CAMERA FIEND?

The Ansco Film and Cyko Paper insure success. Developing and printing on shortest notice, at Hooper's—The Medical Hall, Agency for Ansco Cameras and photo supplies.

Farmers With Silos.

Mr. G. B. Curran, Agricultural Office, Napanee, wishes a complete list of farmers having silos in the county. To every farmer who mails him a post card giving height and width of his silo Mr. Curran will mail free of charge a sample of Kiln dried Seed Corn of Wis. No. 7, Bailey, Early White Cap, or Golden Glow dent corn. The sample will plant 100 hills. Send in your name at once before you forget and receive this sample of corn free.



The Red Cross Society

The work-rooms will be open as usual Saturday morning and afternoon. All willing to help in any way with the work for the soldiers, are invited, as there is much to be done. Afternoon tea will be served.

The thanks of the Society are due to the Napanee Band who so kindly gave their services last Friday, thus making the evening most enjoyable for all present.

ladies of Bath and vicinity, for already there are enrolled twenty-four members and many more are expected. There is room and work for all, and all are welcome. The meetings are held in the library every Thursday afternoon at two o'clock. On Friday evening, Feb. 19th, W. S. Herrington, K.C., will give, in aid of this branch, a lecture on Belgium and the European War with lime light views.

Ladies and Gentlemen.

If your hair is thin, faded or discolored, or if bald, if you would make your appearance attractive and youthful and benefit your health and comfort, be sure you see the Dorenwend Company's wonderful display of quality hair goods at the Paisley House, Napanee, on Friday, February 20th. Switches, Braids, Transformations, Pompadours, Wavillets, etc. of unsurpassed quality hair and workmanship. Also Dorenwend art and hair-toupees for bald men, including the famous sanitary patent structures. You are offered a free demonstration of any style. Remember the date, Friday, Feb. 20th.

FAREWELL TO COL. RATHBUN.

Saturday evening the citizens of Deseronto, irrespective of class or creed, crowded Naylor's Theatre to say good-bye to Lieut.-Col. E. Walter Rathbun, commander of the 6th Artillery Brigade, which is to sail with the second contingent for service abroad. Dr. Newton, an old-time friend of the Colonel's father, presided, being supported by A. A. Richardson, ex-M.P.P. Rural Dean Creagan read a splendidly worded address to Col. Rathbun, who was visibly affected. In his reply the Col. made an impassioned plea for young men to give themselves to the Empire in her hour of need. Col. Ponton of Belleville eulogized Col. Rathbun as a leader of men. Mrs. Rathbun was presented with a beautiful bouquet on behalf of the committee in charge.

Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, also Howard's Emulsion, strictly fresh, at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

TAMWORTH RED CROSS.

Mrs. G. Needham, of Toronto, delivered an excellent lecture in the Sheffield Township Hall on Thursday evening of last week, on the aims, objects and methods of work of the Canadian Red Cross Society. A Sheffield branch was immediately organized with the following officers:

Hon. Pres.—Mr. J. Ed. Harrison, Reeve of Sheffield.
 Hon. Vice-Pres.—Capt. J. W. Jones, Rev. Father Carey, Rev. Jos. Barnes, Rev. A. M. Little.
 President—Lieut. J. R. Pickering.
 Vice Pres.—Mr. Hugh Elliott.
 Secretary—Miss Maggie Way.
 Treasurer—Mr. C. R. Jones.
 Convenor Ladies Committee—Mrs. Jas. Aylesworth.

Executive Committee—The above and Mrs. J. N. Wagar, Miss Agnes Walsh, Mrs. Dromgole, Mrs. C. R. Jones, Mrs. Smith Gilmour, Mrs. J. A. Brown, Miss R. McDonnell and Messrs. G. H. Richardson, C. G. Coxall, D. B. Floyd and L. Way.

Reeve Harrison presided at the meeting and made it very interesting by a rousing discussion by the audience. The Executive Committee and the Active members will meet for the first time this (Friday) evening and plan their work. Already the membership list has grown rapidly.

IT'S A HEN'S BUSINESS TO LAY.

It's your business and ours to make her lay. We sell the best in Poultry Foods, Louse Powder, etc., at The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

a teacher, rev. Canon Beamish, rect of St. Thomas' Church, Belleville.

J. H. H. COLEMAN, Vice

CREDIT SALE.

On Friday, February 26th, 1915, one o'clock sharp, on lot 23, 31 concession of Richmond, one mile north of Napanee, we will offer for sale the following farm stock and implements: 14 good young cows, yearling calves, 4 brood sows, shoats, 4 geese, 5 turkeys, and about 50 hens, 1 manure spreader, 1 drill, 1 steel roller, Frost & Woc binder, 1 disc harrow, 1 mowing machine, 2 horse rakes, 1 hay tender, gang plow, Malotte separator, sulky plows, 4 walking plows, 1 stub tooth cultivator, 2 spring tooth cultivators, 1 fanning mill, 2 pig crib 2 hay racks for wagon, a quantity of cedar rails, some fence stake stove wood, sap-pans, water-trough, platform and springs for milk wagon. Terms of sale—\$10 and under cash over that amount 6 months' credit by furnishing approved endorsed notes bearing interest at 7 per cent.

REUBEN HAINES.
 ARCH HAINES.

S. W. CLARK,
 Auctioneer.

11-a

**Children Cry
 FOR FLETCHER'S
 CASTORIA**

\$1.00

HO

LOT 1. Ladies' cap, and

\$1.00

HO

LOT 2. Ladies' wide

NE

Materials, too, have them for Suits, Coats, Skirts and if you are tired of Serge, howev

**SERGE
 GABARDINE
 FANCY WOR**

Priced at 50c

MADII

Overcoats —and— Winter Suits

**Tailored to hold
Their Shape**

Best of Trimmings

Thoroughly Shrunk

**Care in the Making—
that's the Secret.**

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN.)

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11.45—Sunday School and Bible
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7 p.m.—Rev. Jas. Gandier. Mr.
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Canada.

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Under the auspices of the W.M.S.,
Grace Church, will be held this
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Mrs. G. W. Gibbard from three to
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mission 15 cents.

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Commencing on Wednesday evening
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10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
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Sermons on the Sunday evenings in
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Daily services at 8.30 a.m., and
(except Wednesdays) 5 p.m.
Wednesday, Feb. 24th, 7.30 p.m.
each, Rev. Canon Beamish, rector
St. Thomas' Church, Belleville.

J. H. H. COLEMAN, Vicar.

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hens, 1 manure spreader, 1 disc
ll, 1 steel roller, Frost & Wood
der, 1 disc harrow, 1 mowing ma-

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

9.45—Class Meeting.
10.30—The pastor. Topic: "The
parable of the Good Samaritan."
The characters in this parable will be
taken as types of the different char-
acters in the world to-day. We are
either robbers, or priests and Levites
or Good Samaritans.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible
Class.

7 p.m.—Rev. E. W. Stapleford, B.
A., one of the leading ministers of
the British Columbia conference will
preach in the evening on "Great Brit-
ain and the War."

Monday evening Young People's As-
sociation at 8 o'clock. The Citizen-
ship Committee will have charge.

Wednesday, 7.45 p.m., the regular
prayer and praise service.

A cordial welcome to all the ser-
vices.

Anniversary services on March 7th.

PERSONALS

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Howard are spend-
ing a few days in Hamilton.

Miss Edna VanLaven attended the
Queen's dance in Kingston on Friday
evening last.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Holland are
spending a few days in Ottawa.

J. W. Robinson, of the Robinson
Co., is in Montreal this week on busi-
ness.

Geo. Daly, son of Mr. Herb. Daly,
fell on the basement at school on Tues-
day and cut his eye. Dr. Lenard had to
put a few stitches in it.

Mrs. Doozee is in Toronto for a few
days.

Mrs. Geo. Kimmerly, who has been
the guest of Mr. and Mrs. U. M. Wil-
son, left on Thursday to visit her
daughter in Montreal.

Rev. Dr. Howard preached in the
Presbyterian Church in Gananoque
last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jethro Card entertain-
ed the adult bible class of Grace
Church, to an oyster supper on Thurs-
day evening.

Mrs. Chester Tavler, Peterborough,
is visiting her aunt, Mrs. D. L. Snider.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Pybus are
visiting friends in Watertown.

Rev. G. W. Stapleford, B. A., of
Vancouver, who preaches in Trinity
Church on Sunday evening, on
"Great Britain and the war," will be
the guest of Rev. and Mrs. S. Sellery
during his stay in Napanee.

Leut. B. R. Simpson, son of Dr. T.
W. Simpson, has been offered and has
accepted a commission in the British
signal service Royal Engineers. Leut.
Simpson is in peace time O. C. of the
Napanee detachment Canadian signal
corps.

Mr. Fletcher Calder, St. Catharines,
is visiting his sister, Mrs. E. E.
Lucas.

Mrs. Dr. Bradshaw, Portage-La-
Prairie, Man., is expected in town
this week to visit friends.

Mrs. F. F. Miller left last Friday
for Montreal. Her niece, Miss
Mathewson, is to be married before
the 2nd contingent goes abroad.

Rev. H. Gracey, of Gananoque,
preached in St. Andrew's church on
Sunday last, two very eloquent ser-
mons.

Mr. F. F. Miller left Wednesday
morning for New York, to meet Mrs.
Miles Miller, who will arrive on Sun-
day from England.

Dr. Vrooman goes to New York on

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class work-
men; cigars and tobacco. Give me a
call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

KEEP YOUR HORSES IN GOOD CONDITION.

Three pounds of Livery Stable Con-
dition Powders for 25c at Wallace's
Drug Store Limited, agents for Bell's
Veterinary Remedies.

The Minister's Bride.

A Character Sketch Entertainment
will be given under the auspices of the
Ladies' Aid Society, Moscow, Feb. 26,
1915. The Characters will be taken
by the following young people of the
place: Rev. John West, minister,
Everett Evans; Mrs. John West, min-
ister's bride, Jessie Patterson; Mrs.
Joe Crabbe, Laura Burgess; Mr. Joe
Crabbe, Clarence Allen; Mrs. Better-
days, Mrs. Chas. Amey; Mrs. Sharpe,
Myrtle Frink; Mrs. Charity, Nellie
Allen; Mrs. Seegood, Norma Burgess;
Mr. Amos Right, Earl Martin; Miss
Smiley, Nellie Sutton; Molly Charity,
Grace Huffman; Jim Curtis, Wilford
Potter; Miranda Meek, Edna Allen;
Miss Jones, Laura German; Robert
Spence, George Sutton; Janet Heath-
er, Elsie Darling; Ephraim Snellgrove,
Laverne Huffman; Jessie Andrews,
Claire Darling; Miss Kelley, Miss
Grace McKim. A unique Programme
of Violin and Organ Music, Solos
Quartettes, Recitations, etc., will be
given by Foreign and Local Talent.
Admission, 25c. 11-b

FLOWERS, FLOWERS.

Commencing Saturday,
Feb. 20th. Carnations,
50c. per Dozen; Daffodils
25c. per Dozen, at Wal-
lace's Drug Store Limited.

BIRTHS.

BROOKS—At Hay Bay, on Tuesday,
Feb. 16th, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Brooks
a son,

MARRIAGES.

SMITH—SHAVER—At Trinity par-
sonage, on Saturday, Feb. 13th, 1915,
by Rev. S. Sellery, Roy Smith, son of
Mr. Geo. N. Smith, to Bertha L. Shaver,
youngest daughter of Mrs. J. R.
Shaver, South Napanee.

WARNER—CALLAGHAN—At Grace
Methodist Parsonage, on Monday
evening, Feb. 15th, 1915, by the Rev.
C. E. Cragg B. D., George Warner
was united in marriage to Kathleen
Callaghan, both of Napanee.

DEATHS.

AMEY—At Napanee, on Friday,
February 12th, 1915, Isaac Amey, aged
64 years.

CUMMINGS—At North Fredericks-
burg, on Saturday, Feb. 13th, 1915,
John Cummings, aged 60 years, 8
months, 13 days.

Brass bed, 3 ft. 6 in., regular
\$17.00, for \$11.25 at JUDSON'S. 10-a

FRESH FISH!

**Halibut, Salmon,
Whitefish.**

**Smoked Haddies, and Fillets,
Farman's Breakfast and Pea-
meal Bacon, Home-made Sausage**

WESTERN BEEF

**We are selling none but
Western Beef.**

Fresh Pork and Lamb

Scrimshaw & Mills

'Phone 215

T. SCRIMSHAW. F. MILLS.

45-11

THE CARE OF HARDWOOD FLOORS

Keep your hardwood floor in good
condition and from getting dark by
using our "White Oil." Never fails
to give satisfaction. Sold in Napa-
nee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

AT HOME.

Mrs. George W. Gibbard will wel-
come the ladies of the town and
vicinity to her home on Friday, the
19th, from 3 to 6 o'clock. Collection
of 15c in behalf of the W.M.S., of
Grace Church. Any person wishing to
purchase homemade cake and candy
will be supplied.

Monuments!

**All Kinds at MOST Reason-
able Prices at**

**The Napanee Marble &
Granite Works**

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

**Opposite Campbell House,
NAPANEE.**

33-3m.

EASTERN ONTARIO

Provincial Seed Fair

BROCKVILLE,

February 18, 19, and 20, 1915

Rev. Thomas Church, Belleville.
J. H. H. COLEMAN, Vicar.

REDIT SALE.

On Friday, February 26th, 1915, at one o'clock sharp, on lot 23, 3rd concession of Richmond, one mile north of Napanee, we will offer for sale the following farm stock and implements: 14 good young cows, 5 earling calves, 4 brood sows, 2 goats, 4 geese, 5 turkeys, and about 10 hens, 1 manure spreader, 1 disc plow, 1 steel roller, Frost & Wood mangle, 1 disc harrow, 1 mowing machine, 2 horse rakes, 1 hay treader, 1 gang plow, Malotte separator, 1 silky plows, 4 walking plows, 1 stiff tooth cultivator, 2 spring tooth cultivators, 1 fanning mill, 2 pig cribs, hay racks for wagon, a quantity of cedar rails, some fence stakes, some wood, sap-pans, water-trough, 1 platform and springs for milk wagon. Terms of sale—\$10 and under cash; over that amount 6 months' credit, furnishing approved endorsed notes bearing interest at 7 per cent.

REUBEN HAINES.
ARCH HAINES.

W. CLARK,
Auctioneer.

11-a-p

**Children City
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

Mr. F. F. Miller left last Friday for Montreal. Her niece, Miss Mathewson, is to be married before the 2nd contingent goes abroad.
Rev. H. Gracey, of Gananoque, preached in St. Andrew's church on Sunday last, two very eloquent sermons.
Mr. F. F. Miller left Wednesday morning for New York, to meet Mrs. Miles Miller, who will arrive on Sunday from England.
Dr. Vrooman goes to New York on Friday to meet his daughter, Mrs. Miles Miller.
Mr. W. S. Herrington gave an eight course dinner to sixteen of his gentlemen friends on Monday evening. It was a purely Dutch dinner, the decorations being all in that form also the menu and the waitresses were dressed as dutch girls. It was quite a novelty. You would almost think you were in Holland. All report Mr. Herrington an ideal host.

HISTORICAL MEETING.

The regular meeting of the Lennox and Addington Historical Society will be held on Friday evening, February 26th, at 8 p.m. Dr. F. H. Snow, of the University of Toronto, will deliver a lecture on "Russia and the Russian People." The entrance is free and everyone is cordially invited to attend.

Provincial Seed Fair

BROCKVILLE,

February 18, 19, and 20, 1915

- - SPEAKERS - -

Dr. G. C. Creelman—President Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Mr. Geo. H. Clark—Dominion Seed Commissioner, Ottawa.
Mr. J. Lockie Wilson—Sec'y. Agricultural Societies, Toronto.
Prof. Geo. E. Day—Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.
Mr. L. H. Newman—Sec'y. Seed Growers' Association, Ottawa.
Mr. T. G. Raynor—Dominion Seed Inspector, Ottawa.

and other well known speakers. For programme see Page 4.

This Seed Fair is being held at Brockville, instead of Ottawa, so that farmers in Eastern Ontario can more easily attend. Seed Corn growers from Essex, Kent, and Lampton, will have large exhibits. The Auction Sale of Prize Winning Seeds will be held Saturday morning.

E. R. STEDMAN, Perth,
President.

W. H. SMITH, Athens,
Secretary-Treasurer.

\$ 1.00 SATURDAY SPECIAL 8 a.m. \$ 1.00

HOUSE DRESSES

LOT 1. Ladies' One-Piece House Dresses, made with $\frac{3}{4}$ sleeves, roll collar, plain skirt, good width, boudoir cap, and apron to match. Colors navy and white, sky and white. \$1.00. SEE WINDOW.

\$ 1.00 SATURDAY SPECIAL 8 a.m. \$ 1.00

HOUSE DRESSES

LOT 2. Ladies' One-Piece House Dresses, $\frac{3}{4}$ sleeves, fancy cut front, trimmed with pearl buttons, extra wide skirt, navy and white, black and white stripe. Special, each \$1.00. SEE WINDOW.

NEW DRESS MATERIALS

THE MATERIALS THIS SPRING

Materials, too, have their ups and downs in the world of fashion. In regard to the materials that are being used for Suits, Coats, Skirts and Dresses we find the old reliable stand-by SERGE taking the lead among Woollens. Perhaps you are tired of Serge, however, and if this is so, there remains a wide range of Fabrics to choose from:

SERGE	BROADCLOTH	MIXTURES
GABARDINE	CHEVIOTS	CHECKS,
FANCY WORSTEDS	BARBICAN	BLACK and WHITE STRIPE, Etc.

Priced at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 up to 3.50 yard.

MADILLS

'PHONE 77.

NAPANEE